



VOSS Insights Arbitrator Install Guide

Release 25.3

December 04, 2025

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DOCUMENT ID: 20251204055754

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1. What's New

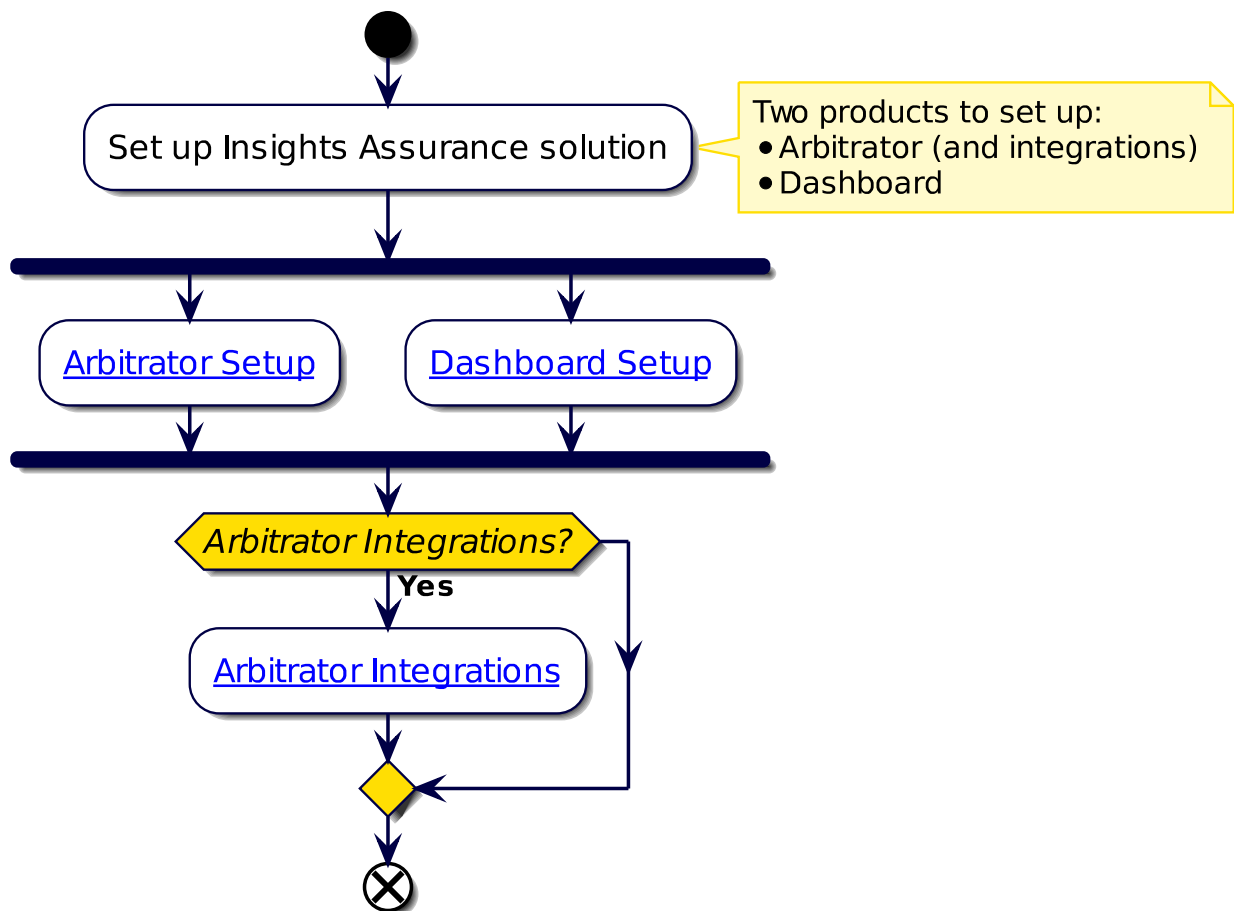
1.1. Arbitrator Install Guide: Release 25.3

- VOSS-1563: Support across the product suite for alternative virtualization/hypervisor solution for on-prem deployments. See: [Supported virtualization and hypervisor platforms](#)

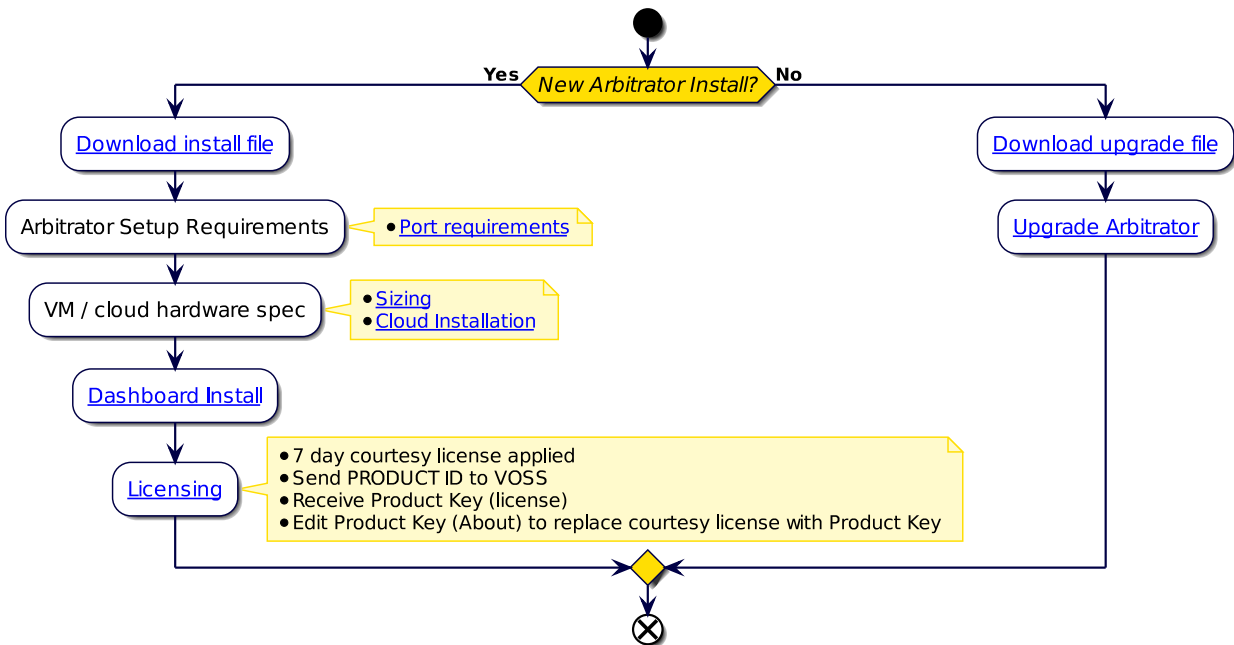
Added details on the new virtual machine platform support in Automate: Hyper-V and Nutanix

2. Insights Assurance Quickstart

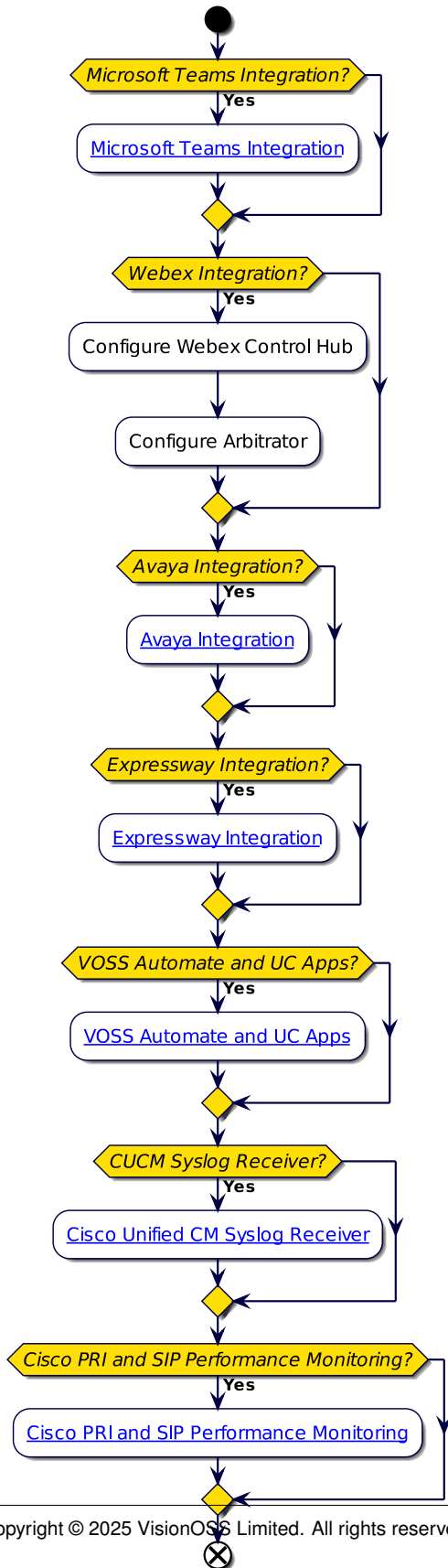
2.1. Insights Assurance Setup Overview



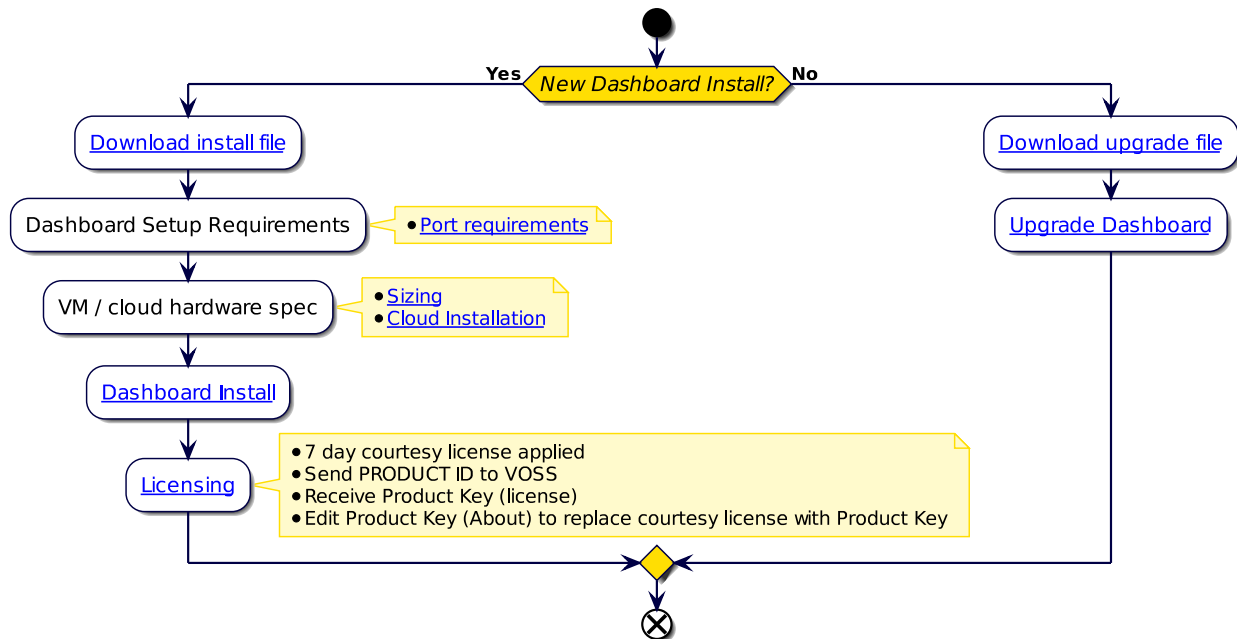
2.2. Arbitrator Setup



2.3. Arbitrator Integrations



2.4. Dashboard Setup



2.5. Assurance Solution Documentation

2.5.1. Additional Reference Documentation

- Arbitrator Release Notes
- Compatibility Matrix
- Arbitrator Install Guide
- Dashboard and Arbitrator Maintenance and Upgrade Guide
- Arbitrator Administration Guide
- Arbitrator API Guide
- Platform Guide
- Avaya Integration for Insights
- Microsoft Teams Integration for Insights
- VOSS Assurance: Cisco Expressway monitoring set up
- VOSS Insights UC Apps License Sync Guide
- Cisco UCM syslog with VOSS Assurance as Receiver
- Arbitrator Probes to Monitor Cisco PRI and SIP Performance Monitoring
- Dashboard Release Notes
- Compatibility Matrix

- Dashboard Install Guide
- Dashboard and Arbitrator Maintenance and Upgrade Guide
- Dashboard Administration Guide
- Dashboard API Guide
- Platform Guide

3. Download

3.1. Download Arbitrator

- Arbitrator OVA file:
 1. Log in on the [VOSS Customer Portal](#)
 2. Go to **Downloads > VOSS Insights > Insights Arbitrator Hawaii > <release number> > New Installation.**
 3. Download the .ova file
 4. Verify that the original .sha256 checksums on the download site server match.
system checksum media/<ova_file>
Checksum: <SHA256>
- Arbitrator upgrade file:
 1. Log in on the [VOSS Customer Portal](#)
 2. Go to **Downloads > VOSS Insights > Insights Arbitrator Hawaii > <release number> > Upgrade.**
 3. Download the .lxsp upgrade file.
 4. Verify that the original .sha256 checksums on the download site server match.
system checksum media/<lxsp_file>
Checksum: <SHA256>

4. Virtualization and hypervisor platforms

4.1. Supported virtualization and hypervisor platforms

This section provides details on VM creation in supported virtualization platforms.

- The steps for each supported platform are to be followed during the installation process - see: [Deploy and VM installation](#).
- Installation hardware requirements:
 - Dashboard reporting VM sizing specifications in the Analytics Install Guide.
 - Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
 - Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
 - DS-9 Netflow VM sizing specifications in the DS9 for Netflow Install Guide.
- Supported platforms:
 - [VMWare Esxi 8](#)
 - [Hyper-V](#)
 - [Nutanix](#)
- Supported platform version support:
 - [Compatibility Matrix](#)

4.2. VMWare Esxi 8

4.2.1. Requirements

Installation hardware requirements by solution:

- Dashboard reporting VM sizing specifications in the Analytics Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- DS-9 Netflow VM sizing specifications in the DS9 for Netflow Install Guide.

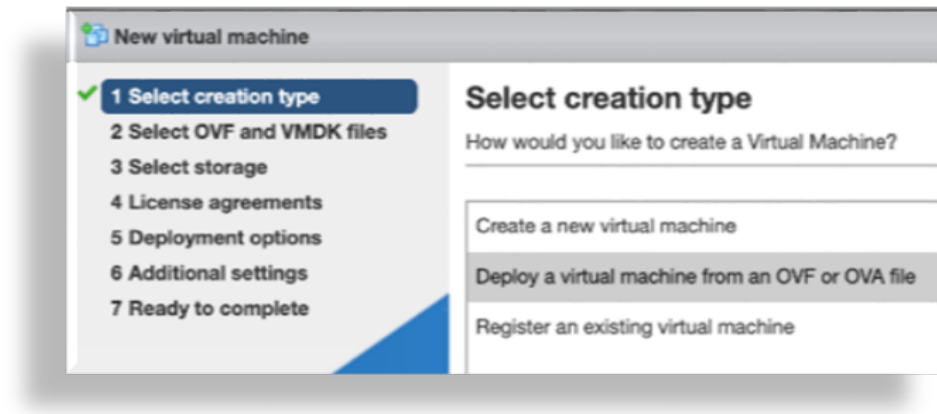
Download OVA

1. Download the OVA for your system to a directory accessible by the VM client.

Deploy the OVA

To deploy the OVA:

1. Select the downloaded OVA file, and choose a VM name.



2. On the **Select storage** menu, configure storage settings based on the recommended hardware specifications for the required configuration.

See the *VM Specification and Requirements* for your system.

3. Configure the network mappings based on the recommended hardware specifications for the required configuration.

See the *VM Specification and Requirements* for your system.

4.3. Hyper-V

Installation hardware requirements by solution:

- Dashboard reporting VM sizing specifications in the Analytics Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- DS-9 Netflow VM sizing specifications in the DS9 for Netflow Install Guide.

4.3.1. Download the install file

Download for your solution and release from the **New Installation** folder on the client portal.

- insights-<deployment>-hyper-v-<version>.zip

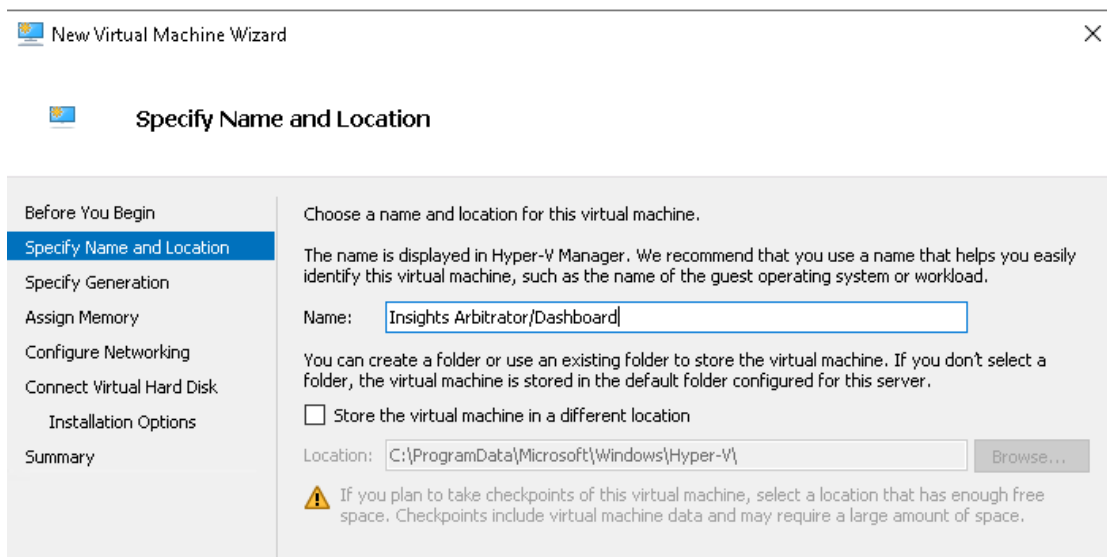
containing the .vhd file

4.3.2. Prepare the OS Disk

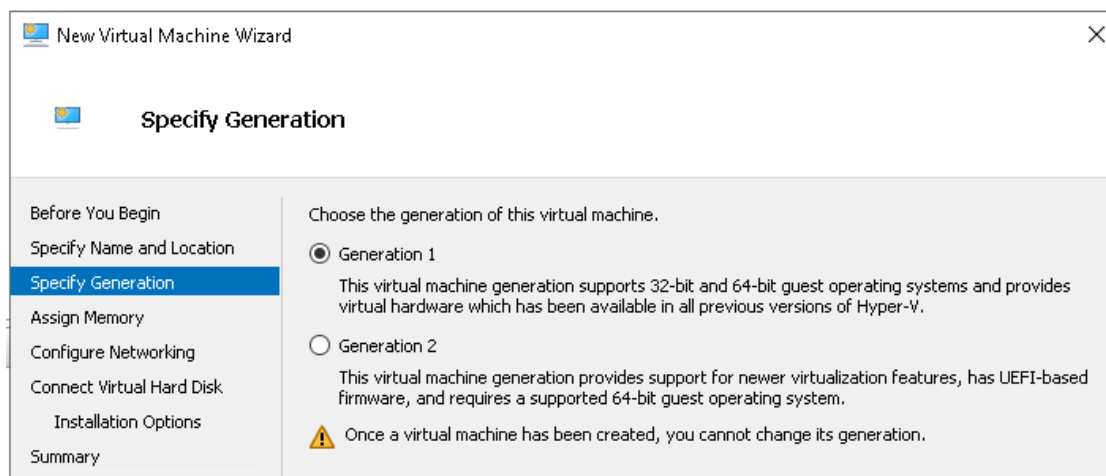
- Copy the .vhd to the Hyper-V Settings/Virtual Hard Disks location of your choice.
- Rename it to your own requirements.

4.3.3. Create the VM

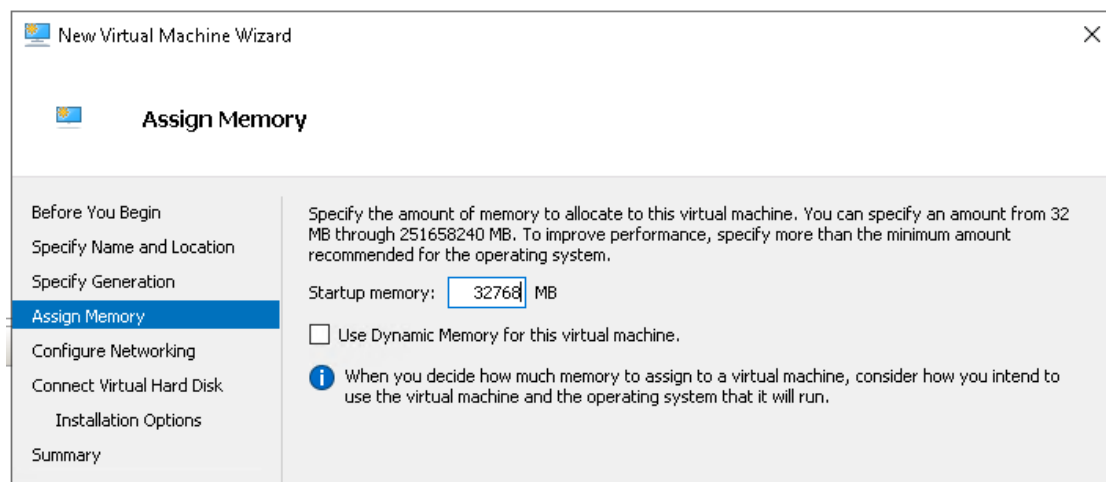
1. In Hyper-V Manager, go to **New > Virtual Machine**.
2. **Specify Name and Location:** Assign a suitable name to the VM.



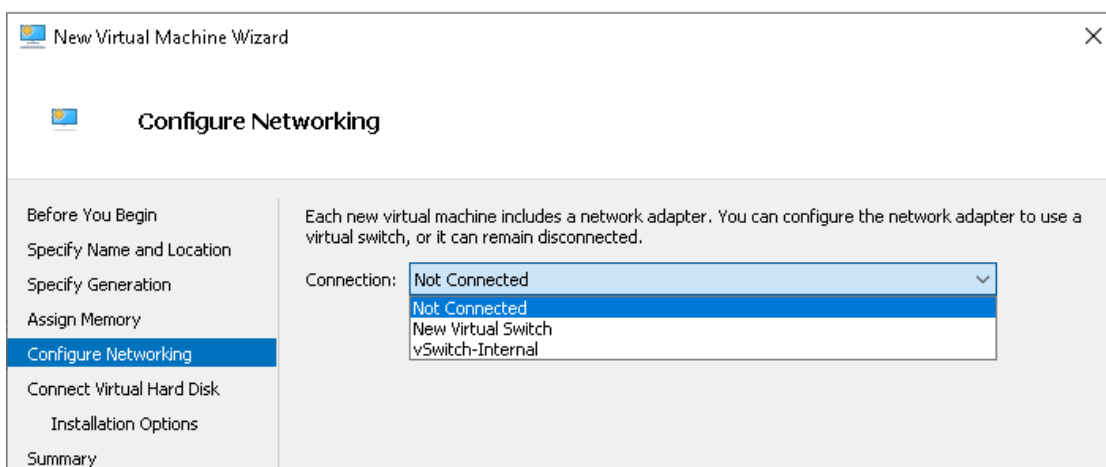
3. **Specify Generation:** Select Generation 1



4. **Assign Memory:** Set the Startup memory according to the documentation

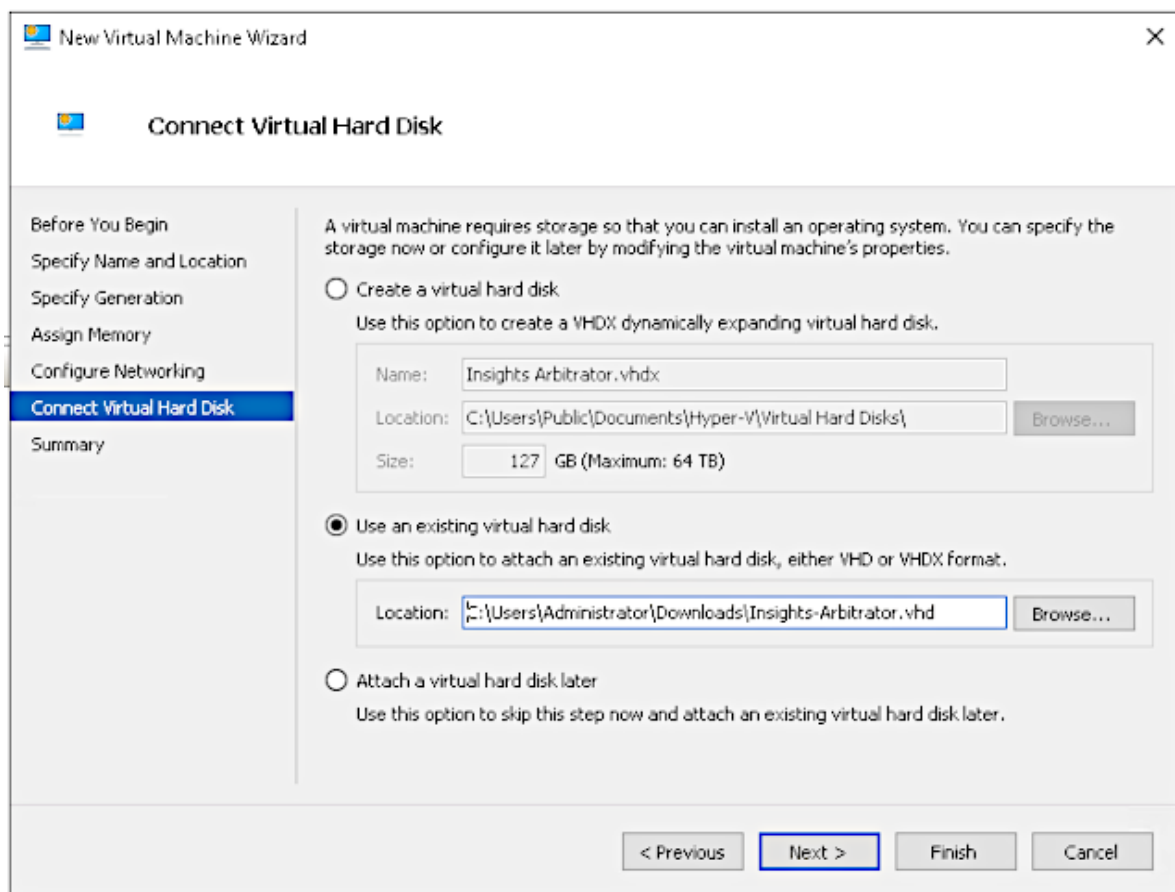


5. **Configure Networking:** Select the required Virtual Switch



6. **Connect Virtual Hard Disk:**

- Select **Use an existing virtual hard disk** and select the .vhd file



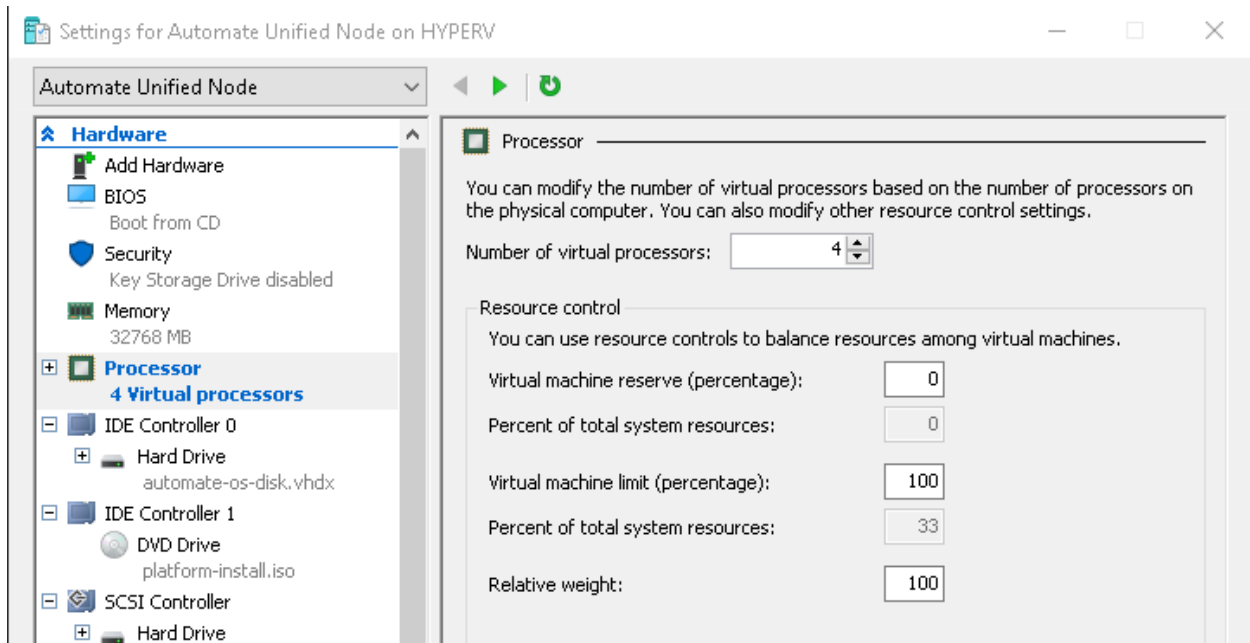
- Click **Finish**.

4.3.4. Configure the VM

Right-click the VM in the list > **Settings**

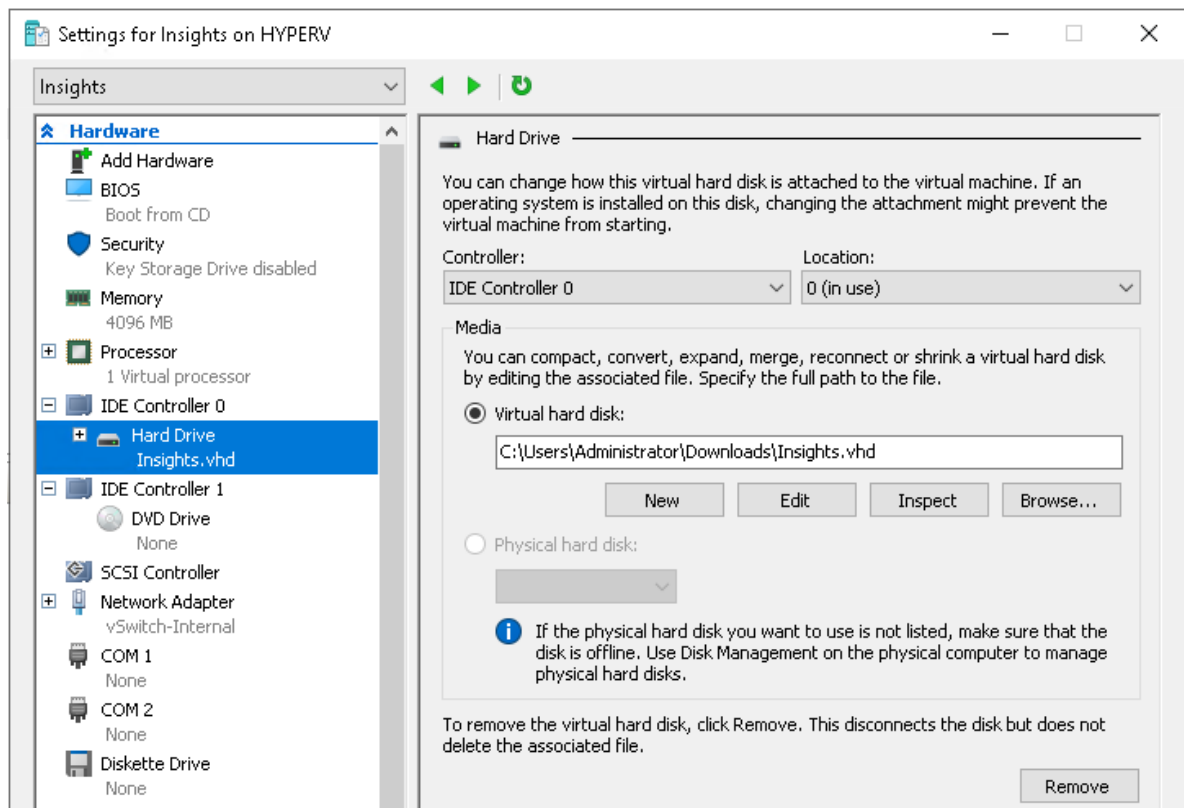
Configure the total processors

Select **Processor** in the left pane. Set the **Number of virtual processors** according to the sizing specifications in the documentation.

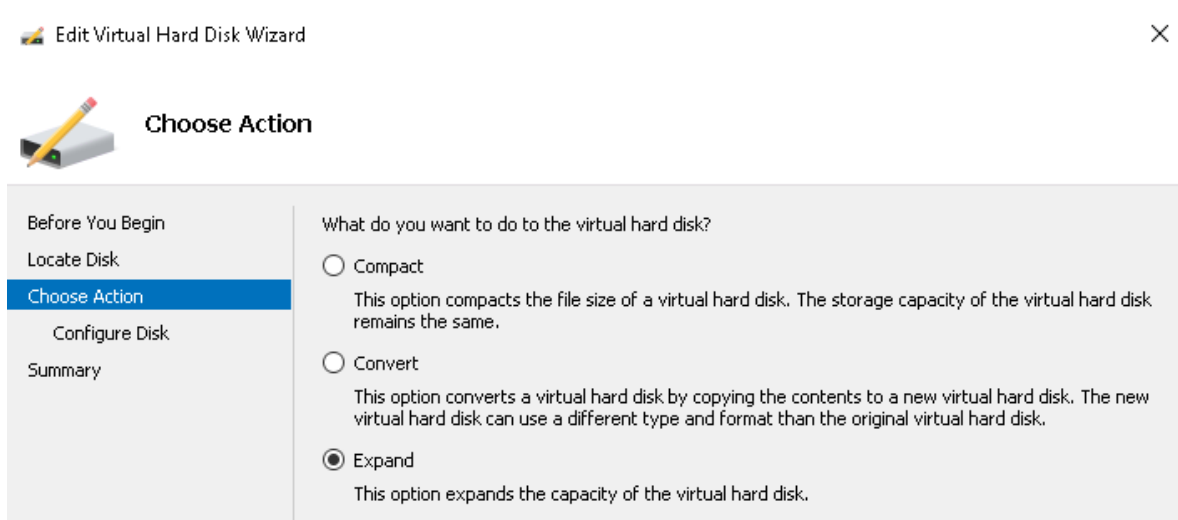


Resize the OS Disk and Data Disk (DS9 only)

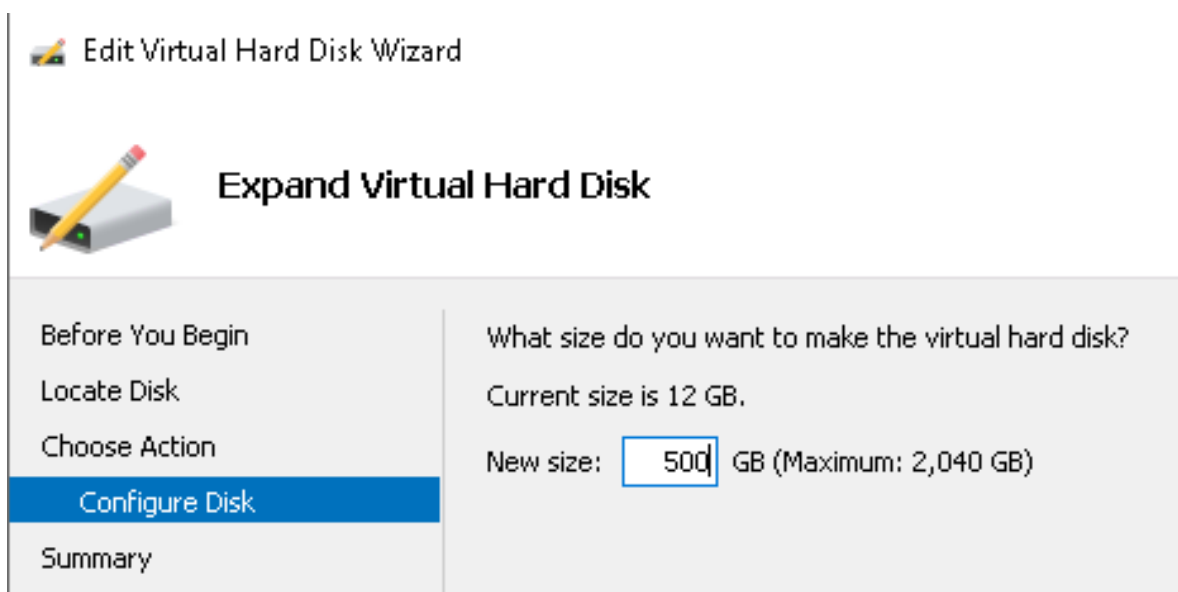
1. Under **IDE Controller 0** in the left pane, select the **Hard Drive**, **Edit**



2. Select **Choose Action > Expand**



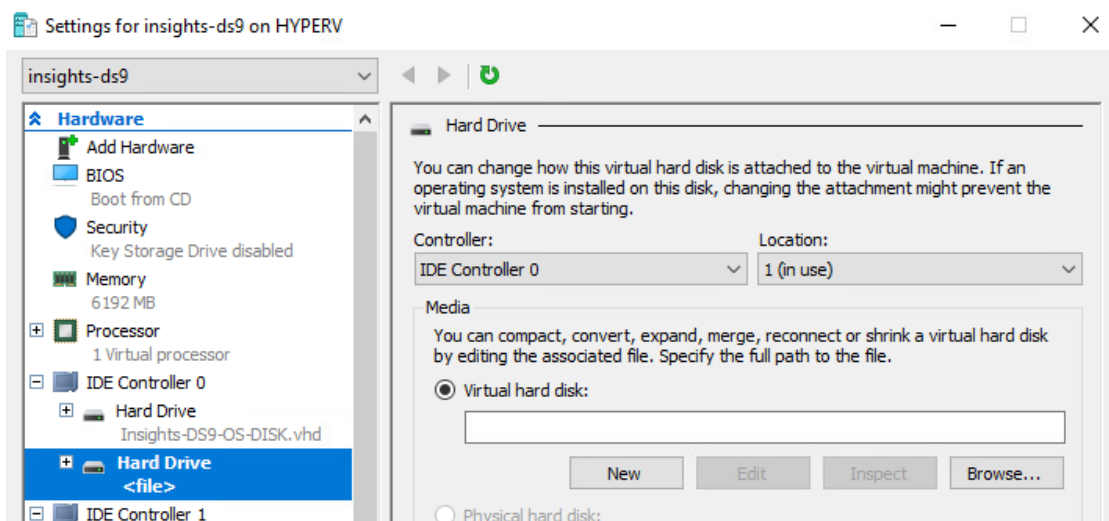
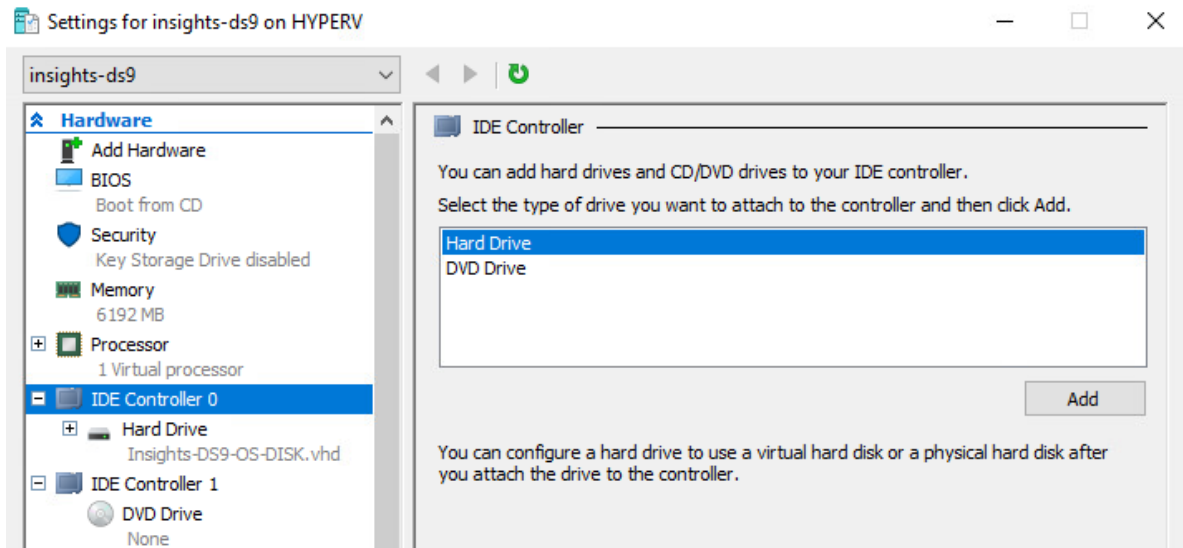
3. **Configure Disk:** Set the size according to the sizing specifications in the documentation.



4. Click **Finish**.

Expand the Data disk if you are deploying DS9

1. Select **IDE Controller 0** in the left pane: **Hard Drive > Add**
2. Click **Browse** and select the `insights-ds9-data-disk.vhd`
3. Expand the disk as per above steps and documentation



4.3.5. Connect and start the Virtual Machine

Right-click the VM, **Connect** and click **Start**.

4.4. Nutanix

Installation hardware requirements by solution:

- Dashboard reporting VM sizing specifications in the Analytics Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications in the Arbitrator Install Guide.
- DS-9 Netflow VM sizing specifications in the DS9 for Netflow Install Guide.

4.4.1. Download the install file

Download the install file for your release from the **New Installation** folder on the client portal.

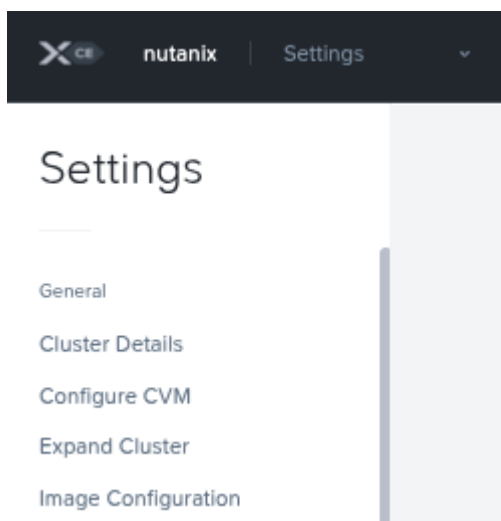
- insights-<deployment>-<version>-nutanix.zip

File contents supplied are the OS Disk in raw format - pre-installed.

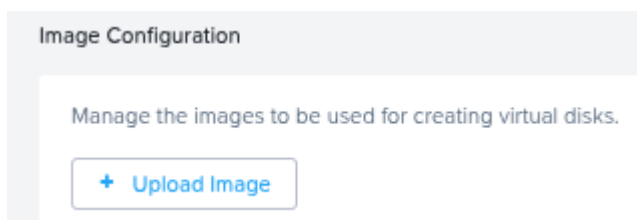
- insights-<deployment>-<version>-nutanix.raw

4.4.2. Upload the OS Disk and Data Disk (DS9 Only)

1. Select **Settings** from the drop down menu top left, then **Image Configuration**.



2. Click **Upload Image**

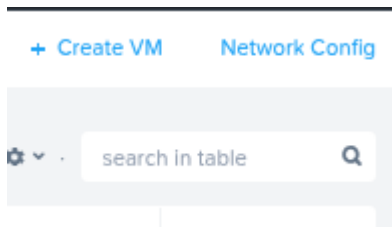


3. File in:

- **Name:** Name the image accordingly - e.g. insights-dashboard-nutanix.raw
- **Image Type:** Disk
- **Storage Container:** Select the required Storage Container
- **Image Source:** Either URL or Upload a file
- View the tasks to see the progress of the image creation

4.4.3. Create the VM

1. Select **VM** from the drop down menu top left, then the **Table** tab.
2. Click **Create VM** at the top right



3. Give the VM a name

 A screenshot of the 'Create VM' form. The title bar says 'Create VM' with a question mark and a close button. The form has a section titled 'General Configuration'. Inside this section, there are three input fields: 'Name' with the value 'Insights-Dashboard', 'Description' with the value 'Optional', and 'Timezone' with the value '(UTC) UTC'. To the right of the 'Timezone' field is a 'Cluster' dropdown menu. Below the form, there is a note: 'Use UTC timezone for Linux VMs and local timezone for Windows VMs.'

4. Set the CPU and RAM according to the documentation.

Create VM

?

X

Compute Details

vCPU(s)

4

Number Of Cores Per vCPU

1

Memory (?)

6

GiB

5. Add the OS Disk

Create VM

?

X

Disks

+ Add New Disk

| Type | Address | Parameters | |
|--------|---------|---------------------|---|
| CD-ROM | ide.0 | EMPTY=true; BUS=ide | <div><div></div><div></div><div>X</div></div> |

- **Type:** Disk
- **Operation:** Clone from Image Service
- **Bus Type:** SCSI
- **Image:** Select the image / raw disk uploaded in previous step
- Click **Add**

Add Disk

?

X

Type

DISK

Operation

Clone from Image Service

Bus Type

SCSI

Image ⓘ

Insights

Logical Size (GiB) ⓘ

8.01

Please note that changing the size of an image is not allowed.

Index

Next Available

Cancel

Add

6. Add the Data Disk (DS9 Only)

? ✕

Type

DISK
▼

Operation

Clone from Image Service
▼

Bus Type

SCSI
▼

Image ?

insights-ds9-data-disk.raw
▼

Logical Size (GiB) ?

8.01
▼

Please note that changing the size of an image is not allowed.

Index

Next Available
▼

Cancel

Add

7. Add the NIC and finally click **Save**

Network Adapters (NIC)

+ Add New NIC

4.4.4. Increase the OS Disk and Data Disk (DS9 Only) size

It is required to resize the disk size according to the hardware specifications in the documentation

- Select **VM** from the drop down list top left
- From **Table**: Select the VM

Edit the Virtual Disk

1. Click **Update**.
2. Scroll to the **Disks** section.
3. Click the pencil icon to edit the OS Disk.
4. Increase **Logical Size (GiB)** to the new value according to the hardware specifications in the documentation.
5. Click **Update**, then **Save**.

Update Disk

?

×

Type

DISK

Bus Type

SCSI

Storage Container

Insights (338.48 GiB logical free)

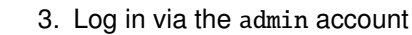
Logical Size (GiB) (?)

500

Please note that reducing the size of a disk is not allowed.

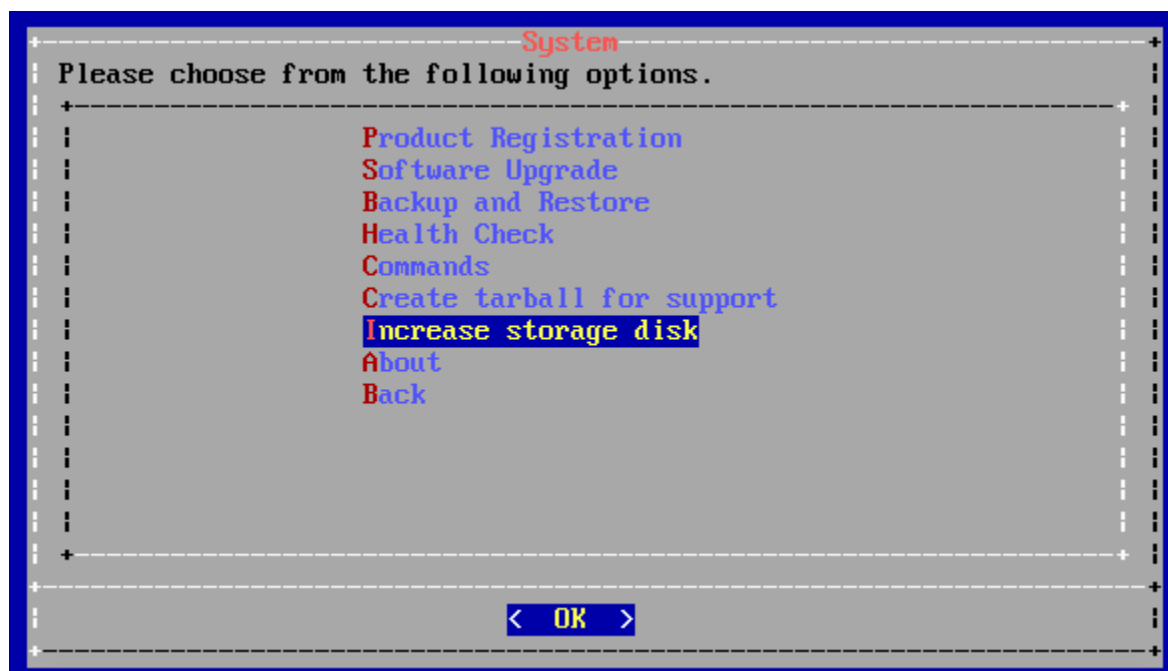
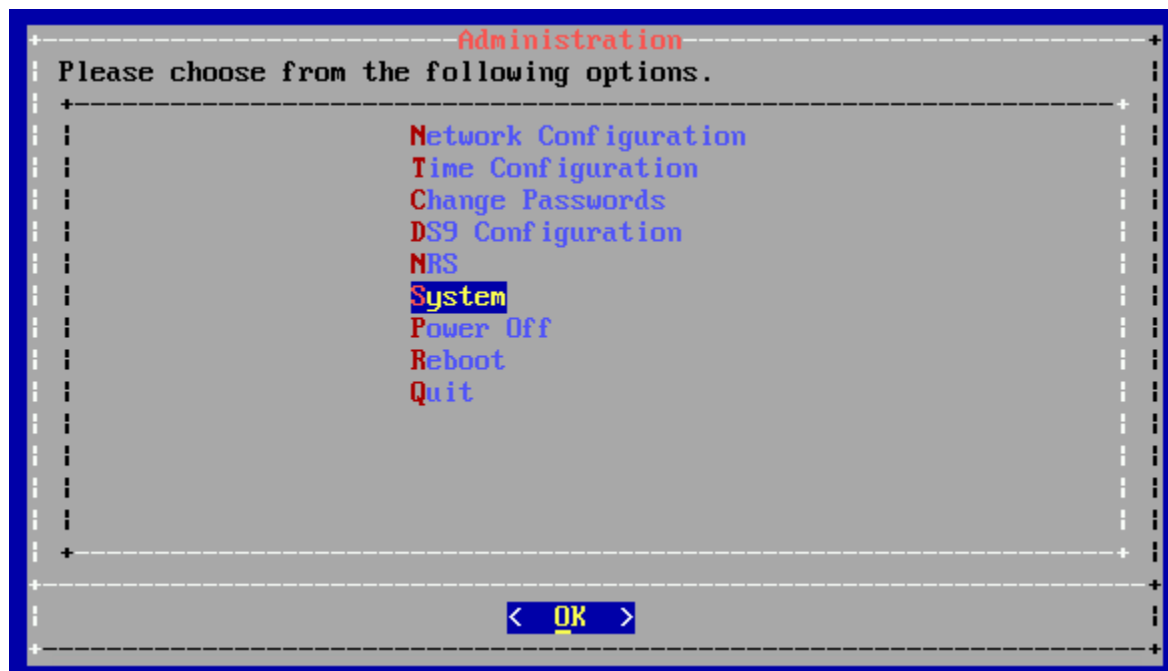
4.4.5. Power the VM on and launch the console

1. Right click the VM **Power On**.
2. Once powered on, right click the VM **Launch Console**



4.4.7. Update the Data Disk Size (DS9)

Scroll to **System > Increase Storage Size** and resize according to the documentation



5. VM Specification and Requirements

5.1. Arbitrator VM Sizing Specifications

| Size | Cores (vCPU) | CPU Spec (Ghz) | Memory (Gb) | Storage (Gb) | Storage Spec | Network |
|--|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--|---------|
| Up to 10k | 8 | 2,8 | 64 | 1000 | SSD preferred Thick Eager Zero 15k HDD 1500 IOPS | 1GB |
| 10k to 30k | 16 | 2,8 | 64 | 1000 | SSD preferred Thick Eager Zero 15k HDD 1500 IOPS | 1GB |
| >30k up to 60K recom- mended option | 16 | 2,8 | 128 | 1000 | SSD preferred Thick Eager Zero 15k HDD 1500 IOPS | 1GB |

- The specs for >30k up to 60k users is the recommended arbitrator specification option.

Scalability questions to consider:

- Number of log devices
- Number of devices
- Number of users
- Number of Datacentres
- Storage retention Period
- Other Data external Data Sources
- System intergration
- Archiving requirements
- Local attached storage and not Network attached

Notes:

- The CPU an RAM needs to be reserved a top priority (all the cores and memory)
- Bandwidth between devices an Arbitrator needs to capable of data flows

5.2. Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation VM Sizing Specifications

Arbitrator Correlation Consolidation recommended option:

| Cores (vCPU) | CPU Spec (Ghz) | Memory (Gb) | Storage (Gb) | Storage Spec | Network |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---|---------|
| 16 | 2,8 | 128 | 1000 | SSD preferred Thick Eager Zero 15k HDD 1500 IOPS | 1GB |

Scalability questions to consider:

- Number of devices
- Number of flows per second
- Storage retention Period
- Local attached storage and not Network attached

Notes:

- The CPU an RAM needs to be reserved a top priority (all the cores and memory)
- Bandwidth between devices an Arbitrator needs to capable of data flows

5.3. DS-9 Netflow VM sizing specifications

Insights DS9 for Netflow sizing specifications are divided into small, medium, and large solutions, based on tiers related to the number of flows that need to be supported.

Each solution below includes the VM specifications for both the Insights DS9 server and the Insights Dashboard server.

5.3.1. Small Netflow solution

The three small tiers in Flows per Second:

- 1,000
- 5,000
- 10,000

| Dashboard Server VM | | DS9 Netflow Collector VM | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--|-----|
| Cores | 12 | Cores | 16 |
| Memory GB | 32 | Memory | 64 |
| Disc Storage GB | 500 | Disc 1 OS in GB | 250 |
| SSD provisioned as Thick Eager Zero | | Disc 2 Storage in GB | 500 |
| | | All Discs must be SSDs and Provisioned as Thick Eager Zero | |

5.3.2. Medium Netflow solution

Two medium tiers in Flows per Second:

- > 10,000 but <= 25,000
- > 25,000 but <= 50,000

| Dashboard Server VM | | DS9 Netflow Collector Bare Metal Server (Dell R740 or Equivalent) | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---|-----|
| Cores | 16 | Cores | 16 |
| | | CPU Needs to be Intel Gold or better. | |
| Memory GB | 64 | Memory | 196 |
| Disc Storage GB | 500 | Disc 1 OS in GB | 250 |
| SSD provisioned as Thick Eager Zero | | Disc 2 Storage in TB | 1,5 |
| | | Read Intensive SSDs required | |
| | | Dual Intel 10GB NIC | 1 |
| | | Intel Quad 1GB NIC | 1 |
| | | iDRAC Enterprise or Equivalent | |
| | | Dual Power Supplies | |

5.3.3. Large Netflow solution

Two large tiers in Flows per Second:

- > 50,000 but <= 100,000
- > 100,000 but <= 200,000

Note: The DS9 Collector requires a minimum of 2 Bare Metal Servers to collect this volume in one location.

| Dashboard Server VM | | DS9 Netflow Collector Bare Metal Server 1 (Dell R740 or Equivalent) | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--|-----|
| Cores | 16 | Cores CPU Needs to be Intel Gold or better. | 16 |
| Memory GB | 64 | Memory | 196 |
| Disc Storage GB | 500 | Disc 1 OS in GB | 250 |
| SSD provisioned as Thick Eager Zero | | Disc 2 Storage in TB | 3 |
| | | Read Intensive SSDs required | |
| | | Dual Intel 10GB NIC | 1 |
| | | Intel Quad 1GB NIC | 1 |
| | | iDRAC Enterprise or Equivalent Dual Power Supplies | |
| | | Dual Power Supplies | |

| | | Bare Metal Server 2 (Dell R740 or Equivalent) | |
|--|--|--|-----|
| | | Cores CPU Needs to be Intel Gold or better. | 16 |
| | | Memory | 196 |
| | | Disc 1 Storage in TB | 3 |
| | | Disc 2 Storage in TB | 3 |
| | | Disc 3 Storage in TB | 3 |
| | | Read Intensive SSDs required | |
| | | Dual Intel 10GB NIC | 1 |
| | | Intel Quad 1GB NIC | 1 |
| | | iDRAC Enterprise or Equivalent Dual Power Supplies | |
| | | Dual Power Supplies | |

Note:

- Larger than 200K flows per second requires special pricing and configuration.
- Distributed DS9 collection is available. This may reduce the compute required at each collection location.

5.4. Raptor Call Path Generation VM Sizing Specifications

5.4.1. Raptor Server

| Size | Cores (vCPU) | CPU Spec (Ghz) | Memory (Gb) | Storage (Gb) | Network |
|------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| Per Server | 1 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 100MB |

5.4.2. Raptor Client

| Size | Cores (vCPU) | CPU Spec (Ghz) | Memory (Gb) | Storage (Gb) | Network |
|------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| Per client | 1 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 100MB |

5.5. Cloud installation

The VM specification and requirements for each product can be used as guidelines when preparing for cloud installations.

For example, for the example minimum sizes below, the VM specifications are best matched by the cloud VM types indicated:

- Google Cloud products

| Product | Size | Cloud VM Specification |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Arbitrator | < 5k users | n2-standard-8 |
| Dashboard | < 10k users | n2-standard-8 |
| Raptor | N/A | custom |
| DS-9 | < 1,000 flows/sec | n2d-standard-16 |

- Amazon Web Services

| Product | Size | Cloud VM Specification |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Arbitrator | < 5k users | t2.2xlarge |
| Dashboard | < 10k users | t2.2xlarge |
| Raptor | N/A | t2.small |
| DS-9 | < 1,000 flows/sec | m6g.4xlarge |

- Microsoft Azure

| Product | Size | Cloud VM Specification |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Arbitrator | < 5k users | B8ms |
| Dashboard | < 10k users | B8ms |
| Raptor | N/A | B1ms |
| DS-9 | < 1,000 flows/sec | D16 v5 |

6. Port Requirements

6.1. Arbitrator and Dashboard system connectivity

This table includes connectivity requirements between Insights Arbitrator, Dashboard, as well as connectivity between these and the following: VOSS Automate, NTP, DNS and AD.

| Source | Destination | Port / protocol | Notes |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Arbitrator Server / Dashboard Server | Arbitrator Server / Dashboard Server | 443, 5432, 5000, 60514, 64514, 64515, 65515, 65516, 64005, 64004, 62009, (all TCP) | Intra-system communication and queries - Bi-directional |
| Arbitrator Server | Arbitrator Server | 62002, 62003, 62004, 62005, 62006, 11501, 30501, 30503, 40501, 40503 (all TCP) | VOSS Fabric TLS tunnel Connection Ports – Bi-directional between Customer systems and NOC systems for event forwarding |
| Arbitrator Server / Dashboard Server | Network Resources (NTP, DNS) | 53, 123 UDP | Time and DNS |
| Client PC – GUI Interface and CLI Management Access | Arbitrator Server / Dashboard Server | 443, 8443, 22, 80 TCP | User Interface Access |

Note: LDAP ports: 389 and 636 for TCP/UDP are not available for the Arbitrator and Dashboard server. If these ports are required for Dashboard server communication, refer to the configuration settings for LDAP in the **Configuration** chapter the *Dashboard Administration Guide*.

6.2. Cisco UC monitoring system connectivity

| Source | Destination | Port / protocol | Notes |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Monitored Cisco UC system | Correlation Server / Dashboard Server | 514 tcp/udp, 22 tcp, 162 udp | Cisco syslog, snmp trap, CDR/CMR file transfer |
| Correlation Server | Monitored Cisco UC system | 443 tcp, 8443 tcp, 22 tcp, 21 tcp, 161 udp | Correlation server AXL query, ssh and snmp query |

6.3. MS Teams System Connectivity

| Source | Destination | Port / protocol | Notes |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|
| Cloud Arbitrator | Dashboard Server | 5432 TCP | Pushes data to the dashboard to display dashboard data |
| Client PC - GUI Interface and CLI Management Access | Correlation Server / Dashboard Server | 443, 8443, 22, 80 TCP | User Interface Access |
| Arbitrator | Microsoft (https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0) | 443 TCP | The Arbitrator pulls the full call record details directly from Microsoft, using the https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0 API. |

6.4. Netflow and DS9 monitoring system connectivity

6.4.1. Communication ports between Netflow source and DS9

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Port | Direction | Description |
|----------------|----------------|----------|------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Netflow Source | DS9 | UDP | 4739 | Unidirectional | IPFIX (Optional) |
| Netflow Source | DS9 | UDP | 2055 | Unidirectional | Netflow v9 (Optional) |
| Netflow Source | DS9 | UDP | 9996 | Unidirectional | Netflow v5 (Optional) |
| Netflow Source | DS9 | UDP | 6343 | Unidirectional | Sflow v5 (Optional) |
| DS9 | Netflow Source | UDP | 161 | Unidirectional | SNMP queries |

6.4.2. Communication ports between Dashboard server users and Dashboard server

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Port | Direction | Description |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------|------|----------------|--------------------|
| Dashboard users | Dashboard Server | TCP | 443 | Unidirectional | HTTPS (GUI access) |

6.4.3. Communication ports between the DS9 server and Dashboard server

Unless the DS9 and Dashboard servers are located in the same subnet, system administrators need to ensure the following network ports are open between these two components.

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Port | Direction | Description |
|------------------|------------------|----------|------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| Dashboard Server | DS9 | TCP | 5432 | Unidirectional | Data repository access |
| Dashboard Server | DS9 | TCP | 8082 | Unidirectional | Data repository access |
| Dashboard Server | DS9 | TCP | 443 | Unidirectional | DS9 System Stats and management |
| DS9 | Dashboard Server | TCP | 443 | Unidirectional | DS9 Dynamic Mapping Updates |

6.4.4. Communication ports that are required for remote management purposes

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Port | Direction | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------|------|----------------|---|
| Admin users | DS9 | TCP | 22 | Unidirectional | SSH (remote CLI access) and file transfer |
| Admin users | Dashboard Server | TCP | 22 | Unidirectional | SSH (remote CLI access) and file transfer |
| Admin users | Dashboard Server | TCP | 443 | Unidirectional | WEB access |

6.5. VOSS Automate Port Usage

VOSS Automate port usage for each node type:

| Protocol | Ports | WebProxy node | Application node | Database node |
|------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| ssh / sFTP | TCP 22 | X | X | X |
| http | TCP 80 | X | X | |
| https | TCP 443, 8443 | X | X | |
| snmp | TCP/UDP 161, 162 | X | X | X |
| mongodb | TCP 27017, 27030 | | X | |
| mongodb | TCP 27019, 27020 | | | X |
| LDAP | TCP/UDP 389 (636 TLS/SSL) | | X | |
| NTP | UDP 123 | | X | |
| SMTP | TCP25 | | X | X |

6.6. Skype for Business Monitoring System Connectivity

| Source | Destination | Port / protocol | Notes |
|---|---|--|--|
| VOSS Forwarder installed on Windows Machine | Customer SfB Monitoring Server (SQL) | 1433 | Collection of CDR/QoS Data. SfB monitoring server is typically deployed on the SfB Front-End Server (Option 1) |
| VOSS Forwarder installed on Windows Machine | Separate Customer SfB Reporting Server - QoE DB (SQL) | 1433 | Collection of CDR/QoS Data from the Reporting (QoE) Server that is a replication of the SfB Monitoring Server (Option 2) |
| VOSS Forwarder installed on Windows Machine | Arbitrator Correlation | 62009-62010, 514 | Management and Syslog Traffic |
| VOSS Forwarder installed on Windows Machine | Dashboard / Reporting | 62009-62010, 5432-5433, 80, 443, 514, 1194 | Management and Syslog Traffic |
| SfB Monitoring Server | Dashboard / Reporting | 1433 | SQL Transactional Data Replication |
| SfB Monitoring Server | Arbitrator Correlation | 80, 443 | SDN Traffic |
| SfB Monitoring Server | Dashboard / Reporting | 80, 443 | SDN Traffic |

6.7. Avaya Call Manager Connectivity

| Source | Destination | Port / protocol | Notes |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Avaya Call Manager | Insights Arbitrator | 9000 TCP | To stream CDRs to the arbitrator |

7. Deploy and Networking Setup

7.1. Deploy and VM installation

7.1.1. Deploy the installation on the VM

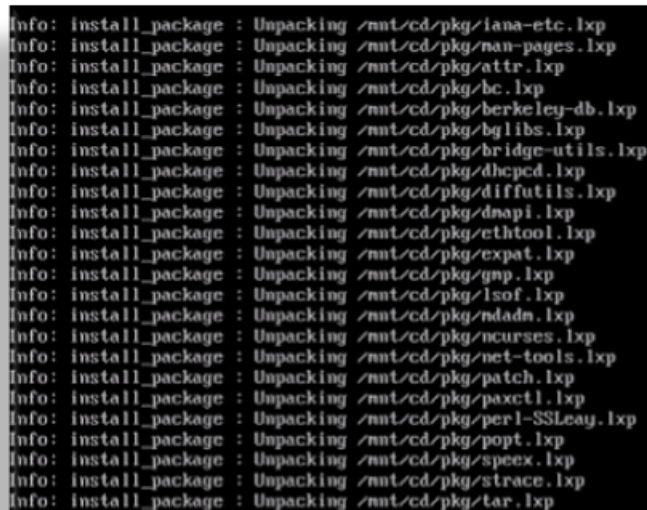
See: *Supported virtualization and hypervisor platforms*

Select virtualization platform:

- *VMWare Esxi 8*
- *Hyper-V*
- *Nutanix*

7.1.2. Run the VM

1. Run the VM, and monitor installation of the packages (this may take some time).



```
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/iana-etc.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/nan-pages.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/attr.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/bc.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/berkeley-db.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/bglibs.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/bridge-utils.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/dhcpd.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/diffutils.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/dnapi.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/ethtool.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/expat.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/gmp.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/lsdf.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/ndadm.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/ncurses.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/net-tools.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/patch.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/paxctl.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/perl-SSLeay.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/popt.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/speex.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/strace.lxp
Info: install_package : Unpacking /mnt/cd/pkg/tar.lxp
```

Once all packages are installed, the VM is automatically powered off, confirmed via the auto-poweroff message on the console.

```

DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
DHCPDISCOVER on eth8 to 255.255.255.255 port 67
No DHCPOFFERS received.
Unable to obtain a lease on first try.  Exiting.
useradd: user 'admin' already exists
mount: /mnt/target/dev: device is busy.

```

2. The system reboots. Wait until you see the **About** console, which displays placeholder values for hostname, version, license, days licensed and remaining, and so on.

```

                          About
=====
Hostname:  <hostname>
Version:   <version>
Theme:     <theme>
Flavor:
License:   NNNNN-NNNNN-NNNNN-NNNNN-NNNNN
Days Licensed: nnnnn
Days Remaining: nnnnn
Product Key:
Website:   <website>
Kernel:    Linux n.nn.nn-lxt-3 x86_64 GNU/Linux

<hostname> login:

```

7.1.3. Log in to the Administration console

Once the system reboots, you'll need to provide admin user credentials to log in.

1. On the **About** console, at **<hostname> login:**, fill out username admin.
2. For the password, use the last *10 characters* of the value at **License**, *excluding the dash*.

Important: The **License** key value displays *only* on the **About** console. When you *ssh* in, it is not visible. For this reason, copy the admin password from the **About** console.

For security purposes, it is recommended that you update this admin password prior to configuring the VMs networking address.

3. View the **Administration** menu, which displays once you're logged in.



7.1.4. Change the admin user password

This procedure updates the admin password that is set during the installation process, using the last 10 digits of your license key.

Note: The admin password will need to be updated for all Insights products you install. For security purposes, it is recommended that you update this admin password prior to configuring the VM networking address.

Once you update the password, it is strongly recommended that you make a written or digital copy of any system passwords and share the copies with trusted team members or store them in a secure location from where they may be retrieved if needed.

1. On the **Administration** menu, select **Change Passwords**.

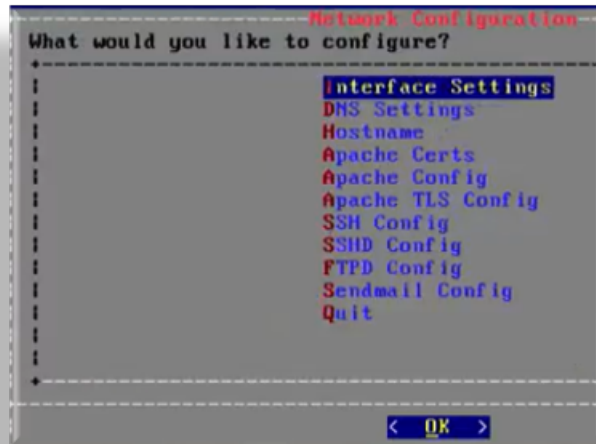


2. Select **Change Admin Password**.
3. Fill out a new password.
4. Save your changes.

Important: It is strongly recommended that you make a written or digital copy of any system passwords and share the copies with trusted team members or store them in a secure location from where they may be retrieved if needed.

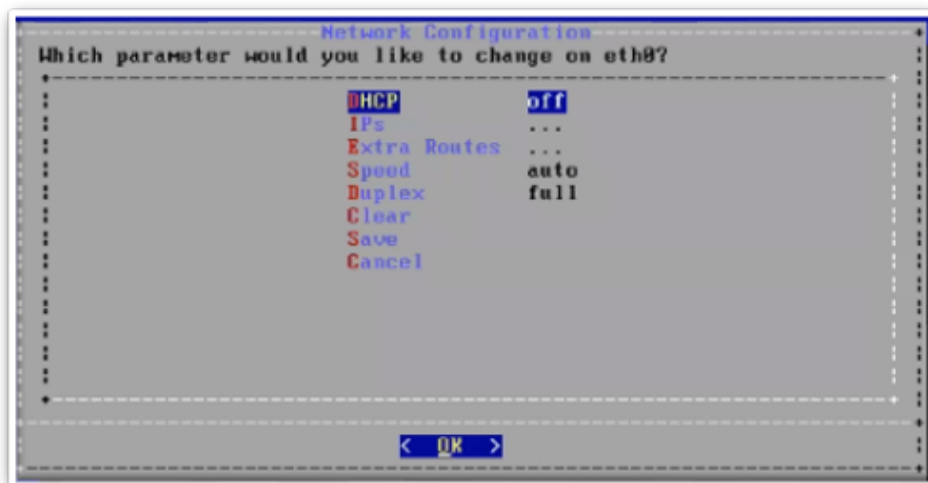
7.1.5. Configure network settings

1. On the **Administration** menu, select **Network Configuration**.



2. Configure interface settings:

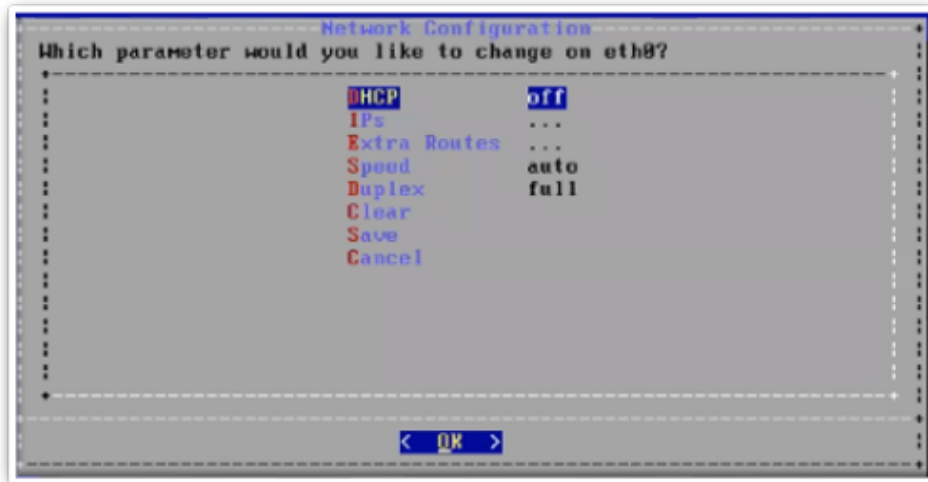
- i. Select **Interface Settings**.
- ii. Select the relevant interface.



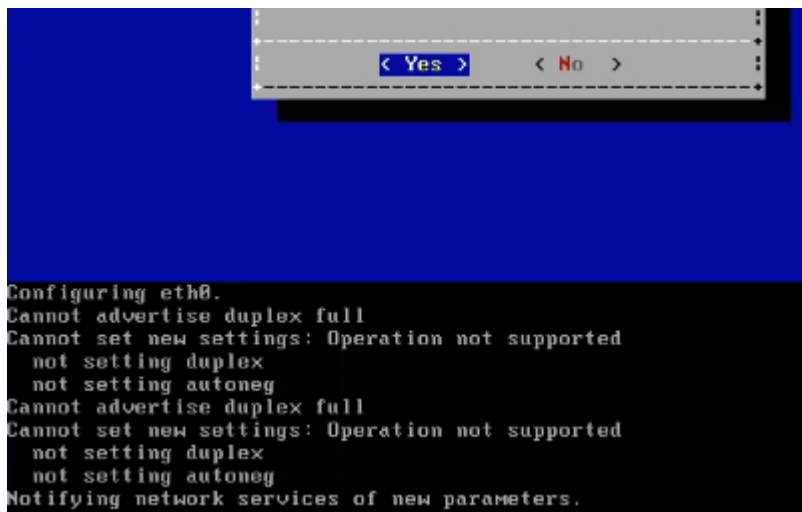
- iii. Select **IPs**. Set the IP address and netmask in the format `nn.nn.nn.nn/24`. Click **OK**.



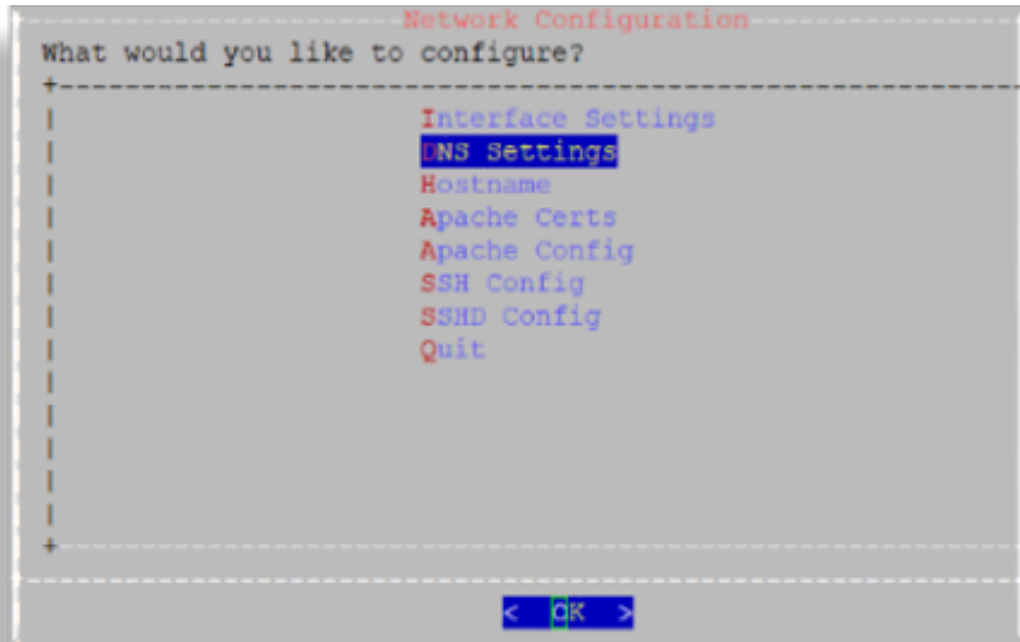
- iv. Select **Extra Routes** to configure the default gateway.



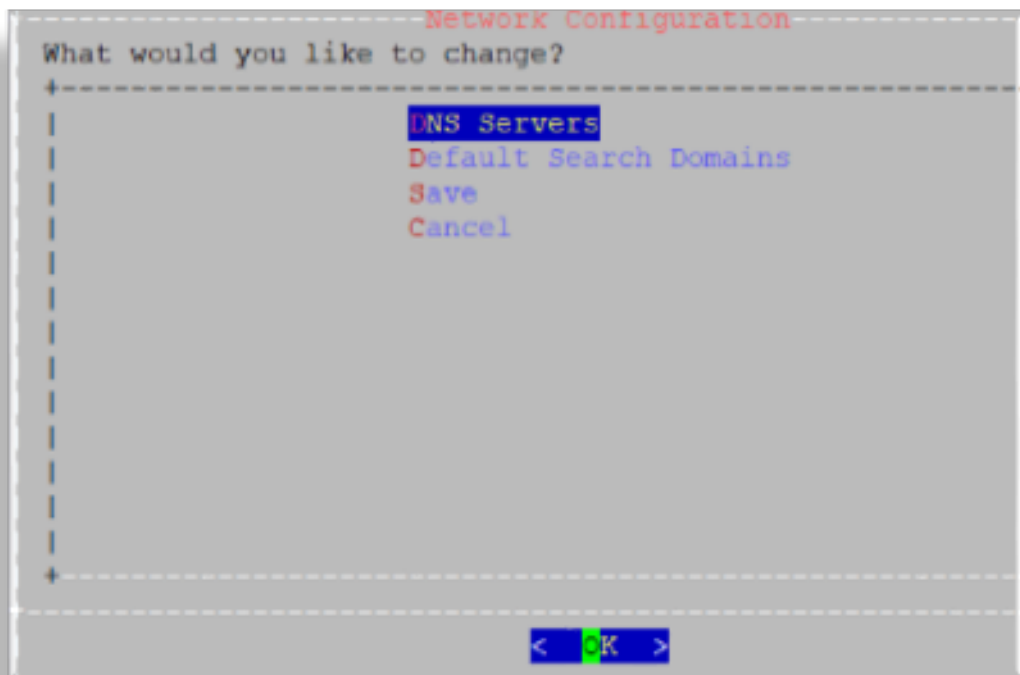
- Use the following format for the entry: *default <gateway IP address>*
- The word *default* is required. For additional route entries use the *<subnet> <gateway>* format. Similar to what would be done on a Linux system at the CLI.



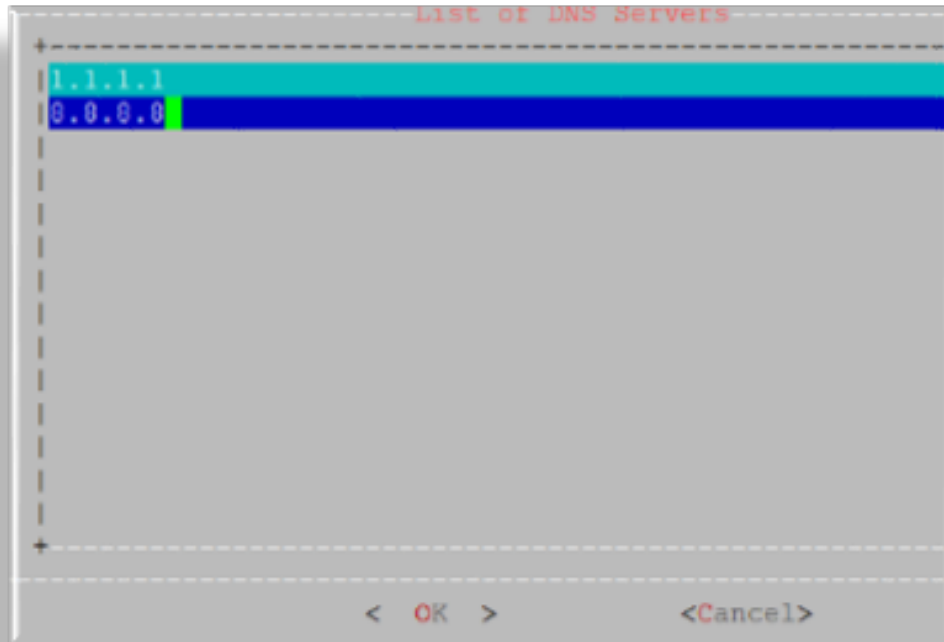
- v. Save your changes.
3. Configure DNS settings:
 - i. Select **DNS Settings**



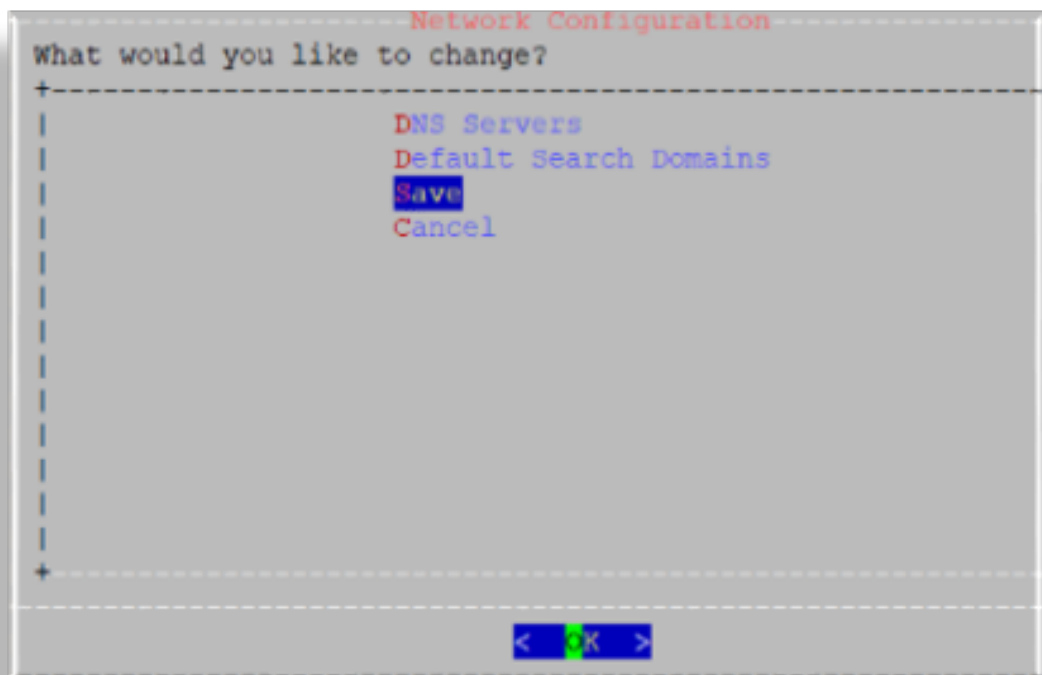
ii. Select **DNS Servers**.



iii. Add the IP address for each DNS server, one per line, then click **OK**.



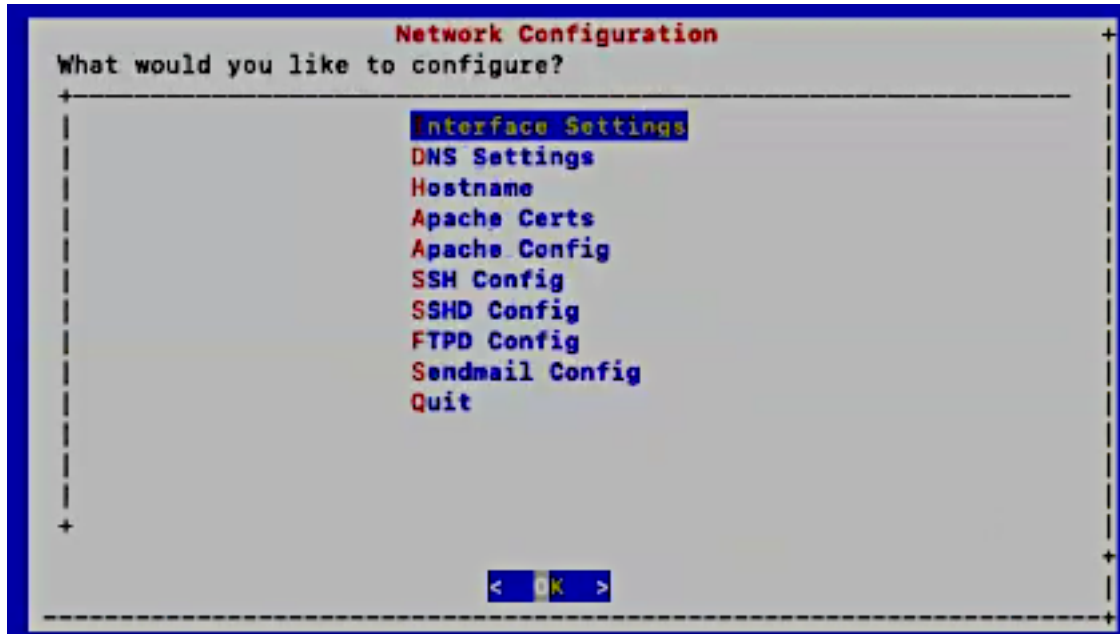
iv. Click **Save**.



4. Configure the hostname:

- i. Select **Hostname**.
- ii. Save to trigger the update.

The console displays a message, *Updating hosts*. This setup may take a few minutes.



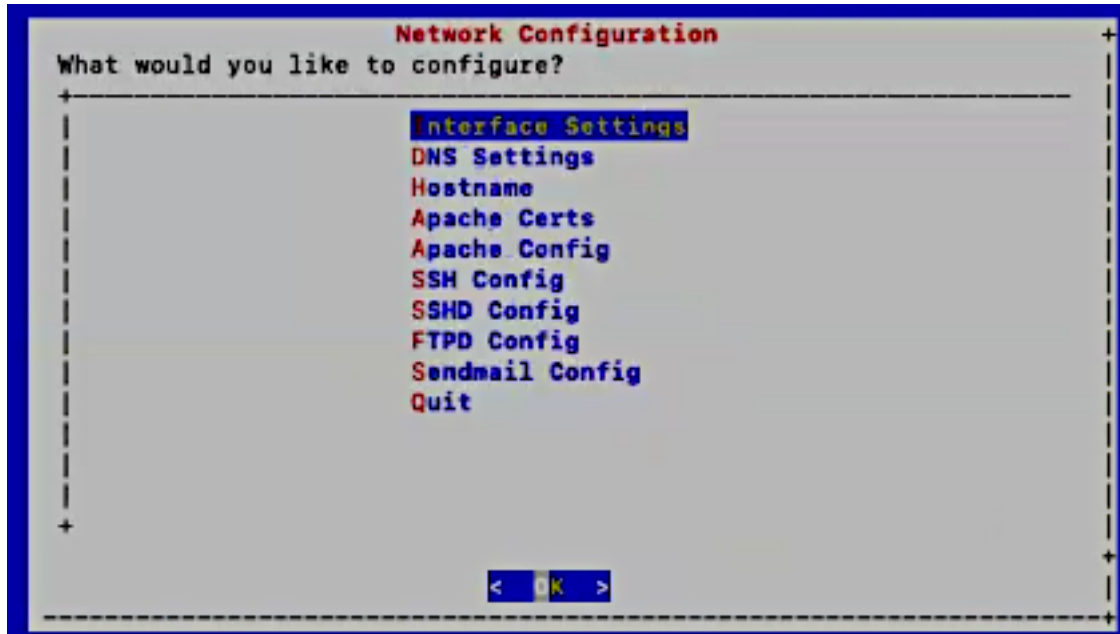
5. Update SSL ciphers.

i. Select **Apache Config**.

```
SSLCipherSuite HIGH: !MEDIUM: !ADH: !LOW
```

Note:

- SSLCipherSuite defaults to HIGH encryption.
- For SSLProtocol, only TLSv1.2 is supported.
- OpenLDAP defaults to HIGH encryption.
- OpenSSH does not support weak ciphers.
- On system upgrade, if the contents of this configuration are no longer valid, then the contents will be reset to an empty state.



6. Configure SSH settings:

i. Select **SSH Config**.

Custom entries can be added, if required. The following entries have been added:

```
kexalgorithms
diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
hostkeyalgorithms
ssh-rsa
```

Note: On system upgrade, if the contents of this configuration are no longer valid, the contents will be reset to an empty state.

7. Configure SSHD:

i. Select **SSHD Config**.

Note:

- Multi-line entries can be added, if required. For example, for CUCM v11.5 support, see: [Configure multi-line CUCM cipher support](#).
- This step is relevant *only* to an Insights Assurance solution and its integration with Cisco UC systems. This step is *not* relevant to the DS9 and Insights NetFlow solution.
- On system upgrade, if the contents of this configuration are no longer valid, then the contents will be reset to an empty state.

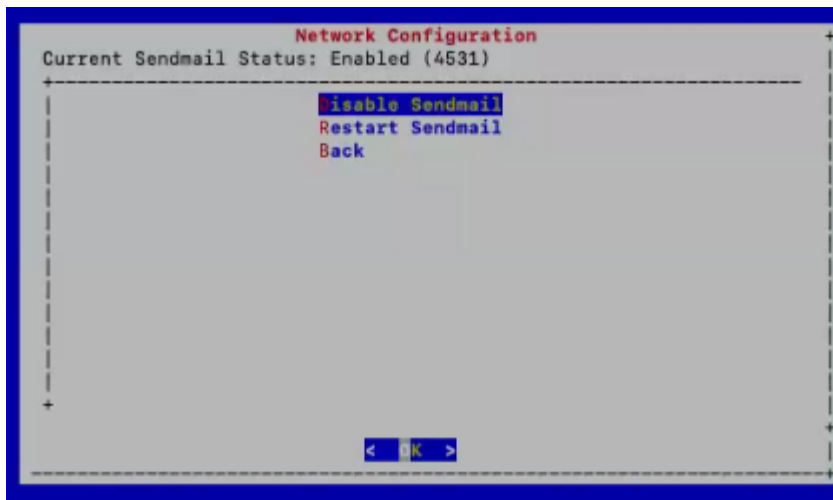
8. Enable/disable FTPD or restart the FTPD daemon:

1. Select **FTPD Config**.

Important: On new installs, the FTPD daemon is disabled by default. It is strongly recommended that the FTPD daemon remains disabled, unless there is a good reason you need to use it. It has been seen that enabling the FTPD daemon may introduce a system vulnerability. FTPD is typically *only* required in rare situations, where FTP is the only way to transfer files to the server. Instead of using FTPD, it is recommended that you use the drop account with SCP or SFTP. The drop account username is “drop”. You can set the password via the **Administration** menu.



9. Enable/disable Sendmail or restart Sendmail on port 25:



- i. Select **Sendmail Config**. The current status of the service displays on the menu.
 - ii. Choose to enable, disable, or restart the service as required.
10. Base system installation is now complete. Select **Quit** to exit the **Administration** menu on the console.

Next steps

- *Create GUI admin password for Arbitrator and Dashboard*

7.1.6. Create GUI admin password for Arbitrator and Dashboard

This procedure creates the GUI admin password, which is the password you will need to log in to Arbitrator or Dashboard via the browser.

The default credentials will not allow browser access, so the GUI admin password must be set up for the Arbitrator and Dashboard systems. The procedure is the same for both Arbitrator and Dashboard.

Important: It is strongly recommended that you make a written or digital copy of any system passwords and share the copies with trusted team members or store them in a secure location from where they may be retrieved if needed.

The steps to create the GUI admin password for Arbitrator and Dashboard are the same.

1. Log in via the CLI, then from the **Administration** menu, select **Change Passwords**.
2. Select **Reset GUI admin user (local LDAP only)**.



3. Fill out a new GUI admin password.

The GUI admin password cannot start with a number and must not contain the dollar (\$) symbol.



4. Log in to the Arbitrator / Dashboard via the browser, using the GUI admin user password created in this procedure.

Next steps

- *Product registration and system configuration*

7.1.7. Product registration and system configuration

Once you've installed and configured initial settings via the Administration console, you can continue with product registration, and with the configuration of your system through the GUI:

- Insights Arbitrator (relevant only to an Insights Assurance solution and its integration with Cisco UC systems)
See the Install Arbitrator System section in the VOSS Insights Install Guide.
- Insights DS9

Note: Prior to opening the DS9 GUI, reboot the system.

See the DS9 Product Registration and Configuration on the Dashboard section in the VOSS Insights DS9 for NetFlow Install Guide.

7.1.8. Configure multi-line CUCM cipher support

This section provides details for the use of the **SSHD Config** menu option.

Note: This section is not relevant to the DS9 and Insights NetFlow solution. This solution is relevant only to an Insights Assurance solution and its integration with Cisco UC systems.

You can copy the keys into the screen in a comma separated list (without spaces).

For CUCM v11.5 support:

```
kexalgorithms diffie-hellman-group1-sha1,diffie-hellman-group14-sha1,diffie-hellman-
↪group-exchange-sha1
ciphers aes128-cbc,3des-cbc,aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr,aes128-gcm@openssh.com,
↪aes256-gcm@openssh.com
macs hmac-md5,hmac-sha1,hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha1-96,hmac-md5-96
hostkeyalgorithms ssh-rsa,ssh-dss
```

8. Database and System Setup

8.1. Install Arbitrator

This procedure installs the Arbitrator system.

1. Log in to the Arbitrator as admin, with the password set up when installing the base system. See [Deploy and VM installation](#).

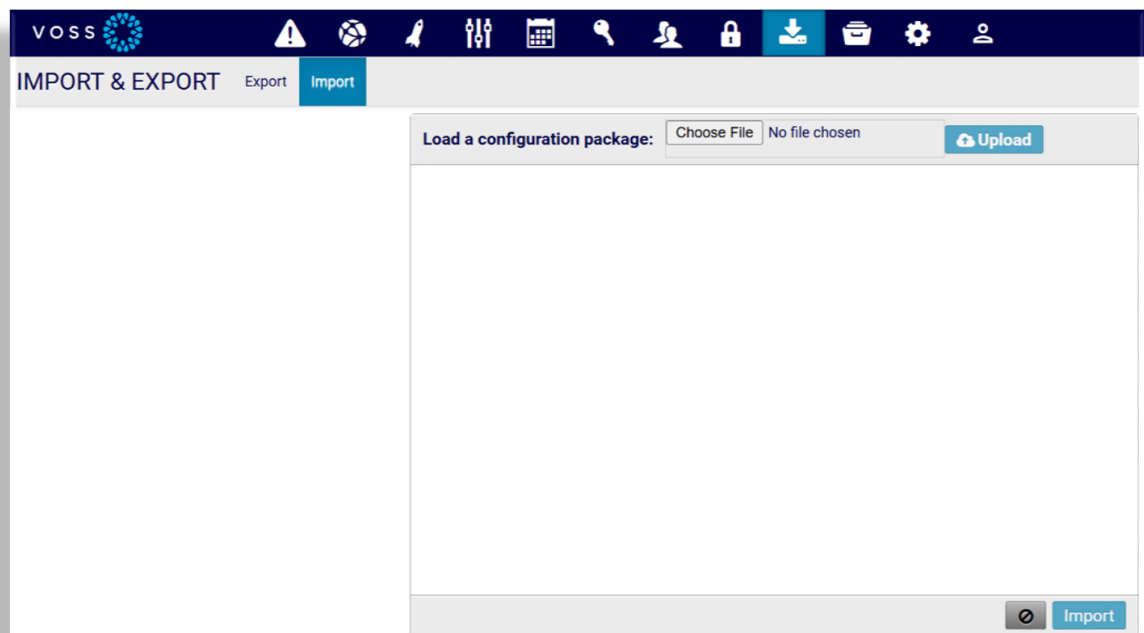
2. Click the **Wrench** icon.



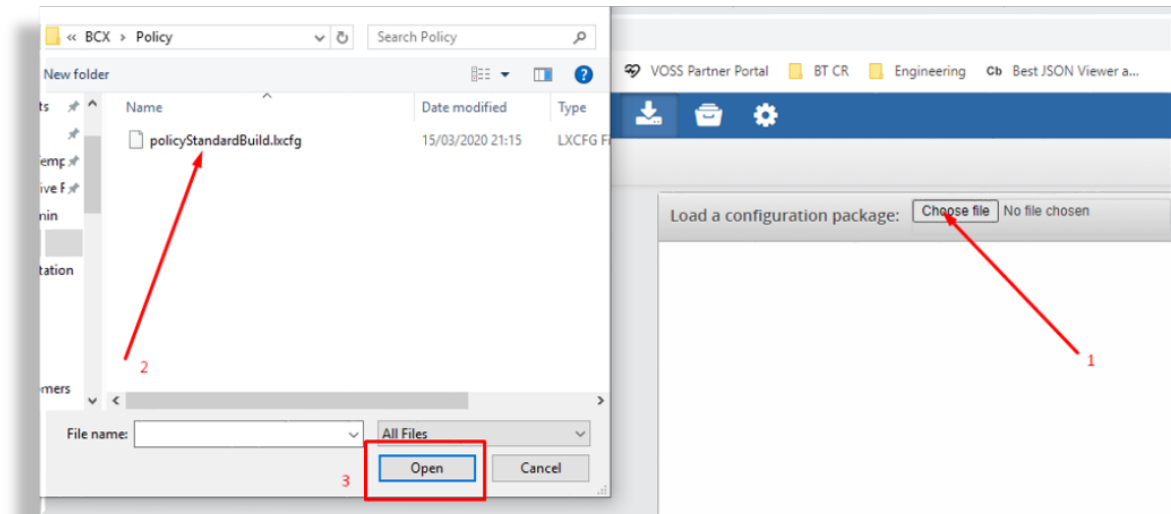
3. Click the **Import / Export** icon.



4. Click **Import**,



5. Click **Choose file**, select your file, then click **OK**.



6. Ensure the name of the file you selected displays adjacent to **Choose file**, then click **Upload**.
7. Once the file has uploaded click **Import**.
8. Repeat this procedure for the following:
 - **Controls**
 - **Probes**
 - **Response Procedures**
 - **Policies**

Policy configuration files

Policy configuration files are installed at the end of the installation process.

Policies are a modular groupings of correlation rules, actions, and response procedures that define how to respond to certain situations that happen on the monitored systems. Policies are usually system and manufacturer specific but can contain custom scripts for actions and response procedures. Each policy also contains several correlation rules that are designed to create alerts based on the best practices of that particular system manufacturer.

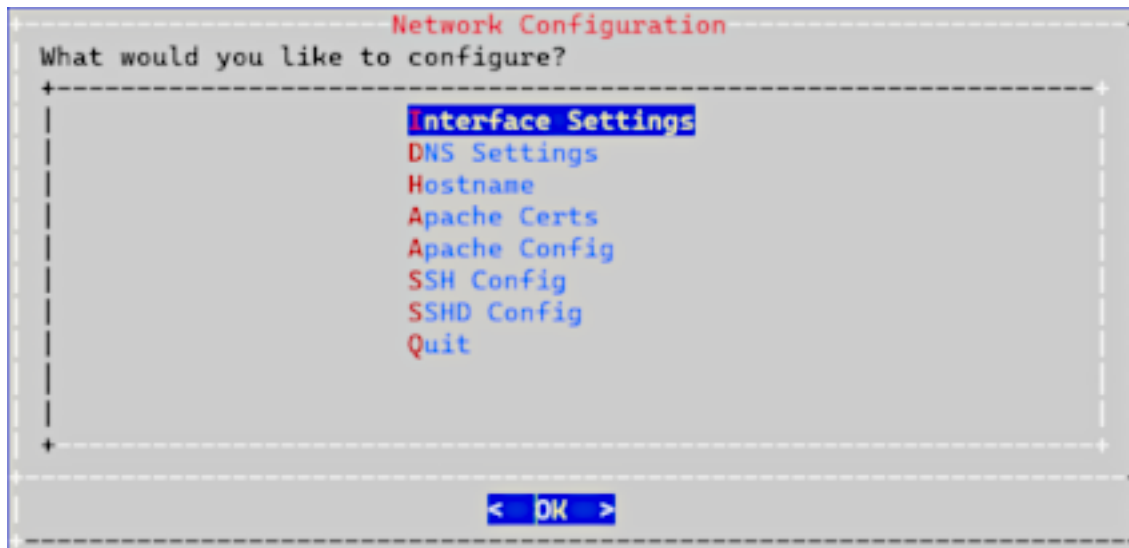
The table describes the configuration file components:

| Component | Purpose | Filename |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Controls | <p>Controls are actions that the system can automate, user actions to support data collection, analysis before presenting to an operational user as an alert to help reduce user input and provide information and actions faster.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn an alarm a different color • Push alert to another system such as dashboard server or a correlation server • Auto acknowledge alarms • Email the alert to a destination • Create a ticket with ServiceNow • Pre scripted action based on a response <p>Other options that can be developed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using API send the data to another destination • Interact with another system • Run a script to collect additional information • Run a script with actions to change state or configuration | STDCONTROLS.lxcfg |
| Probes | <p>A script to poll a system to collect data from a remote system. This is important if the data required can't be streamed from a system to the Arbitrator to be consumed, the Arbitrator and collect data remotely by periodic probing of the system. Examples of probes that collect</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AXL • API • CLI | StandardDeploymentProbes.lxcfg PROBES.lxcfg |
| Response procedures | Contains group of controls that are assigned to the policies. | |
| Policies | A set of rules for the data that is turned into an alert. It enables an alert to be generated and defines the alarm ID and the content of the alarm that gets presented to a user. | SiteStats_08122020.lxcfg POLICIESUCCE221020.lxcfg POLICIESCUCM221020.lxcfg POLICIESCUCIMP221020.lxcfg PINGMON.lxcfg |

9. Certificates

9.1. Add or update certificates

Users can now update SSL certificates and SSL keys from the Admin console menu.



Note: If vulnerability testing yields “Weak hashing Algorithm” and “Self-Signed Certificate” issues, these can be fixed by installing your own SSL certificate.

9.1.1. Add certificates

To add your own certificate, you will need both the certificate and private key.

1. SSH to the system using admin account
2. Select **Network Configuration**
3. Select **Apache Certs**
4. Select **Insert Cert**
5. Paste in customer certificate

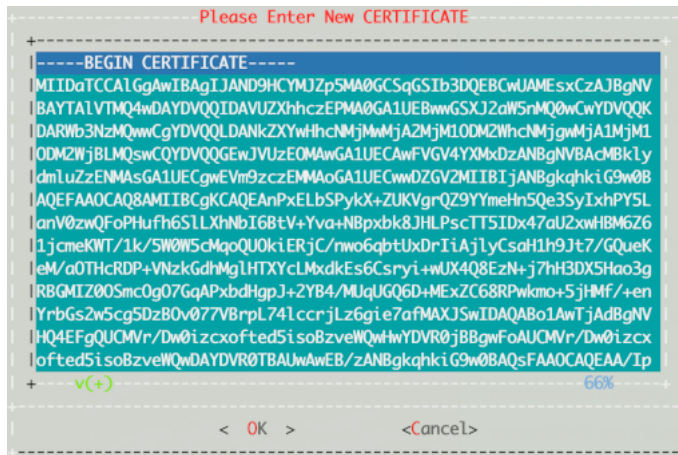
A certificate has the following headers and footers:

EXAMPLE:

```

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MAIN SERVER CERTIFICATE
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATE
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
ROOT CERTIFICATE
-----END CERTIFICATE-----

```

**Error checking and solutions:**

- Error 20 at 0 depth lookup: unable to get local issuer certificate

The server certificate needs an intermediate certificate to validate. Add the intermediate certificate after the server certificate.

- Error 2 at 1 depth lookup: unable to get issuer certificate

The server certificate needs the root certificate to validate. Add the root certificate after the intermediate and or server certificate.

- Error loading file /etc/apache2/server.crt.tmp
error:05800088:x509 certificate routines unknown function):
no certificate or crl found:crypto/x509

No certificate; invalid format; or blank.

6. Select Insert Private Key.**7. Paste in customer private key.**

A private key has the following header and footer


```
--BEGIN PRIVATE KEY--
--END PRIVATE KEY--
```



8. Select **Display Cert Details** to view certificate details.
9. Select **Back**, then exit the menu.
10. Refresh the browser. The system should be using the new certificate.

9.1.2. Generate a CSR from an existing certificate

If you want to generate a CSR for the current certificate:

1. SSH to the system using admin account.
2. Select **Network Configuration**.
3. Select **Apache Certs**.
4. Select **Generate Cert**.
5. Press **Enter**. The CSR displays on the screen.
6. Copy and save it.
7. Select **Back**, then exit the menu.
8. Refresh the browser. The system should be using the updated unsigned certificate.

9.1.3. Create new certificates

If you want to generate a new unsigned certificate or to reset a certificate and private key:

1. SSH to the system using admin account
2. Select **Network Configuration**
3. Select **Apache Certs**
4. Select **Generate New Unsigned Cert**
5. When prompted, fill in the information requested.

- For the number of days the certificate should be valid. (default 365):, the value should be a positive number from 1 to 3650.

Publicly Trusted Certificates: For certificates that need to be trusted by web browsers like Chrome, Firefox, or Safari, the maximum validity period is currently 398 days. This is a policy set by the CA/Browser Forum to enhance security by encouraging more frequent certificate renewals and updates.

Self-Signed Certificates: When you are using OpenSSL to create a certificate for a private network or for testing purposes, you can set a much longer validity period. The tool itself does not prevent you from setting a very high number of days, but you may run into issues with the system's date and time representations (e.g., the Year 2038 problem on 32-bit systems).

- The default RSA Encryption Key Size is 4096.

If the check: Info: Checking modulus of the Certificate and Private Key. returns with an error: Error: Certificate and Private Key DO NOT MATCH, the possible reasons could be:

- Either wrong certificate uploaded.
- Private key not uploaded.

Then generate new unsigned certificate, which will generate a new key and certificate. |

[illegible]

```
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]: Locality Name (eg, city) []:
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:
Email Address []:
```

6. Select **Back** and exit the menu.
7. Refresh browser. The system should be using the new unsigned certificate.

10. CUCM Asset Onboarding

10.1. Customer Onboard

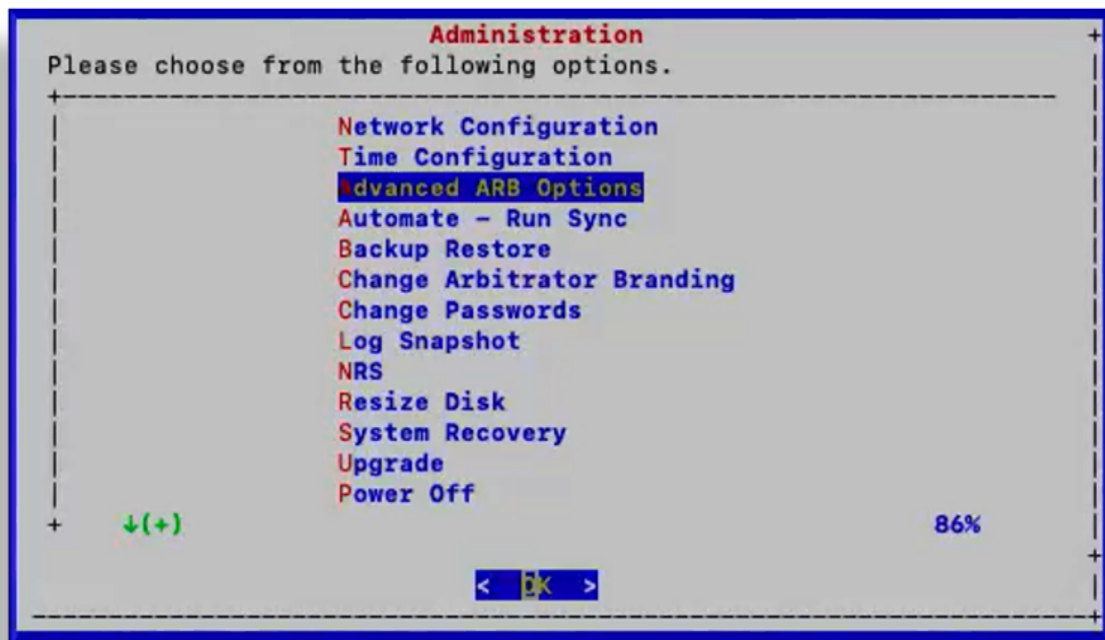
10.1.1. Add Customer CDR Folders

1. Log in via the CLI to the Arbitrator selected to receive CDR data from call managers:

- Cisco UCM
- Oracle Call Manager / Session Border Controller (SBC)

Note: The call manager IP address name serves as a CDR folder name for incoming CDRs. The steps in this procedure show the menus for the selected call manager to be configured.

2. Use the admin credentials to log in, then select **Advanced Arb Options**.



3. Select **Configure networking**

```
March 03, 2023 09:31 AM UTC  
  
Main Menu  
  
Welcome to the Arbitrator(TM) menu.  
Please choose from these options.  
  
1) Configure networking  
2) Configure out-of-band alerting  
3) Advanced  
4) Change colors  
9) About  
0) Quit
```

4. On the **Network Menu**, select **Configure services**.

```
October 03, 2025 01:52 PM UTC  
  
Network Menu  
  
Please choose from these options.  
  
3) Configure services  
4) Misc  
0) Back  
█
```

5. Choose the service to configure (Cisco Services or Oracle Services):

```
March 03, 2023 09:32 AM UTC
Services Menu
Please be careful.
1) FTP Service
2) UDP Forwarding Services
3) Event Forwarding Services
4) Cisco Services
5) Oracle Services
0) Back
```

6. Select the required call manager.

```
March 03, 2023 09:33 AM UTC
Cisco Services Menu
Please be careful.
1) Configure Cisco Call Managers
0) Back
```

```
March 03, 2023 09:33 AM UTC
Oracle Services Menu
Please be careful.
1) Configure Oracle Call Managers
0) Back
```

7. Select **Add (Cisco/Oracle) Call Manager**.

```
March 03, 2023 09:34 AM UTC
```

```
Cisco Call Manager Menu
```

```
View Add, Delete, or Clear Cisco Call Manager configuration here.
```

- 1) View configured Cisco Call Managers
- 2) Add Cisco Call Manager
- 3) Delete Cisco Call Manager
- 4) Clear All Cisco Call Manager Configuration
- 0) Back

```
March 03, 2023 09:35 AM UTC
```

```
Oracle Call Manager Menu
```

```
View Add, Delete, or Clear Oracle Call Manager configuration here.
```

- 1) View configured Oracle Call Managers
- 2) Add Oracle Call Manager
- 3) Delete Oracle Call Manager
- 4) Clear All Oracle Call Manager Configuration
- 0) Back

8. In the editor, add the IP address of the call manager, then press **Ctrl + X** to save and quit.

```
# Any line that begins with a # will be ignored.
#
# Enter a unique ip address or customer name, one cisco call manager per line.
# This will create a directory under the "cucn" and "cne" directories for
# each respective cisco call manager.
# This identifier can be used for multitenancy purposes. Choose wisely.
#
# On the cisco call manager, the location to use would be similar to the following:
#   sftp://<arbitrator ip address>:cucn/<name>

-- Press <CTRL>-X to save and quit. --
```

```

# Any line that begins with a # will be ignored.
#
# Enter a unique ip address or customer name, one oracle call manager per line.
# This will create a directory under the "sbc" and "sbc" directories for
# each respective oracle call manager.
# This identifier can be used for multitennancy purposes. Choose wisely.
#
# On the oracle call manager, the location to use would be similar to the following:
#   sftp://<arbitrator ip address>:sbc/<name>
#
-- Press <CTRL>-X to save and quit. --

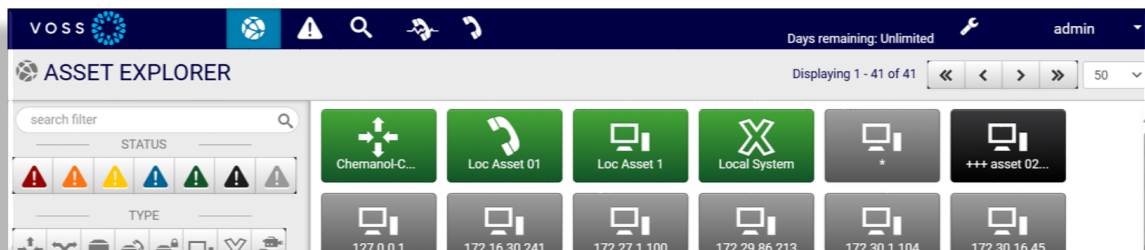
```

Related Topics

- For Collect setup in Arbitrator, see the "Configuration - Collect" topic in the Arbitrator Administration Guide.

10.1.2. Add Customer Assets

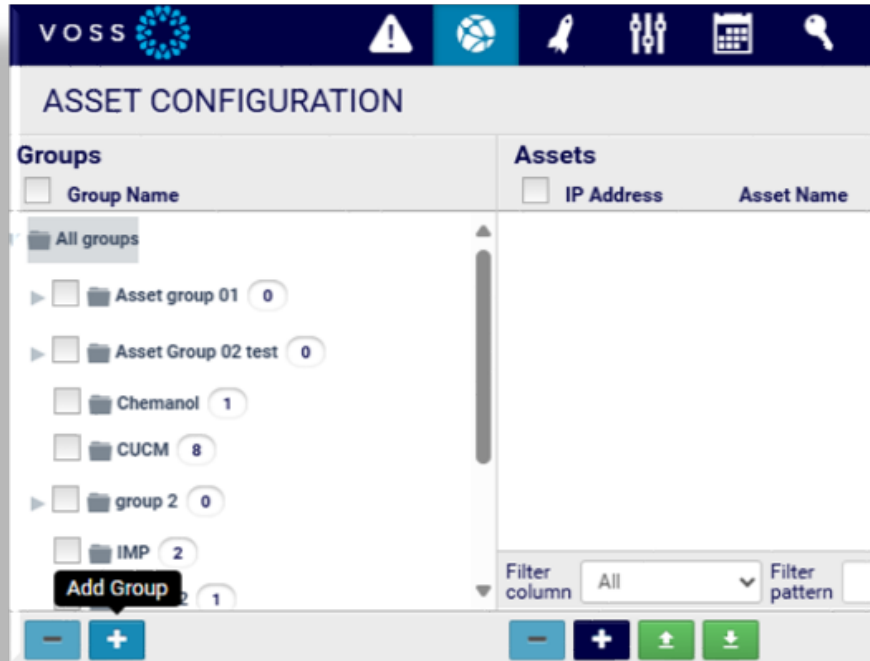
- Log in to the Arbitrator as admin.
- Click the toolbar **Wrench** icon to open the **System Configuration** GUI.



- Click the toolbar **Assets** icon to open the **Asset Configuration** screen.

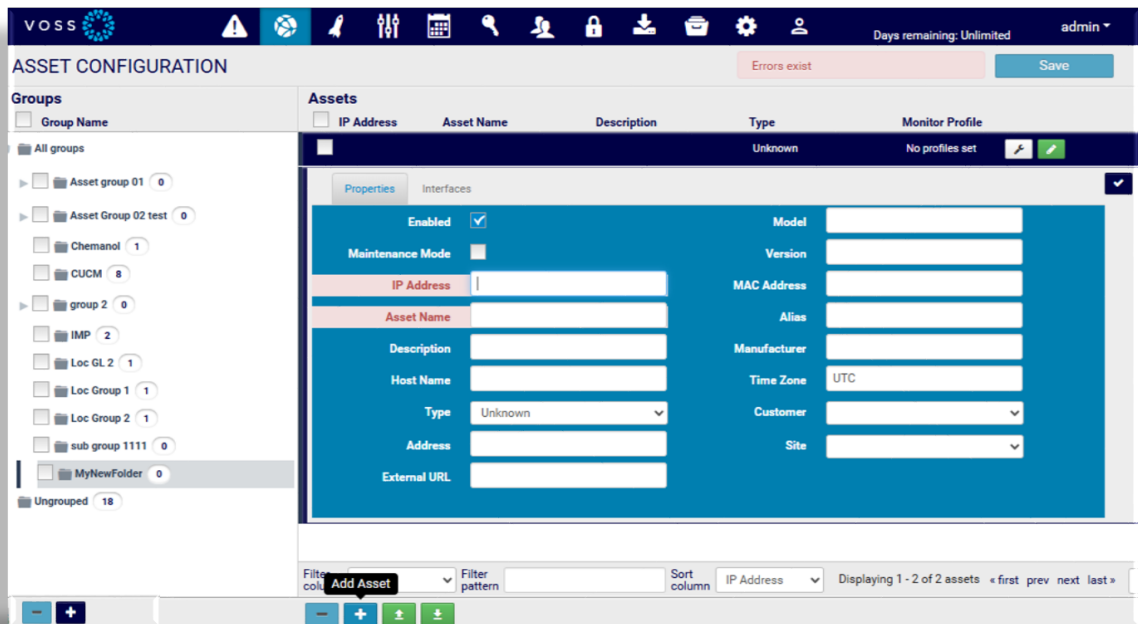



- Under **Groups**, select **All groups**, then select the **Plus (+)** icon to add a new folder.



To rename this folder double click on it, rename it, then press **<Enter>**.

5. Select the new folder, then click the **Plus (+)** icon in the right pane to add an asset.



- Fill out the IP address (mandatory).
- Fill out the asset name (mandatory).
- Fill out any other information you have into the relevant fields.
- Click the Checkmark .

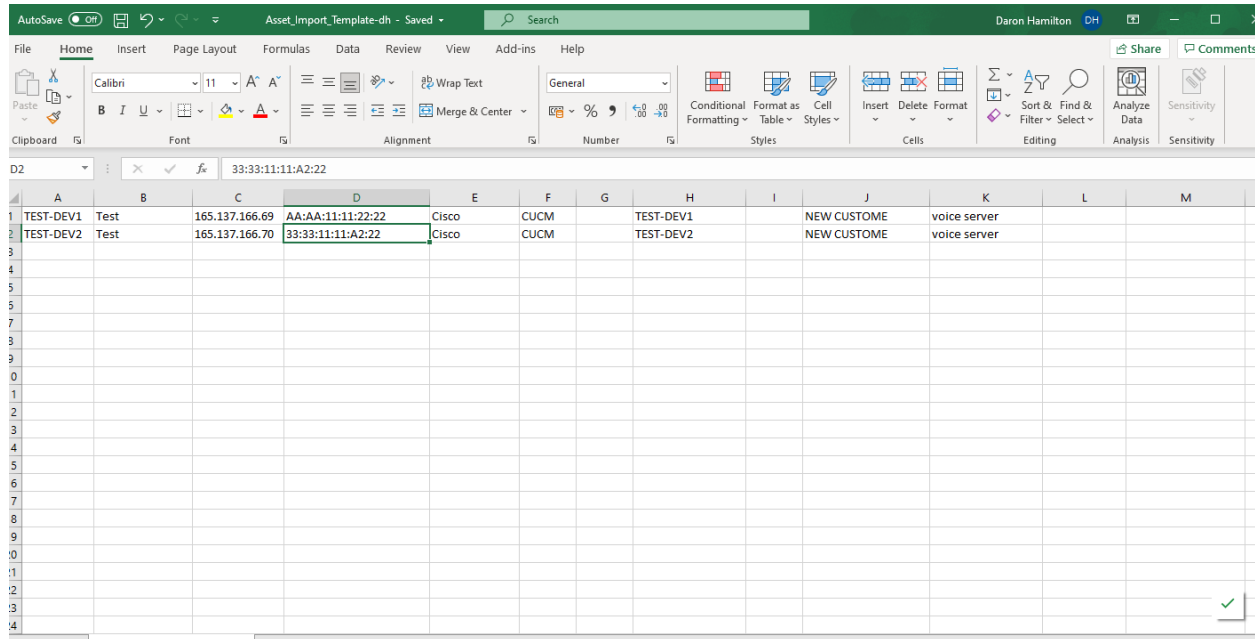
- Click **Save**.

6. Repeat these steps for all assets you wish to monitor. Alternatively, you can upload multiple assets using a CSV import.

CSV Import of Assets

See also the Asset Configuration section in the Arbitrator Administration Guide.

It is possible to upload multiple assets using a CSV file.



The CSV file is available in the Google Drive.

| Clipboard Font Alignment Number Styles | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|----------|-------|---------|----------|----------|---------|------------------|
| A1 AE_NAME | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O |
| 1 | AE_NAME | DESC0 | IP_ADDRE | MAC_ADD | VENDOR | MODEL | DESC1 | HOST_NAI | DESC2 | GROUP_N | RENDER_N | TIME_ZON | COMMENT | Physical Address |
| 2 | MN_10RPP | MediaGat | 165.137.166.69 | | Avaya | G450 | | MN_10RPP | | NEWCUT | unknown | | MG35 | Saint Paul, MN |

Above is an example.

The mandatory fields are:

- AE_NAME
- IP_ADDRESS




You can also use this CSV to create the asset and the Asset group and place the asset into the group.

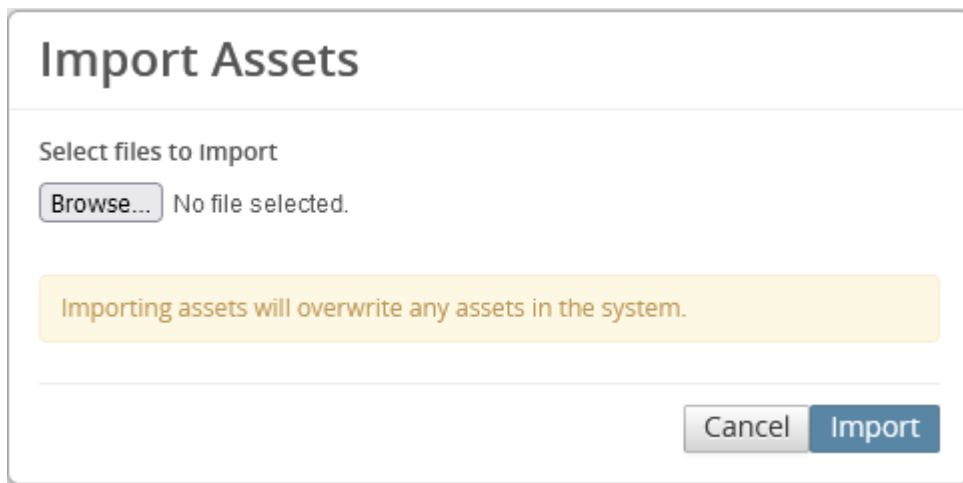
Note:

- Remove the header row before you try to upload.
- Mac Address field must be in the following format: XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX
- Renderer – This selects the icon seen on the Arbitrator. The options are:

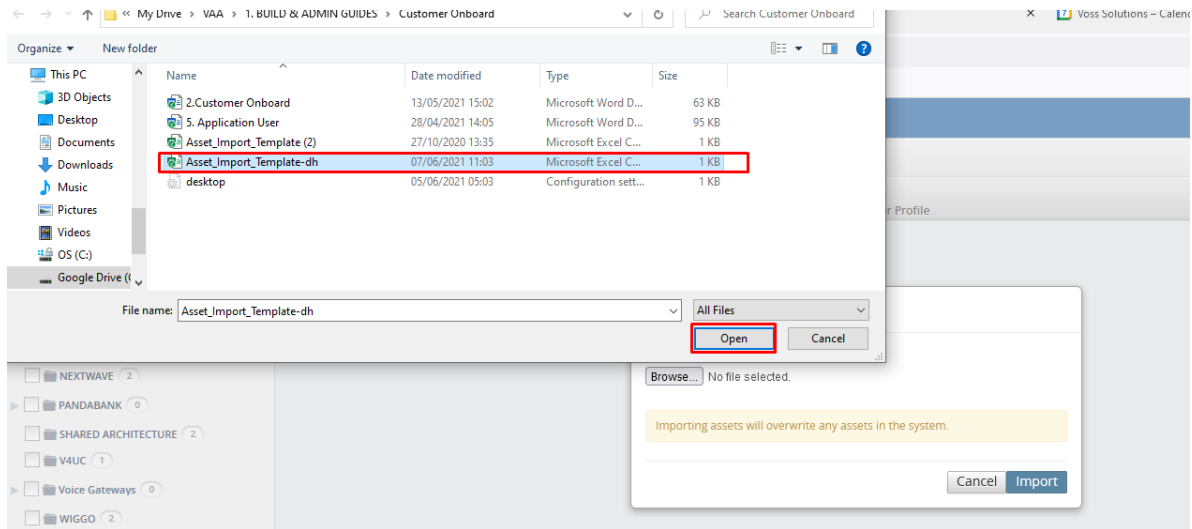
```
unknown
router
firewall
switch
voice switch
switch voice
server
voice server
server voice
workstation
phone
```

Import using CSV

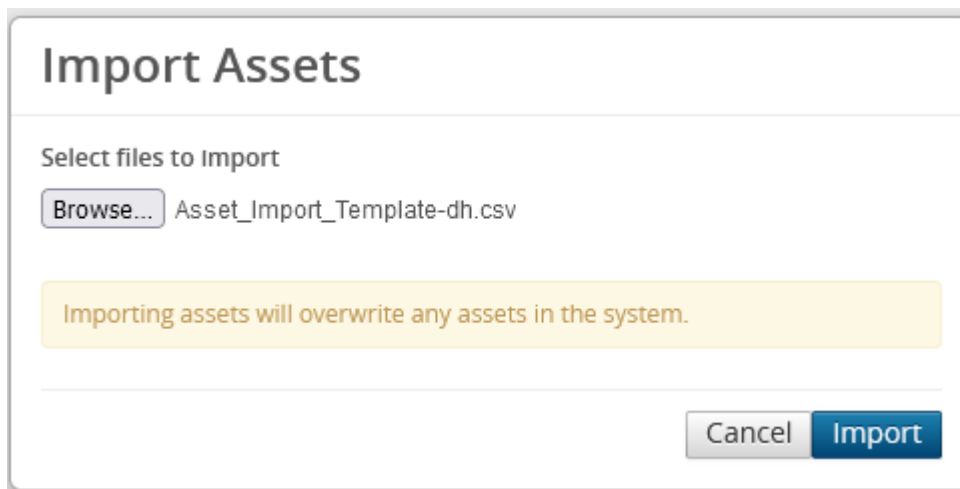
1. Log in to the Arbitrator with admin privileges.
2. Click the toolbar **Wrench** icon  to open the **System Configuration** GUI.
3. Click the toolbar **Assets** icon  to open the **Asset Configuration** screen.
4. Click the Up-arrow  to open the **Import Assets** dialog.



5. Browse to your CSV file.

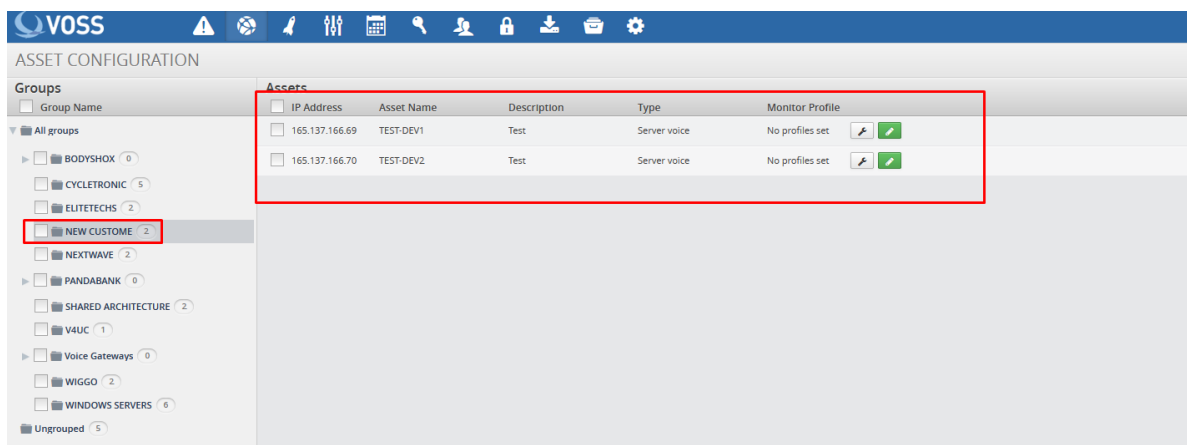


6. Click **Open**.





7. Click **Import**

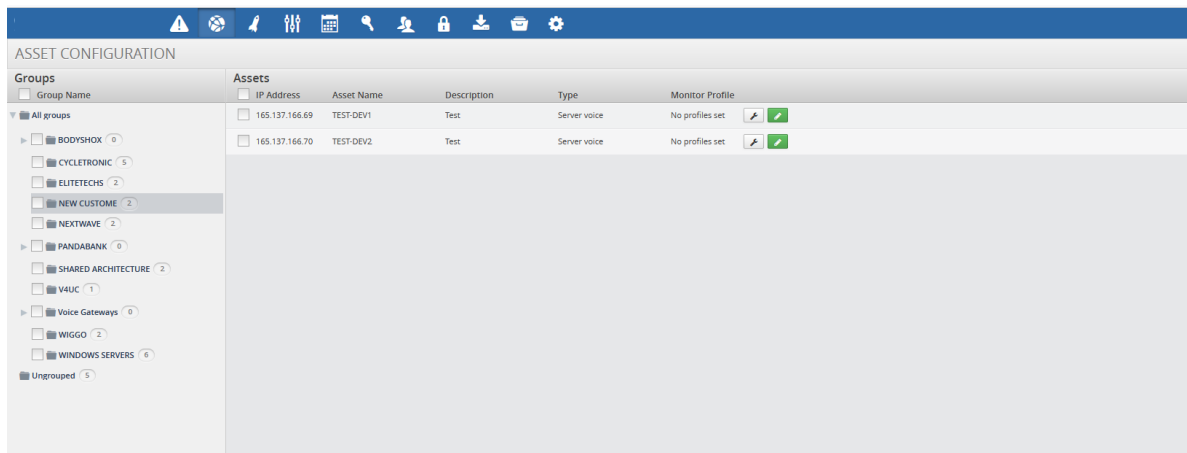
Once the Import is complete, check the **Asset Configuration** screen to confirm your assets are present and in the correct location.



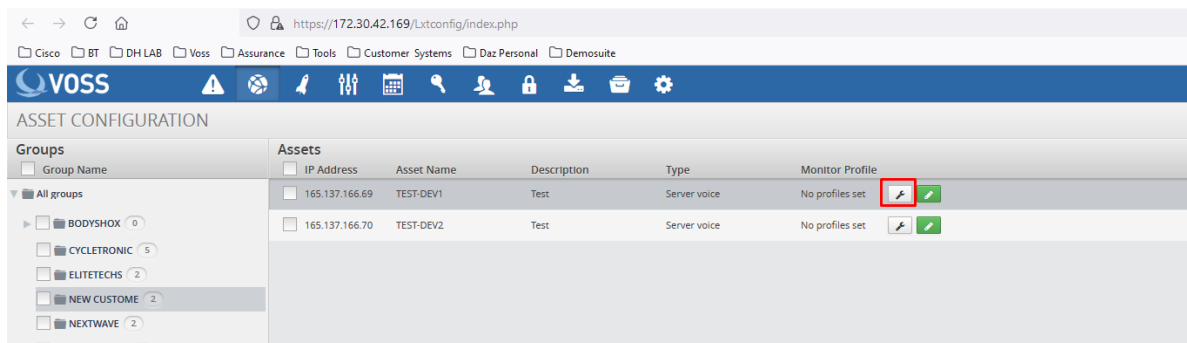
10.1.3. Assigning Probes to Assets

Assign Standard Probes

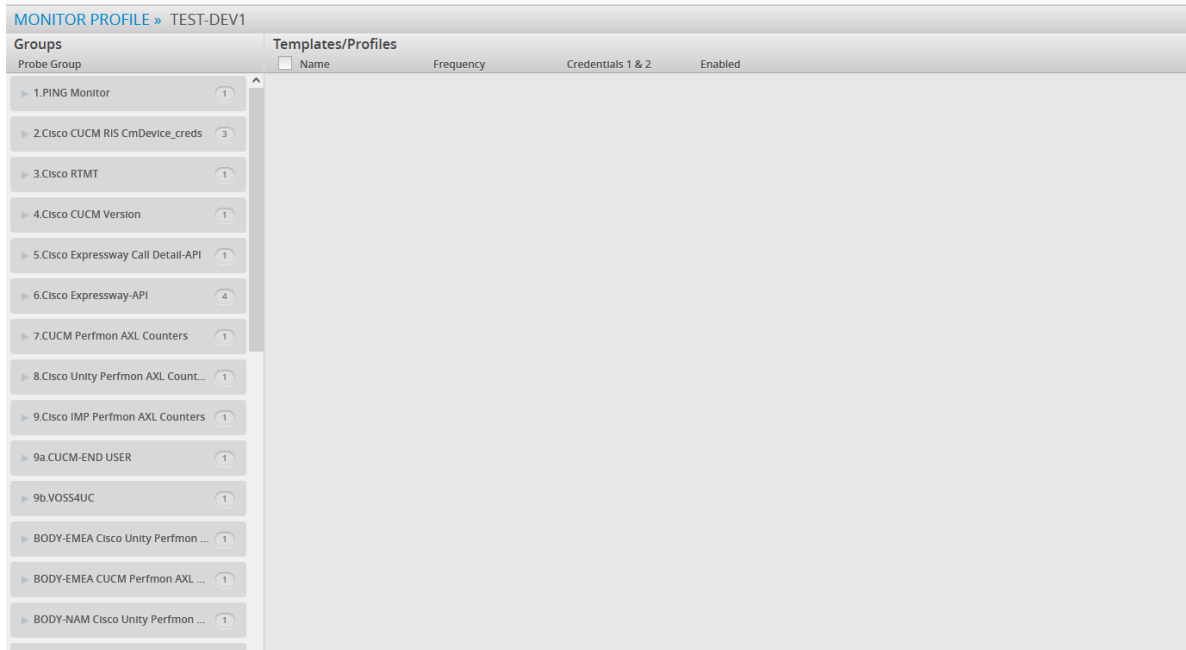
1. Log in to the Arbitrator with admin privileges.
2. Click on the  to open the configuration screen.
3. Click on the  to open the Asset Configuration screen.
4. Select the Asset Group that contains the assets you wish to configure



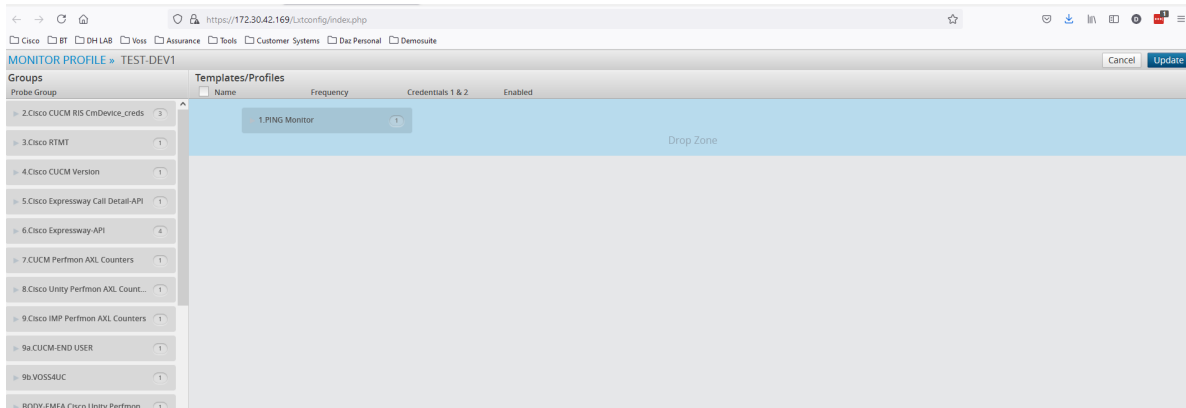
5. Click on the wrench icon as shown below.



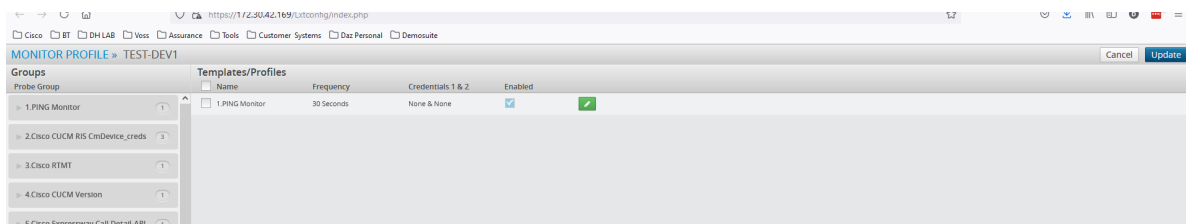
This will then open the Assignment screen.




6. You can now drag the required probe from the left pane to the right pane.



7. Ensure the Drop Zone (Blue Area) Reduces down before you drop.



8. If you then click on  you can set any time schedules / credentials required for this probe

9. Once finished click **Update** and then click **Save**.

Note: It is possible to assign multiple probes at the same time.

10.2. Call Manager Configuration

10.2.1. Application User

1. Create an Application User on the Call Manager, follow the standard Cisco documentation.
2. This user will need to have permissions granted.
3. Create a new Access Control Group named AXL-GROUP.

System ▾ Call Routing ▾ Media Resources ▾ Advanced Features ▾ Device ▾ Application ▾ User Management ▾ Bulk Administration ▾ Help ▾

Access Control Group Configuration Relate

Save Delete Copy Add New

Status

Status: Ready

Access Control Group Information

Name*

Available for Users with User Rank as *

User

4. Add roles to this new group.

Cisco Unified CM Administration
For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions

System ▾ Call Routing ▾ Media Resources ▾ Advanced Features ▾ Device ▾ Application ▾ User Management ▾ Bulk Administration ▾ Help ▾

Access Control Group Configuration

Save

Status

Status: Ready

Access Control Group Information

Name* AXL-GRP

Role Assignment

Role
Standard AXL API Users
Standard AXL Read Only API Access

Assign Role to Group
 Delete Role Assignment

Save

*- indicates required item.

5. Edit the Application User you created and assign the following groups:

- **AXL-GROUP**
- **Standard CCM Server Monitoring**
- **Standard RealtimeAndTraceCollection**

10.2.2. Enterprise Parameters

In Enterprise Parameters navigate the section Cisco Syslog Agent and configure the IP address of the Arbitrator in one of the Remote Syslog Server Name fields.

Enterprise Parameters Configuration

Save Set to Default Reset Apply Config

[Reply Multicast Echo Request](#) * Off

Cisco Syslog Agent

[Remote Syslog Server Name 1](#) 62.7.201.25

[Remote Syslog Server Name 2](#) 217.32.186.230

[Remote Syslog Server Name 3](#)

CUCM Service Parameters

Ensure CDR Service Parameters are set:

- **CDR Enabled Flag** = True
- **CDR Log Calls with Zero Duration** = True
- **Call Diagnostic Enabled** = True

System

[CDR Enabled Flag](#) * True

[CDR Log Calls with Zero Duration Flag](#) * True

Clusterwide Parameters (Device - General)

[Call Diagnostics Enabled](#) * Enabled Only When CDR Enabled Flag is True

CUCM Serviceability

1. Navigate to Cisco Call Manager Serviceability.
2. Select **Tools > CDR Management**

Alarm Trace Tools Snmp Call Home Help

CDR Management

Add new Delete Selected

General Parameters

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Disk Allocation (MB) | High Water Mark (%) | Low Water Mark (%) | CDR / CDR Files Preservation Duration (Days) | Disable CDR/CDR Files Deletion Based on HWM | CDR Repository Manager Host Name | CDR Repository Manager Host Address |
| 3000 | 80 | 40 | 30 | <input type="checkbox"/> | CYCLE-CUCM-PUB | 172.30.42.73 |

Click on any of the above parameters to update the General Parameters

Billing Application Server Parameters

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Server Number | Host Name / IP Address* | User Name* | Protocol* | Directory Path* | Resend on Failure | Generate New Key |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | 172.30.42.169 | drop | SFTP | cucm/172.30.42.73/ | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Reset |

Add new Delete Selected

Click on the Add New button to add a new Billing Application Server
 Click on the corresponding Server Name to Update the Billing Application Server details
 Select corresponding Checkbox and click on Delete Selected button to Delete Billing Application Server details. For the SFTP Billing server, the Authentication keys will be deleted.
 Click on the Reset Button to Generate new Keys and reset the connection to the SFTP server.

3. Fields:

- **Hostname/IP Address***: insert the arbitrator IP Address

- **User Name***: insert the username, “drop”
- **Password***: insert your password for the user drop account.

Note: The drop account username is “drop”. You can set the password via the **Administration** menu.

- **Protocol:** SFTP
- **Directory Path***: cucm/ip address of call manager

Billing Application Server Parameters

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Host Name / IP Address* | <input type="text" value="217.32.186.230"/> |
| User Name* | <input type="text" value="drop"/> |
| Password* | <input type="password" value="....."/> |
| Protocol* | <input type="text" value="SFTP"/> |
| Directory Path* | <input type="text" value="cucm/10.41.165.193/"/> |
| Resend on Failure | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

11. Appendix

11.1. Digital Experience Monitoring (DEM) Agent Installation

11.1.1. Deployment Architecture

VOSS Insights provides for the installation and configuration of Digital Experience Monitoring (DEM) Agents. The VOSS Insights Forwarder is an agent that collects statistics such as latency and response times on various cloud endpoints, along with system CPU statistics, which is sent by means of the API back to the Arbitrator.

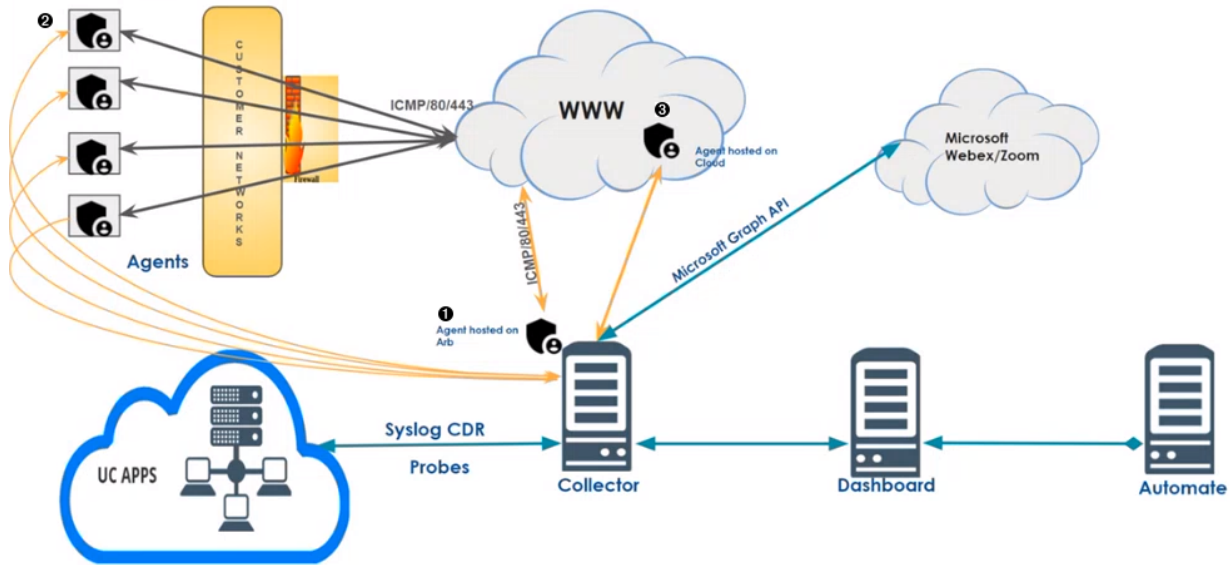
The purpose of the agents are to monitor network experience, in particular for Microsoft Graph API, Teams, Web login and Exchange.

Measuring and widgets are available to:

- Measure hops
- Measure latency
- Measure web performance
- Provide alarms on for example: too many hops, latency, bad response

A number of installation deployment options are available:

- ❶ One agent built into a single Collector
- ❷ Multiple agents within a customer network
- ❸ Agent hosted in the cloud



11.1.2. Hardware/OS requirements

The agent requires the deployment of a platform for it to run on - the agent itself is installed on that platform.

No specific hardware specification in terms of RAM, CPU, and so on is available: since this is a very lightweight agent, it can run on many hardware platforms.

However, some basic considerations are:

- Location - you want the device to be as close to the end user environment as possible - e.g "on the floor" with the users, not part of the data center (DC) infrastructure. For instance, part of the office wifi if that is the primary means of connectivity, or cabled into the local LAN if that is the primary.
- Connectivity - think of the different user connectivity options you want to test the experience over - LAN, wifi, guest wifi, etc.
- Small form factors typically work best, for example Intel NUC, Raspberry Pi, an old laptop, and so on.
- OS requirements are: Debian Linux OS. The agent installs via a Debian package install process.

The DEM agent does not currently support multiple network interfaces as part of the test suite - so if multiple interfaces are present, it will use the OS default routing. It is therefore currently best to just have a single network interface per device to ensure you know the interface being used.

11.1.3. Connectivity

This section outlines the connectivity required to and from the agent.

VOSS Insights platform connectivity

The agent needs to communicate with the Arbitrator - whether that is in the same environment or in the VOSS Cloud.

| Destination | Protocol/Port/Type | Purpose |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Arbitrator | HTTPS 443 TCP ICMP | Registration and sending test results |

Testing Connectivity

DNS - for resolving hostnames as part of the testing.

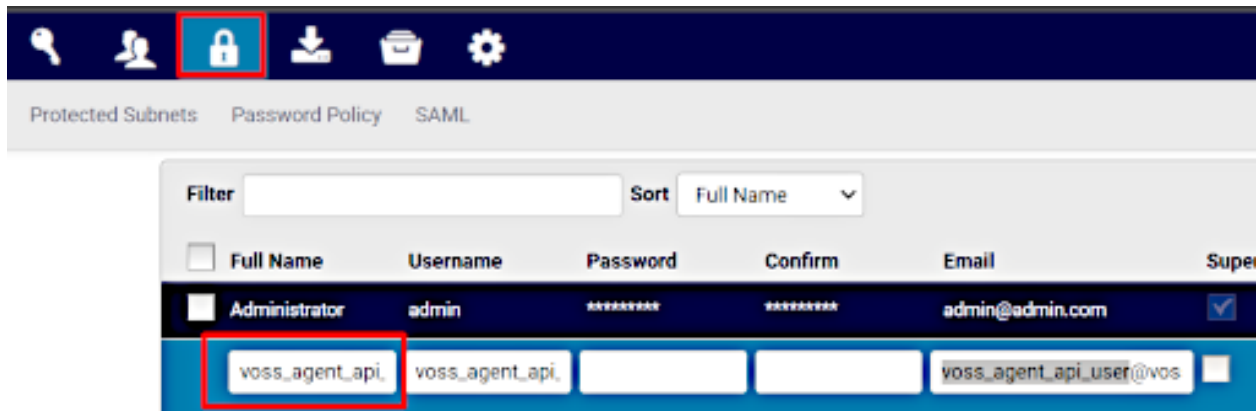
The recommended tests require the following connectivity if you intend to use them. Additional/alternate connectivity may be required if other tests are intended to be used.

The current schedule of test runs is every 5 minutes.

| Destination | Proto- col/Port/Type | Purpose |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| https://graph.microsoft.com | HTTPS 443 TCP | Graph API connectivity |
| https://graph.microsoft.com | ICMP | Reachability stats for graph |
| https://teams.microsoft.com | HTTPS 443 TCP | Access to Teams front-end |
| https://teams.microsoft.com | ICMP | Reachability stats for Teams |
| https://login.microsoftonline.com | HTTPS 443 TCP | Web Testing example - microsoft login front-end |
| https://outlook.office.com | HTTPS 443 TCP | Web Testing example - Microsoft exchange web |
| https://outlook.office365.com | HTTPS 443 TCP | Web Testing example - Microsoft exchange web |




Setup and Configuration

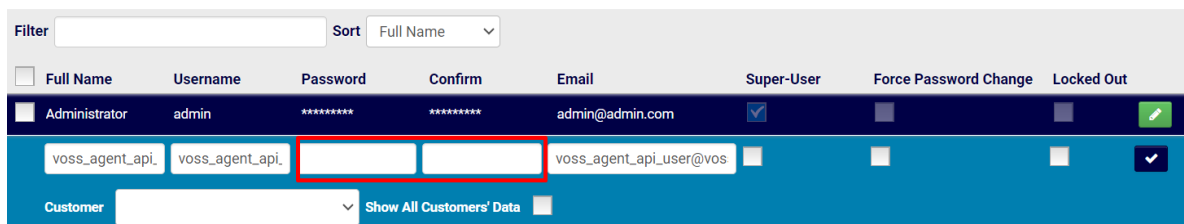
From release 24.1, the Arbitrator is automatically furnished with a new user account. This username is :
voss_agent_api_user




Important: By default, no password is set for this user. Therefore, this account needs to have a password set.

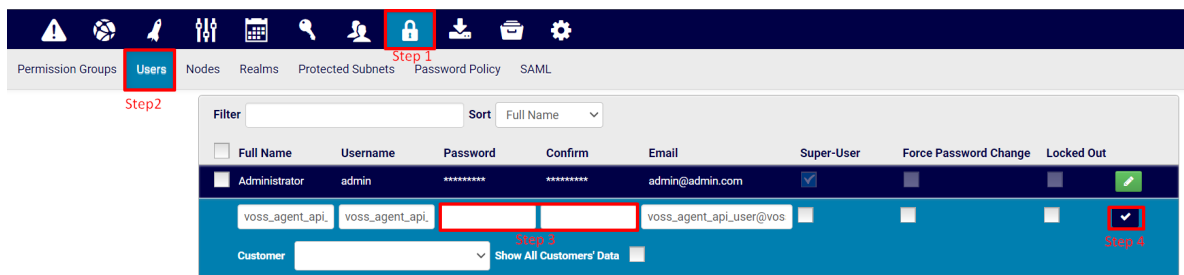
To set the user password, log in to the configuration area of the Arbitrator and follow the steps below:

1. Click on **Access Control** .
2. Click on **Users** .
3. Click on the green pencil  to modify.
4. Set the password.



Note when entering the password, you will see the text, but once the password is saved, it will be masked.

5. Once the password has been set, click the blue tick mark to confirm .
6. Click **Save** at the bottom of the page.



Agent Installation

When installing the Voss-Forwarder package to the agent host, a number of failsafe options built in to assist you with the correct installation. These are also highlighted below.

The first step is to move the installation file to the host. (Use SCP, Filezilla, etc.)

The current file is named: voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb

1. At the host prompt, run: `sudo apt install ./voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb`

```
sysadmin@DH-Agent-002:~$ cd /root
sysadmin@DH-Agent-002:/root$ sudo apt install ./voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
Note, selecting 'voss-insights-forwarder' instead of './voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb'
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  voss-insights-forwarder
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 0 B/12.9 kB of archives.
After this operation, 0 B of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 /root/voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb voss-insights-forwarder all 1.0 [12.9 kB]
Selecting previously unselected package voss-insights-forwarder.
(Reading database ... 47642 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../voss-insights-forwarder-1.0.deb ...
Unpacking voss-insights-forwarder (1.0) ...
Setting up voss-insights-forwarder (1.0) ...
Info: Voss-Insights-Forwarder installing
mkdir: cannot create directory '/var/log/voss': File exists
Info: Voss-Insights-Forwarder installed

Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration #####
Please Enter the IP Address / FQDN of the Arbitrator / Collector: 172.30.42.50

Progress: [ 60%] [#####]
```

2. Enter the IP Address or FQDN of the Arbitrator that the agent is to report to then press Enter. The agent will now do a connectivity check via ICMP (Ping) to the Arbitrator.

- If connectivity is good, move on to the next step.
- If there is no connectivity after 4 attempts, the package will exit.

```
Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration #####
Please Enter the IP Address / FQDN of the Arbitrator / Collector: 172.30.42.50
Info: Checking connectivity to 172.30.42.50
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote_config with 172.30.42.50
Please Enter Arbitrator Username: (default: voss_agent_api_user if left blank):

Progress: [ 60%] [#####]
```

3. Enter the username (if you created a new API user) or keep the default user and press Enter.

```
Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration #####
Please Enter the IP Address / FQDN of the Arbitrator / Collector: 172.30.42.50
Info: Checking connectivity to 172.30.42.50
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config with 172.30.42.50
Please Enter Arbitrator Username: (default: voss_agent_api_user if left blank):
Please Enter Arbitrator Password: 
Progress: [ 60%] [#####.....]
```

4. Enter the password (set on the Arbitrator). This will then check the credentials are valid.

- If credentials are valid, you move on to the next step.
- If credentials are invalid after 4 attempts, the package will exit.

```
Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration #####
Please Enter the IP Address / FQDN of the Arbitrator / Collector: 172.30.42.50
Info: Checking connectivity to 172.30.42.50
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config with 172.30.42.50
Please Enter Arbitrator Username: (default: voss_agent_api_user if left blank):
Please Enter Arbitrator Password:
Info: API Credentials are valid.
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config with API Credentials.
Please Enter Customer Name: ANY-TEXT
Progress: [ 60%] [#####.....]
```

5. Enter a customer name (data is required to continue) and press Enter.

```
Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration #####
Please Enter the IP Address / FQDN of the Arbitrator / Collector: 172.30.42.50
Info: Checking connectivity to 172.30.42.50
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config with 172.30.42.50
Please Enter Arbitrator Username: (default: voss_agent_api_user if left blank):
Please Enter Arbitrator Password:
Info: API Credentials are valid.
Info: Updated /etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config with API Credentials.
Please Enter Customer Name: ANY-TEXT
Info: Updated '/etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config' with Customer ANY-TEXT
Please Enter Forwarder Name: DH-Agent-1-site
Progress: [ 60%] [#####.....]
```

6. Enter the Forwarder name (this should for example be a descriptive location). Press Enter.

```
Please Enter Customer Name: ANY-TEXT
Info: Updated '/etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config' with Customer ANY-TEXT
Please Enter Forwarder Name: DH-Agent-1-site
Updated '/etc/voss/configs/voss_insights_remote.config' with Forwarder Name 'DH-Agent-1-site'
Info: ##### Voss-Insights-Forwarder Configuration Complete! #####
#####
```

This completes the configuration.

The **DEM Agent Stats** dashboard under **Diagnostics > Synthetic Transactions Dashboards** then shows each agent configuration on the widgets: **Forwarder System Stats** and **Forwarder Linux Distributions**.

See also:

the Diagnostics section under *Insights Reference Dashboards* in the Dashboard Administration Guide.

Changes to Agent Configuration

In the event of redeploying the agent to another site or a different Arbitrator, the commands below allow you to make these changes.

To update or change configuration, run any of the following commands:

- To change the IP Address or FQDN for the Arbitrator:
`sudo ./etc/voss/bin/update-forwarder-arbitrator.sh`
- To update / change the API credentials:
`sudo ./etc/voss/bin/update-forwarder-credentials.sh`
- To update / change the Customer:
`sudo ./etc/voss/bin/update-forwarder-customer.sh`
- To update / change the Forwarder Name:
`sudo ./etc/voss/bin/update-forwarder-name.sh`

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Flowchart

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- Insights Arbitrator Integration for
Assurance, [4](#)
- Insights Assurance Setup Overview, [2](#)
- Insights Dashboard for Assurance Setup,
[5](#)