



VOSS



**VOSS Insights
Dashboard Administration Guide**

Release 23.3

Dec 13, 2023

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1. What's New

1.1. Dashboard Administration Guide: Release 23.3

- EKB-16674: Add conditional drill-down behavior. See: [Drilling down into the Data](#)
Added details on use and JSON syntax of new drilldown widget.
- EKB-16674: Add conditional drill-down behavior. See: [Drilldown Conditional Syntax](#)
Added details on use and JSON syntax of new drilldown widget.
- EKB-16674: Add conditional drill-down behavior. See: [User Settings](#)
Added details on use and JSON syntax of new drilldown widget.
- EKB-17216: SAML: Dashboard sign out redirects to auto sign-in. See: [Access Controls](#)
Added a note for SAML configuration that the Sign Out option will not display when SAML is enabled.
- EKB-17370: Allow an admin to remove scheduled reports created from other user accounts. See: [Manage Dashboards](#)
Details have been added for a new Report Management tab for admin users.
- EKB-17457: Oracle CDR Processing and Dashboards. See: [Working with Dashboard Widgets](#)
Updated the Widget Editor documentation for adding Oracle CDRs as a resource option.
- VOSS-1276: (EKB-16989: User Dashboards for MS Teams). See: [VOSS Reference Dashboards](#)
Added details on new MS Teams dashboards for executive and technical personas.
- VOSS-1276: Improved Dashboards and Reports for Microsoft Teams. See: [Microsoft Teams Reporting Dashboards](#)
Added details on new MS Teams dashboards for executive and technical personas.
- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Search the Logs](#)
The Dashboard Guide has been updated with new images and navigation paths for the refreshed GUI.
- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Saved Search Definitions](#)
The Dashboard Guide has been updated with new images and navigation paths for the refreshed GUI.
- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Search for Dashboards](#)
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- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Introduction to Dashboards](#)
The Dashboard Guide has been updated with new images and navigation paths for the refreshed GUI.

- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Schedule Reports](#)

The Dashboard Guide has been updated with new images and navigation paths for the refreshed GUI.

- VOSS-1331: Improve the Insights Dashboard Look and Feel. See: [Access Controls](#)

The Dashboard Guide has been updated with new images and navigation paths for the refreshed GUI.

2. Getting Started

2.1. Welcome to the VOSS Insights Dashboard System

2.1.1. Overview

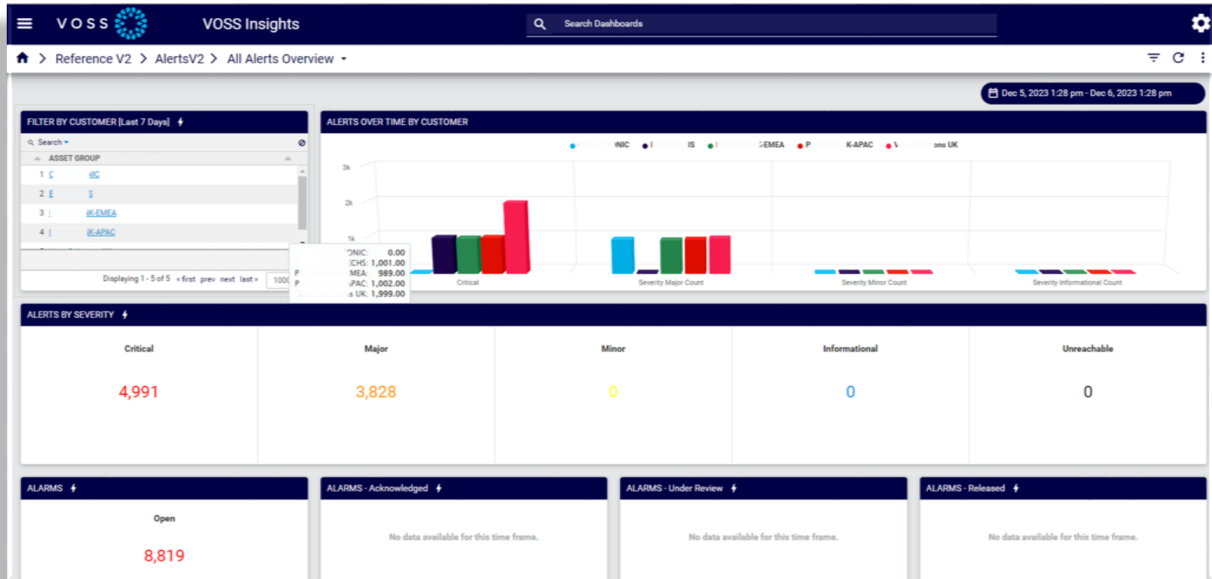
VOSS Insights Dashboard is a log analytics platform that allows multiple data sources and log formats to be consumed, extracted, analyzed, and displayed on dashboards, and to produce reports from the dashboards.

The system ships with several default dashboards, which you can copy (clone) and edit to create your own custom dashboards, and you can create new dashboards from scratch.

This guide describes how to use and manage the VOSS Insights Dashboard platform, and includes details for the following:

- Importing existing dashboard templates
- Configuring new dashboards and widgets
- Cloning existing dashboards
- Ad-hoc report printing
- Scheduling reports
- Searching logs
- Building search extraction queries
- Troubleshooting issues by analyzing the logs being collected

The VOSS Insights platform design allows it to be used in multiple workflows. This guide describes the system elements that must be configured in a particular order, but there is no overall prescribed linear flow that must be followed.

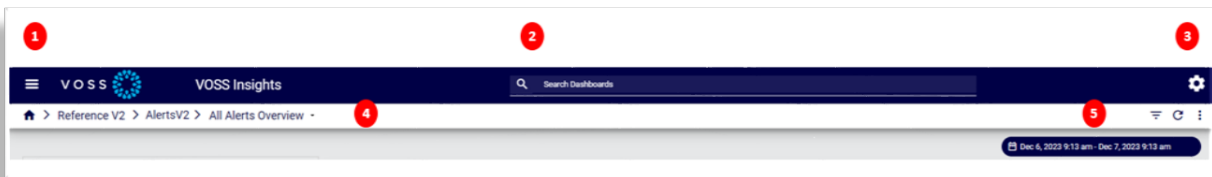







Related Topics

- Introduction to Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Default Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Custom Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.

2.1.2. Dashboard User Interface

The table describes the elements that allow you to navigate and work with the Insights Dashboard system from the user interface:



Toolbar element	Description
1. 	Main Menu (Hamburger icon). Opens the dashboard library pane on the left of the GUI.
2. Search Dashboards	Search for dashboards by their name from the toolbar Search field.
3. 	System Configuration (Cog icon). Displays a menu of options for configuring and working with the system, such as Import/Export Wizard, Manage Dashboards, Theme Management, Help, About, and Sign Out.
4. Breadcrumbs	Breadcrumbs provide a navigational aid for the dashboard library. You can click back to folders that are in the dashboard tree, or use the down-arrow to display dashboards in folders.
5. Filters, Refresh, Dashboard Operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Show Global Filters  - create and apply filters to dashboards • Refresh  - refreshes dashboard data • Dashboard Operations  - opens a submenu with the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Add Widget – Print Dashboard – Position Widgets – Edit Dashboard – Clone Dashboard – Delete Dashboard – Move Dashboard – Dashboard link – Dashboard Options

2.2. Dashboard Licensing

2.2.1. Overview

The VOSS Insights product and features are activated via a license file that is loaded on to every arbitrator and dashboard server.

2.2.2. Load a License File

To load a license file:

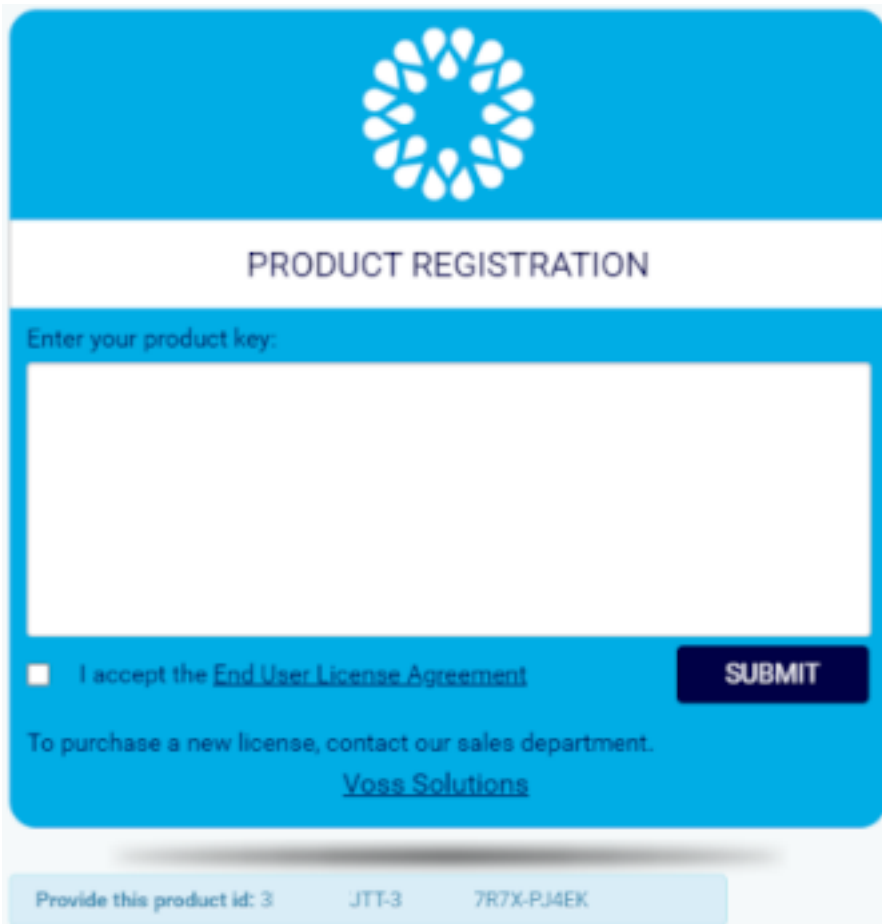
1. Obtain the license file
2. Click the **System Configuration** (Cog) icon on the toolbar, then select **About**
3. Click **EDIT PRODUCT KEY** and replace it with the one from the license file.

Note: When updating a license file, any custom theme that is applied remains active.

2.2.3. Add New License and Activate Product Key

The VOSS Insights license file contains an expiry date. You will need to activate and add a new license file once the expiry date is reached.

1. As an admin user, log in to the GUI.
2. View the activation window, which displays the product key.
3. Copy the product key for each individual server.
4. Provide details to the VOSS representative.
5. The VOSS representative will provide you with a product key to activate the server.
 - Admin user navigates to the Arbitrator server, enters the product key, agrees to the license terms, and clicks Submit.
 - Admin user navigates to the Dashboard server, enters the product key, agrees to the license terms, and clicks Submit.



PRODUCT REGISTRATION

Enter your product key:

I accept the [End User License Agreement](#) **SUBMIT**

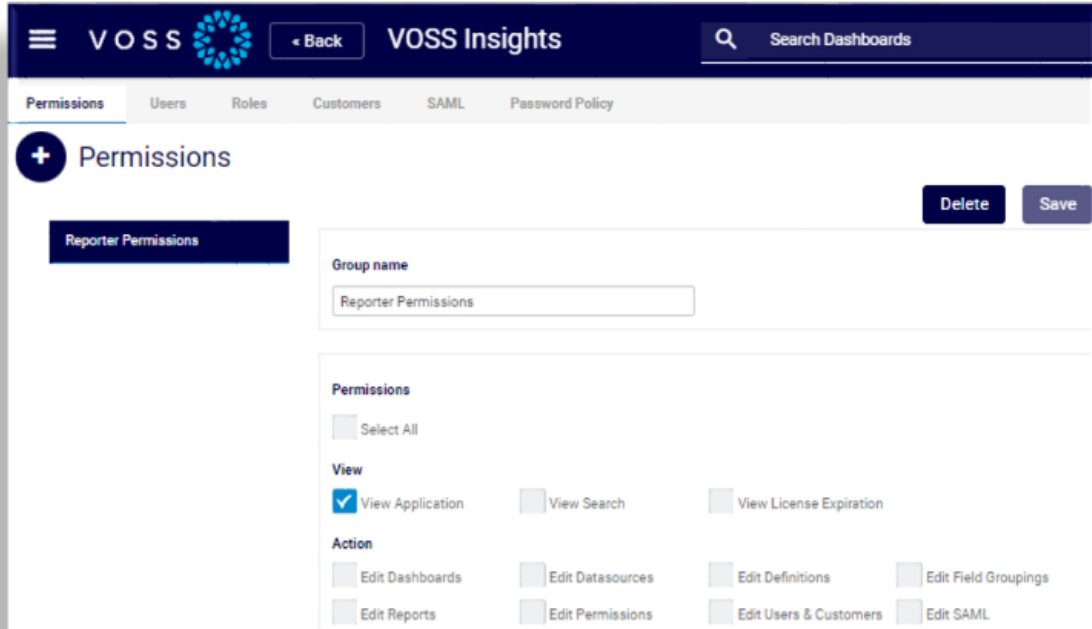
To purchase a new license, contact our sales department.
[Voss Solutions](#)

Provide this product id: 3 JTT-3 7R7X-PJ4EK

2.2.4. View License Days Remaining

The remaining days on the License are displayed in the UI upon login, or in the About menu.

This **View License Expiration** setting can be enabled or hidden from the **Permissions** in *Access Controls*:



To see how many days left via the About menu:

1. Click the **System Configuration** (Cog) icon on the toolbar, then select **About**.
2. View the **DAYS LICENSED** and **DAYS REMAINING** values.

3. Search


3.1. Search the Logs

3.1.1. Overview

Insights Dashboard stores all log data elements in a JSON index data store. You can search all data, and add and edit log search/extraction definitions via the **Search** page.

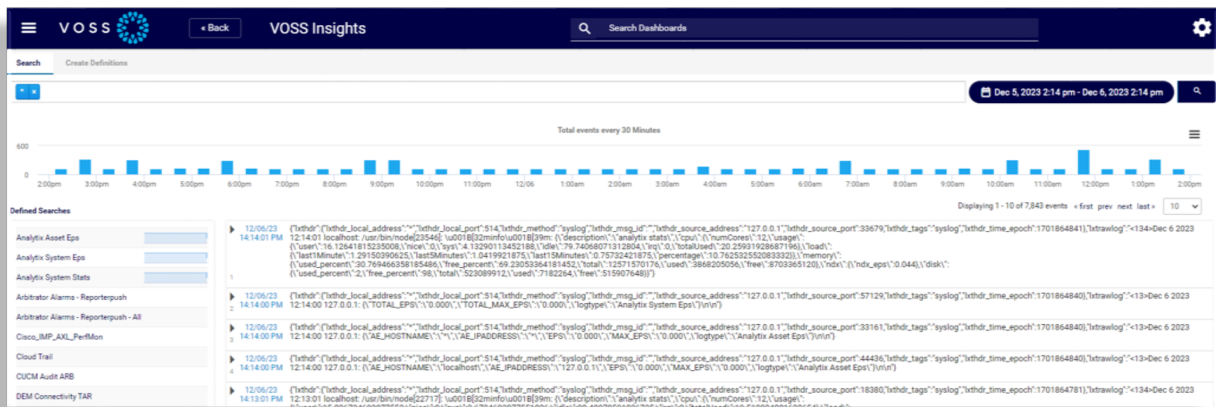
You can select the following tabs on this page:

- [Search Tab](#)
- [Create Definitions Tab](#)

Note: To access the Search page, click the toolbar **System Configuration** (Cog) icon , then select **Search**.

3.1.2. Search Tab

By default, the **Search** tab displays the last 10 log events to enter the system. Once logs are collecting, this is where the JSON indexed records will be located. The system builds a library of all text contained in the logs.



Search Criteria

A search bar at the top of the page contains a wildcard "*" to display logs. The search bar allows for keyword searches using single words or concatenated words with Boolean logic, such as 'and/or/not', in addition to using VOSS Insight's automated Regular Expression engine to perform search extractions and save them as definitions. The search engine displays all words once you've typed in the first letters.

The calendar/date field to the right of the search bar defines the time period to search for logs. The default is the last 24 hours. This setting is important, especially when searching for logs from a source that has stopped sending data, since log data (and the JSON indexed records) are time-based.

To set a date and time range period, click the calendar/date field to display a date/time calendar, where you can select a preset period (Last 24 Hours, Last 1 Hour, Last 30 Minutes, Last 5 Minutes) along with a custom date and time selection.

Note: The longer the date range, the more data the system searches, thus the search time period is associated to the amount of data over time.

Search Results

The **Search** tab displays the number of logs displayed and available, based on the search criteria and the selected date/time range. You can use the **first/prev/next/last** buttons to skip to navigate the data. The adjacent drop-down allows you to define the number of logs to display on the page.

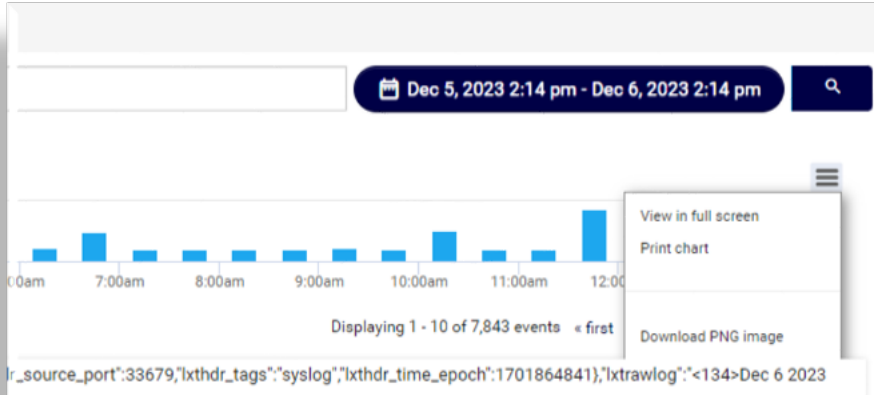


Bar Graph View of Log Data

The bar graph below the search bar displays the last 24 hours (default) of log events. Each bar represents the quantity of logs collected in each 30 minute interval.

The **Chart context menu** hamburger icon to the right above the bar graph provides an option to retrieve the graph in multiple formats, for example, to print or download to PDF, to download to PNG, JPEG, or SVG.

The bar graph changes based on the selected data interval, and based on the selected definitions.



Defined Searches

The Search tab contains a **Defined Searches** field, which lists all saved search definitions.

A graph to the right of each search definition indicates the amount of logs in that definition, for the time period selected in the time bar.

Select a defined search to refresh the page to display all the logs for that definition. The bar graph also adjusts to reflect the quantities of logs in this definition.

JSON Format Logs

The main body of the **Search** tab displays the JSON format of the logs associated with the selected search definition. Details below each log are the data fields that have been extracted and are being analyzed on dashboards.

The right-pointing arrow at the left of each log entry allows you to expand the log details, providing information for each component of the logging elements along with a copy of the raw log.

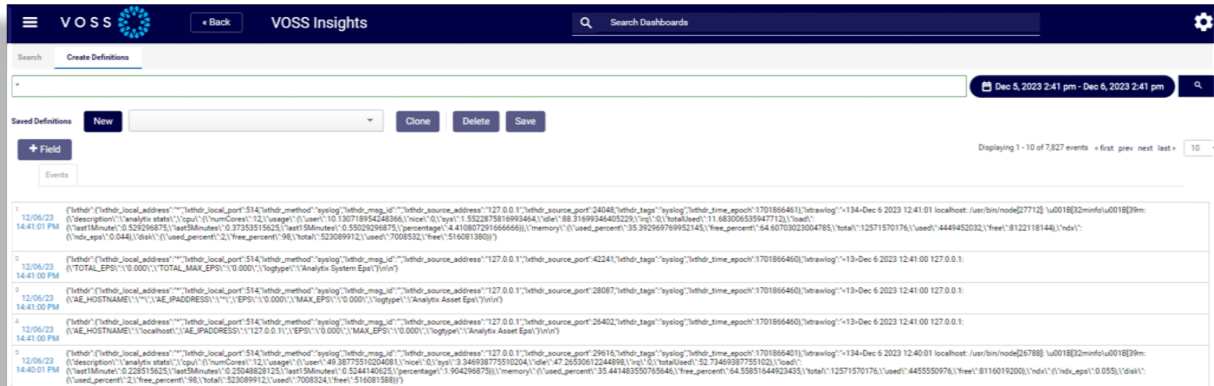
Click the down-arrow within the expanded log view for any item to search (Search in context, Exclude from search, or Search all):

Search in context	Searches through all of the selected definition for that field and highlights it.
Exclude from search	Searches through all of the selected definition for all data without that field.
Search all	Searches the entire log index data store for that field and highlights it.

The screenshot displays the VOSS Insights search interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the VOSS logo, a 'Back' button, and the title 'VOSS Insights'. Below this, the 'Search' tab is active, with a 'Create Definitions' link. A bar chart shows search results over time, with the x-axis labeled from 3:00pm to 12:00pm. A list of 'Defined Searches' is visible on the left, including 'Analytix Asset Eps', 'Analytix System Eps', 'Analytix System Stats', 'Arbitrator Alarms - Reporterpush', 'Arbitrator Alarms - Reporterpush - All', 'Cisco_IMP_AXL_PerfMon', 'Cloud Trail', 'CUCM Audit ARB', 'DEM Connectivity TAR', 'DEM Reported Incidents', 'DEM Web-Performance GIRL', 'Msoft TEAMS Call Alerts - ReporterPush', 'MSWINEVENTS', and 'PAN-OS Config'. The main area shows an expanded log entry for '12/06/23 14:36:01 PM' with a dropdown menu open over the 'ltxhdr' field. The menu options are 'Search in context', 'Exclude from search', and 'Search all'. The log entry details include 'ltxhdr_local_address: *', 'ltxhdr_time_epoch: 1701866161', 'ltxrawlog: description: analytix stats', 'cpu:', 'memory:', 'ndx:', 'disk:', 'syslog: priority: 134', 'timestamp: Dec 6 2023 12:36:01', and 'host: localhost'.

3.1.3. Create Definitions Tab

The **Create Definitions** tab allows you to define the search definitions that display logs on the **Search** tab.

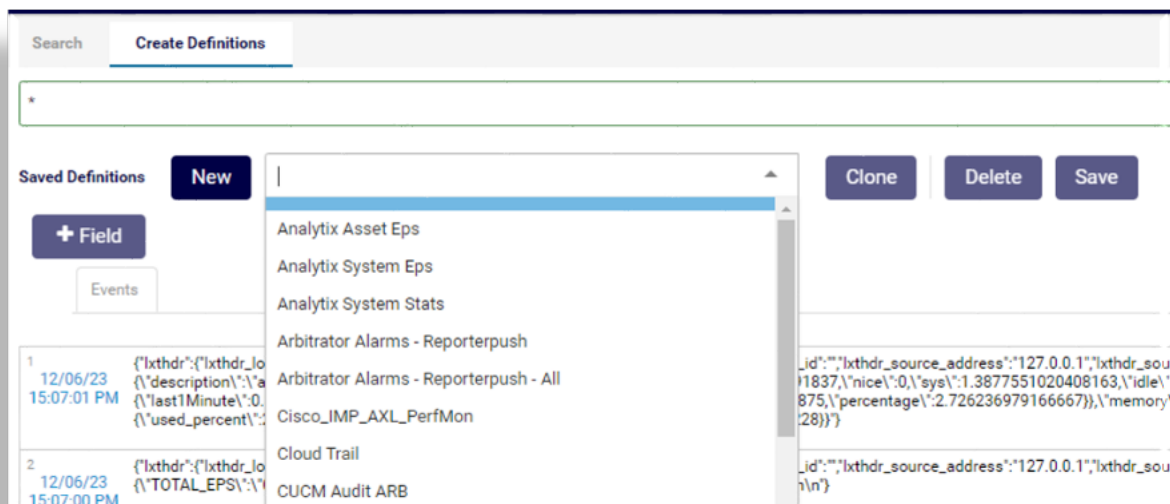


3.2. Saved Search Definitions

3.2.1. Overview


A saved search definition creates a dashboard and report with the title being the name you give the definition. You can create any number of combinations of saved search definitions on any log source (i.e. multiple search definitions on a DNS log).

The **Saved Definitions** drop-down lists all saved search definitions. Each saved search definition is a resource from which data can be pulled into a widget on a dashboard and report as you design them.



3.2.2. Configure Search Definitions

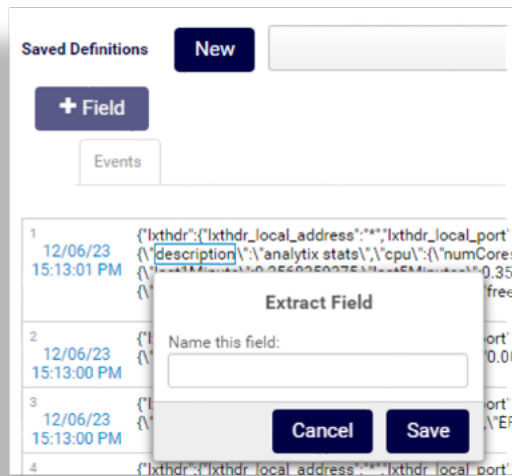
This procedure configures a search definition to add a dashboard and report.

1. On the Insights Dashboard toolbar, click the toolbar **System Configuration** (Cog) icon , then select **Search**.
2. On the **Create Definitions** tab, determine which logs contain the data you wish to analyze.

An example is DNS Logs from a Bind9 open source DNS server. In this case, type any word contained in these logs, such as “queries”, and then ensure that you have the log coming from the Bind9 DNS server.

3. Extract the fields you wish to analyze (perform this step for each field you wish to extract):
 - Highlight the field by dragging the cursor over it, or double click the field.
 - In the **Extract Field** dialog, fill out the field name.
 - Click **Save**.

The automated Regular Expression engine extracts the field and saves the field name, which displays beneath **Saved Definitions**.



4. Click the **+Field** button, then from the **Type** drop-down, choose a field type, based on the context of the log, either Text, Integer, Float, Epoch Date, or Calculation.

The screenshot shows the 'Saved Definitions' interface. At the top, there are buttons for 'New', 'Clone', 'Delete', and 'Save'. Below these is a '+ Field' button and a search bar. The main form has fields for 'Name' (set to '(New)'), 'Type' (set to 'Text'), 'Index' (checkbox), and 'Unique' (checkbox). A dropdown menu is open under 'Type', listing options: 'Text', 'Integer', 'Float', 'Epoch Date', and 'Calculation'. At the bottom, a preview of a search definition is visible, showing a log entry with fields like 'lxthdr' and 'lxthdr_local_address'.

Note: When selecting field type “Calculation”, you’ll need to specify the math to derive an integer result. An example is a bandwidth calculation. In this case, the result is stored with the definition and will be available to utilize on a dashboard.

Drag the field(s) to calculate, add a numeric input, and then design the equation by dragging the operands and groupings.


The equation will display below the bar to allow for easy checking of the logic. Click **Test Calculation** to allow the system to perform the math and display the results for further logic testing before saving the calculation.

The screenshot shows the 'Saved Definitions' interface with the 'Type' set to 'Calculation'. Below the 'Name' and 'Type' fields, there are checkboxes for 'Index' and 'Unique'. The 'Operations' section contains buttons for 'Field', 'Numeric Input', '+ (Add)', '- (Subtract)', '* (Multiply)', '/ (Divide)', '((Open Parenthesis)', and '(Close Parenthesis)'. The 'Calculation' section shows a 'Drop Zone' with a 'Numeric Input' field containing '1' and an 'Operation' dropdown set to '+ (Add)'. Below this, the 'Formatted Calculation' section displays '1 +'. A 'Test Calculation' button is located at the bottom.

5. Repeat these steps for each field you wish to analyze.
6. Once complete, fill out a name for the new search definition.

3.2.3. Manage Saved Search Definitions

This procedure clones, edits, and deletes saved search definitions/resources.

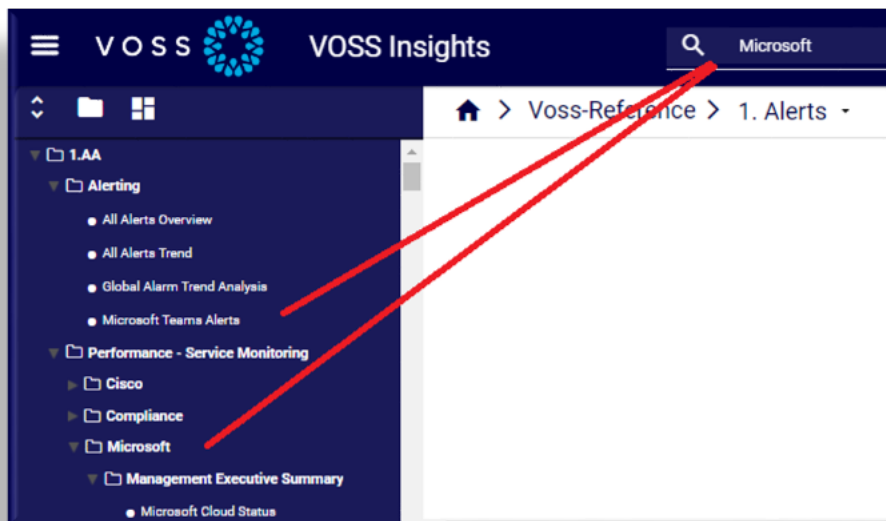
1. On the Insights Dashboard toolbar, click the toolbar **System Configuration** (Cog) icon , then select **Search**.
2. On the **Create Definitions** tab, select a saved search definition from the drop-down.
3. Choose an option:
 - Click **Clone** to copy an existing saved search definition, then give the clone a new name. Now you can simply change only the field extractions you want instead of creating them from new.
 - Modify an existing saved definition, then click **Save**.
When saving a modified definition, the dashboard updates when new log data arrives into the system.
 - Click **Delete** to remove a search definition from the list.

3.3. Search for Dashboards

You can use the Search bar at the top of the GUI to search for dashboards by their name, or part of their name.




The toolbar dashboard search is a dynamic “contains” search. When filling out a value in the field, the dashboard library panel opens on the left and expands folders that have dashboards with names matching the search criteria.



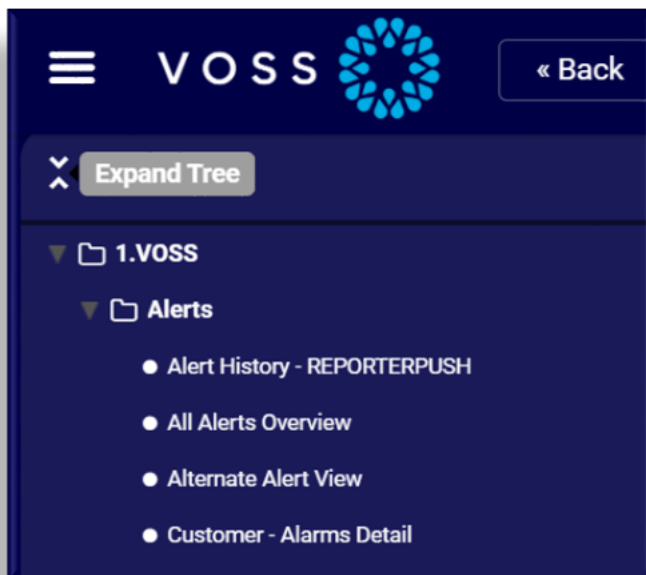
4. Dashboard and Reporting

4.1. Introduction to Dashboards

4.1.1. Dashboard Library

On the Insights Dashboard system user interface, you can access the dashboards library via the **Main Menu**  (hamburger icon). This panel displays all custom and default (VOSS reference) dashboards, reports, in folders and sub-folders.

To expand or collapse the entire tree in the panel, click the **Expand Tree** icon at the top of the panel.



Related Topics

- *Introduction* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- *VOSS Reference Dashboards* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- *Custom Dashboards* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- *Working with Dashboards* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- *Access Controls* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- *Reports* in the Dashboards Administration Guide.

4.1.2. Add a New Custom Dashboard

To add a new, custom dashboard from the dashboard library panel, click the **Add Dashboard** icon at the top of the panel. This opens a new page where you can add details for your new, custom dashboard.

Now you will need to create resource definitions and widgets to use in your dashboard.

Note: To make a custom dashboard based on a default dashboard, you can make a copy (clone) of one of the default dashboards, then modify the clone and save it as a new, custom dashboard.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Dashboard' configuration page in the VOSS Insights interface. The page is titled 'VOSS Insights' and features a search bar for 'Search Dashboards'. The configuration form includes the following fields and options:

- Dashboard Name:** A text input field with the instruction 'Give your dashboard a name.'
- Refresh Interval:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'Manual', with the instruction 'Select the interval you would like widgets to be refreshed.'
- Default Date Range:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'Last 5 Minutes', with the instruction 'Select the default date range for the dashboard.'
- Always use default range on dashboard load:** A checkbox option.
- Set as Default:** A checkbox option.
- Lock with Password:** A checkbox option with an adjacent password input field. A note below states: 'If this option is selected, the default range will always be applied every time the dashboard is reloaded. This includes moving away from the dashboard. The user will still be allowed to change time ranges during their session, but changes will not be preserved on reload.'

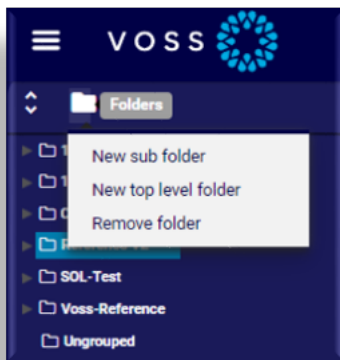
4.1.3. Add or Remove Dashboard Folders

Dashboards are organized initially in alphabetical order. When creating dashboards, you can organize these into folders that expand out into trees based on the order you define.

To add or remove folders in the tree, click the **Folders** icon at the top of the dashboard library panel. When removing a folder, first select the folder in the tree.

You can drag and drop a sub-folder into the relevant top-level folder, or drag the relevant dashboard into a folder.


Note: Dashboards with the same name can exist in different folders. The names of dashboards in the same folder must be unique.



4.2. VOSS Reference Dashboards

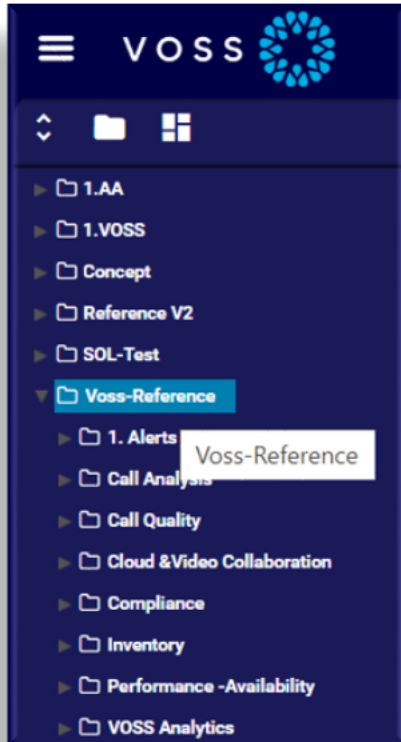
4.2.1. Overview

VOSS Insights Dashboard ships with a collection of standard, read-only, reference dashboards.

To access the reference dashboards, click the Main Menu icon (hamburger)  to display the dashboards library panel to the left of the GUI. Expand the tree to locate the **VOSS-Reference** dashboards folder. The dashboards are organized in several sub-folders.

While you can't edit, delete, or move the reference dashboards (or their folders), you can clone (copy) any of these dashboards, then modify the clone to create new, custom dashboards that meet your requirements.

Note: Dashboards are based on search definitions that extract data from one or more fields. These may be predefined search definitions that ship with the default dashboards, or definitions that you set up to create custom views of the data to meet the needs of your organization.



Important: The VOSS reference dashboards described in this topic is the standard set shipped with the latest Insights release. This collection may be updated at each software release:

- *Alerts Dashboards*
 - *Call Analysis Dashboards*
 - *Call Quality Dashboards*
 - *Cloud & Video Collaboration Dashboards*
 - *Compliance Dashboards*
 - *Inventory Dashboards*
 - *Performance - Availability Dashboards*
 - *VOSS Analytics Dashboards*
 - *Microsoft Teams Reporting Dashboards*
-

Related Topics

- [Search for Dashboards](#)
- Introduction to Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Custom Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Create a Probe in the VOSS Insights Arbitrator Administration Guide.
- Assigning a Probe to an Asset in the VOSS Insights Arbitrator Administration Guide.
- Introduction in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Search the Logs in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Network Observability in the Arbitrator Administration Guide.

4.2.2. Alerts Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for alerts:

- All Alerts Overview
- Alternate Alert View
- Certificate Alarms (Cisco)
- Customer Alarms details
- Global Alarm Tiered Analysis
- Policy Dashboard
- Service Impacting Alarms Detail

4.2.3. Call Analysis Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for call analysis:

Folder	Reference Dashboards
SBC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Audiocodes • Audiocodes API • Metaswitch
SIP - E1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call Analysis All • Cisco Call Detail - Cause Code Analysis • CUCM Route Pattern Analysis • Jabber Stats • SIP Trunk / Gateway Status

Note: Audiocodes dashboards display performance data collected via SNMP and the API from collection scripts and probes on the Arbitrator, providing support for SBC and Gateway, and allowing Audiocodes-specific alerting.

4.2.4. Call Quality Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for call quality:

- Call Performance and Voice Quality
- CUCM Voice Quality Site Performance

4.2.5. Cloud & Video Collaboration Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for cloud and video collaboration:

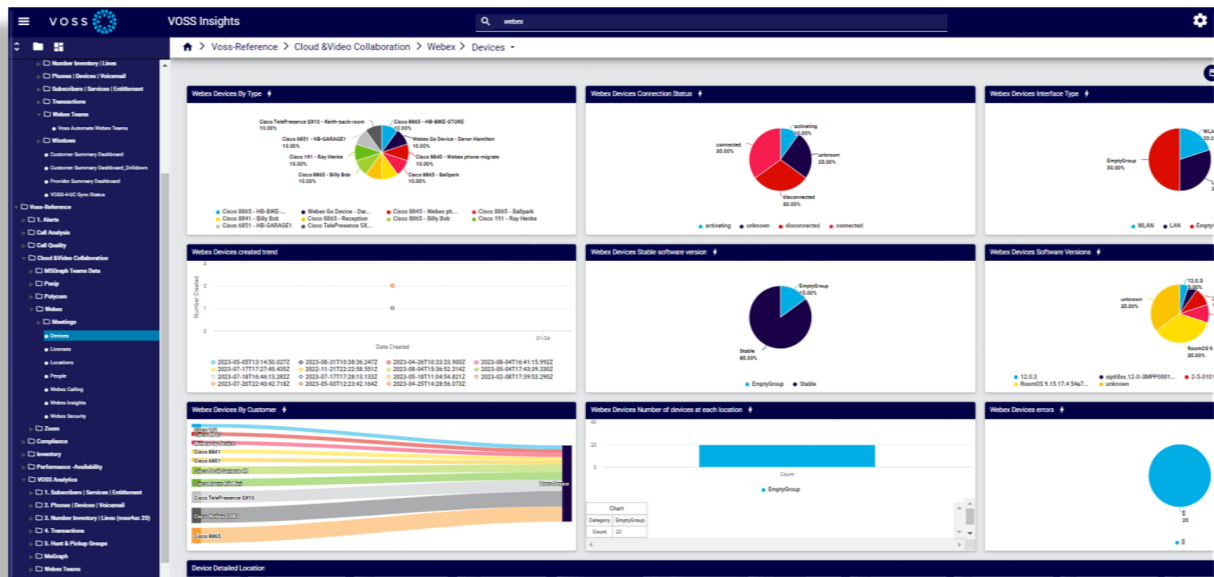
Folder	Reference Dashboards
MS Graph Teams Data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MSTEams Media Data • MSTEams Participant Data • MSTEams Segments Data • MSTEams Session Data • MSTEams Streams Data • 0365 Users • Teams Devices • Teams Groups • Teams Headsets • Teams Health Overview • Teams Issues • Teams Teamwork Devices
Pexip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pexip Capacity Management Reports • PexIP End-to-End Conference Status • PexIP End-to-End Conference Trend Correlation • Pexip Historical Call Report • Pexip Performance Reports • Pexip Real-time Reporting • PexIP with SFB End-to-End Conference Details
Polycom	<p>Reports on the health and status of Polycom meeting room devices for audio and video conferencing. For example, Polycom Device Status provides a system, software, and audio dashboard for Polycom devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polycom Connections • Polycom Device Status • Polycom Device Status Overview • Polycom other information

Folder	Reference Dashboards
Webex	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meetings (subfolder) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Meetings Quality – Meetings Who joined – Participant Summary • Devices <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Webex Devices By Type – Webex Devices Connection Status – Webex Devices Interface Type – Webex Devices created trend – Webex Devices Stable software version – Webex Devices Software Versions – Webex Devices By Customer – Webex Devices Number of devices as each location – Webex Device errors • Licenses • Locations • People • Webex Calling • Webex Insights • Webex Security <p>Webex dashboards can be used if your Arbitrator is configured for Webex.</p> <p>Using Webex xAPI to for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide in-depth location information (maps) • Detailed devices, room analytics, sound, ambient noise, rooms used, capacity, trends, device diagnostics, etc.

Folder	Reference Dashboards
Zoom	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zoom Additional Details Dashboard • Zoom Client Satisfaction • Zoom Meeting Participants Detail • Zoom Meeting Participants QoS • Zoom Meeting Telephony Details • Zoom Meetings • Zoom Meetings / Webinars QoS • Zoom Plan Usage • Zoom Webinar Detail • Zoom Webinars Participants QoS

Folder	Reference Dashboards
Logitech devices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Includes Intel NUC: memory, CPU usage • Hostinfo • Firmware versions • OS versions • Connection state • Products • Rooms users data • NUC: Percent User Time • NUC: Percent Idle Time

Folder	Reference Dashboards
Jabra Express devices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • device • room • softphone



Using the MS Graph Teams Data Dashboards

VOSS reference dashboards for Microsoft Teams Calls/Teams Room use Graph API for monitoring. The dashboards display data as graphs and charts, and then displays the same data in tables (at the bottom of each dashboard), so that you can print the information in the tables, in an easily readable format.

Note: Before you can use the MS Graph Teams Data dashboards to collect and display Microsoft Teams data, you'll need to configure the Microsoft tenant (on Microsoft); that is, to register the application and obtain a customer tenant ID, client secret, and client ID. You will need these details to input on the Arbitrator when enabling MS Teams monitoring (via **Archive Management > Configuration Management > API Config > MS Teams Config**). See the *Configuration* section in the Arbitrator Administration Guide for further details.



MSTeams Media Data Dashboard

This dashboard provides statistics on media for all calls, including:

- Video calls over time
- Audio calls over time
- VBS calls over time
- Wifi signal strength over time
- Send/receive quality ratio over time

- Events over time
- Concealed samples over time
- Audio degradation over time
- Packet loss percentage over time



MSTEams Participant Data Dashboard

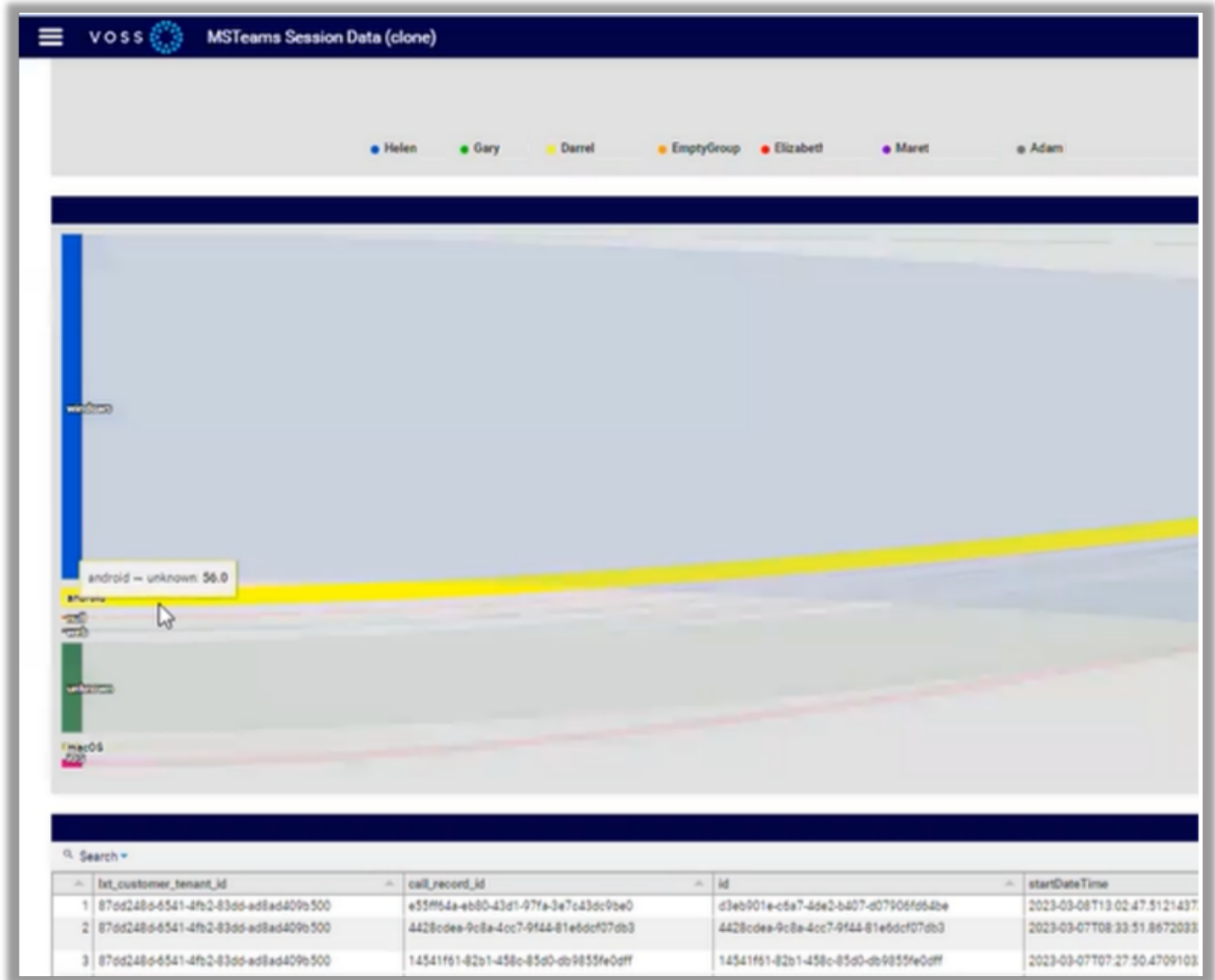
This dashboard collects and displays participant data, for example, top participants, and the number of calls per participant.

MSTEams Segments Data Dashboard

This dashboard collects and displays detailed call data (for caller and callee), and whether calls are internal or outside of the tenant you have set up.

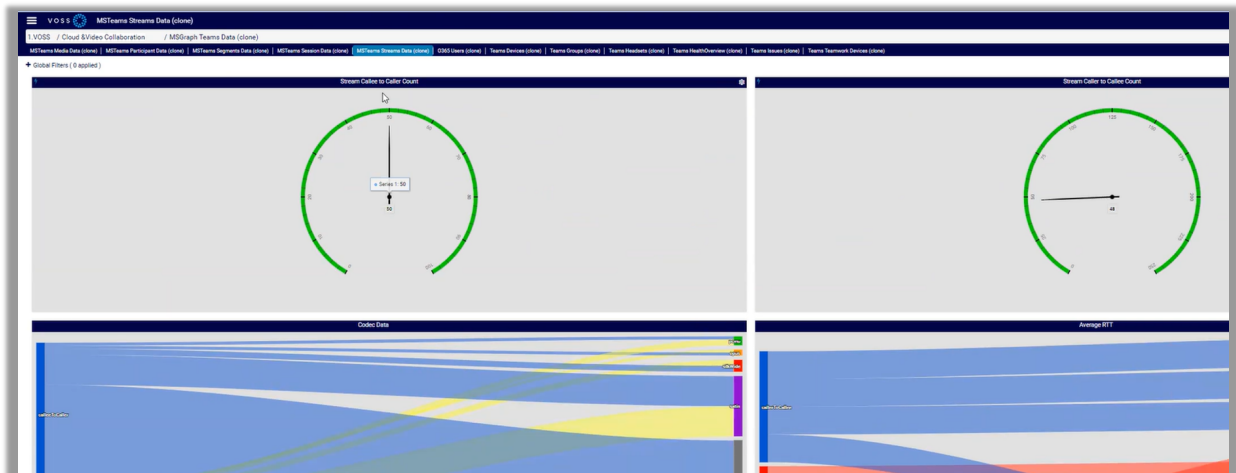
MSTEams Session Data Dashboard

This dashboard collects and displays session data, such as top ten callers, top ten called, user agents (the platform used, such as Windows or Android),



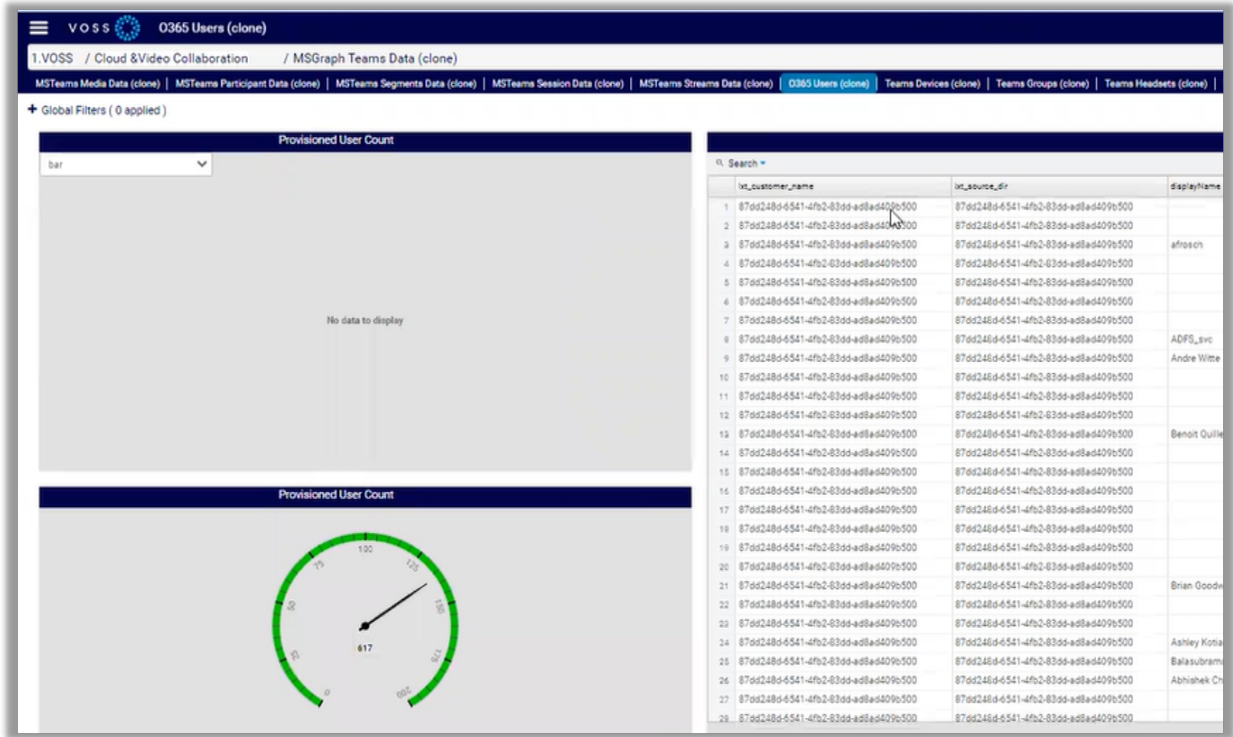
MSTEams Streams Data Dashboard

This dashboard collects and displays data such as the number of call streams that have gone out, caller to caller count, the codecs used, and round trip times (RTT).



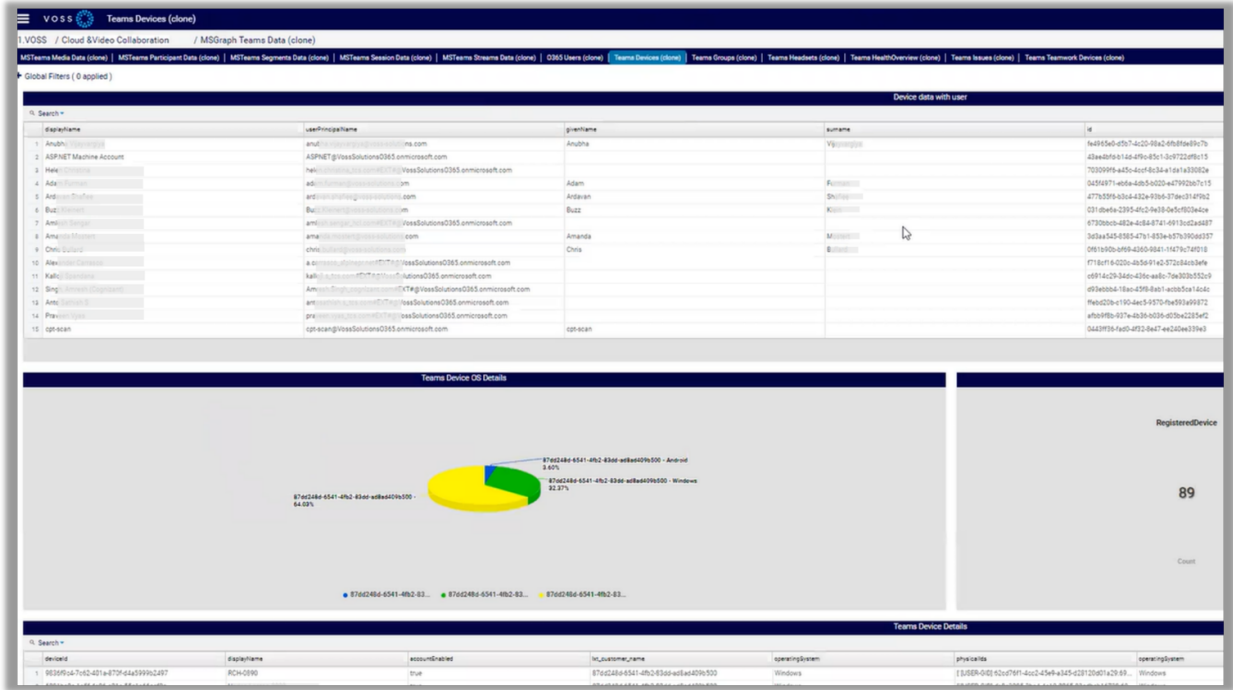
0365 Users Dashboard

This dashboard displays details for your 0365 users, including the number of 0365 users you have, their provisioning and other details.



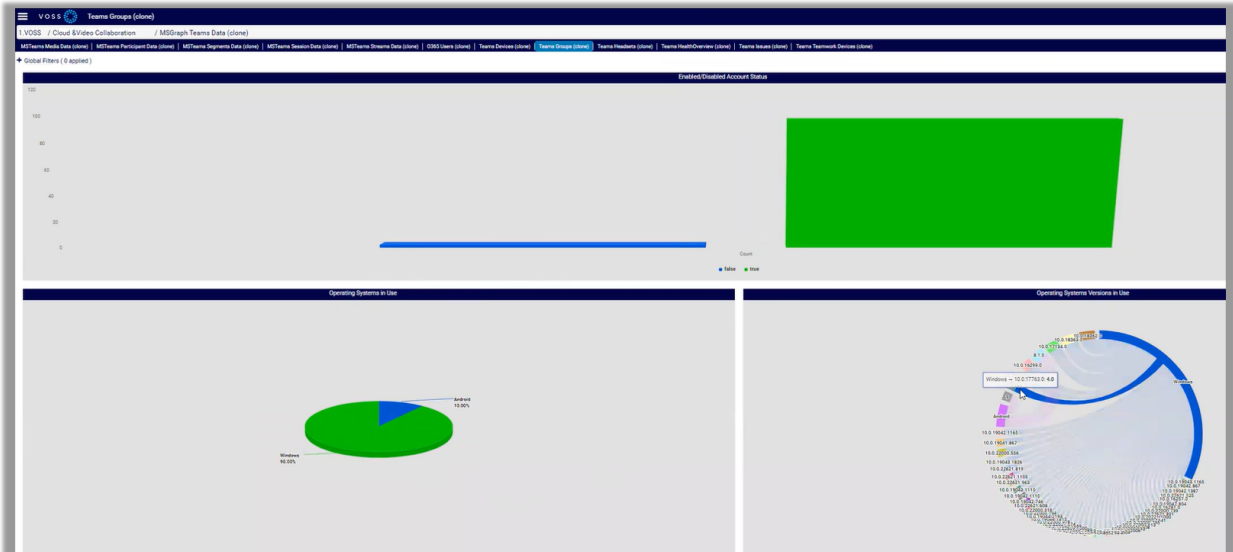
Teams Devices Dashboard

This dashboard provides details for the devices deployed in your environment, including devices per user, operating systems, and registration details.



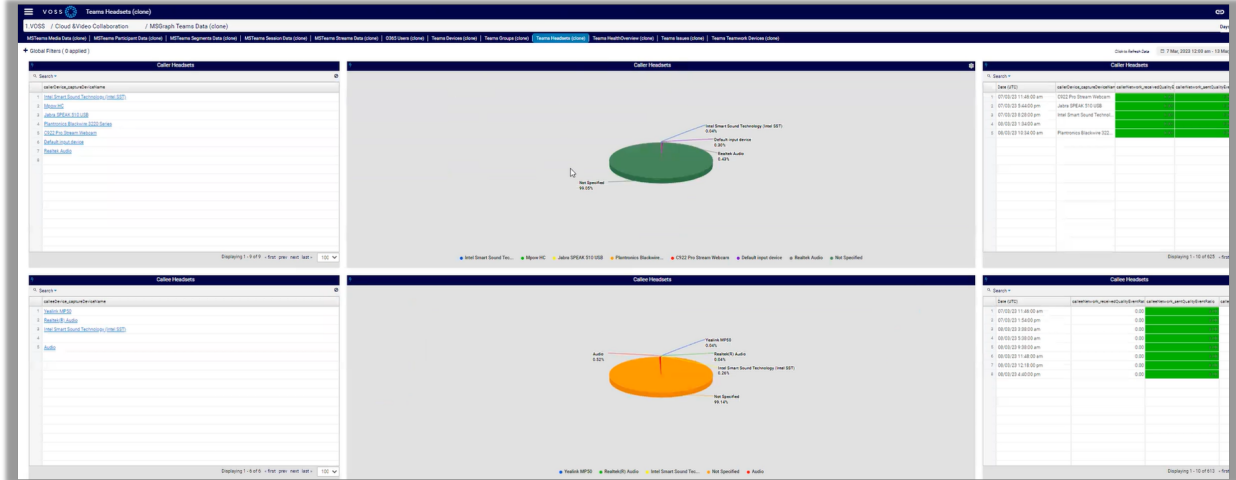
Teams Groups Dashboard

This dashboard collects data about enabled and disabled users, operating systems in use and their versions.



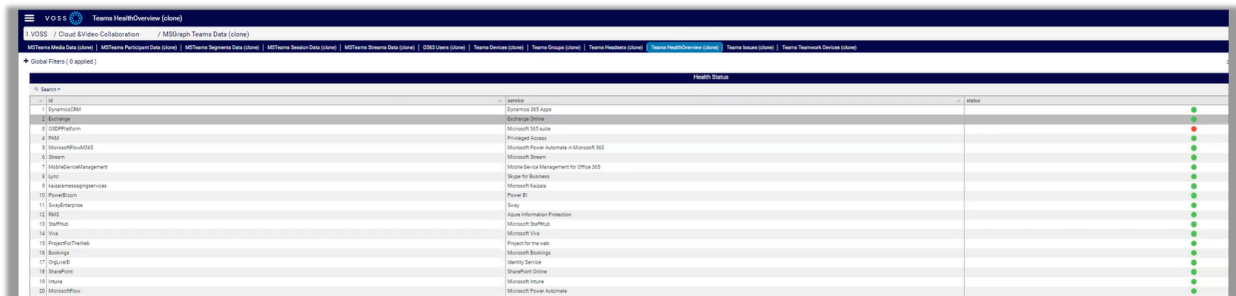
Teams Headsets Dashboard

This dashboard collects and displays data about the headsets in use, including device name and type, by caller and callee. You can click on a device to view further details, such as whether any issues are detected on the device.



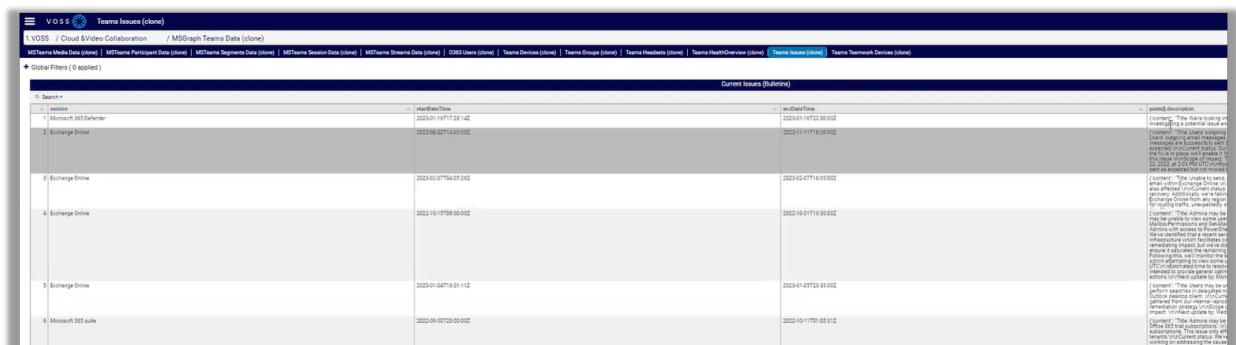
Teams Health Overview Dashboard

This dashboard collects hourly data from Microsoft to report on the health of apps and data on the remote Microsoft site, for example, service degradation is reported.



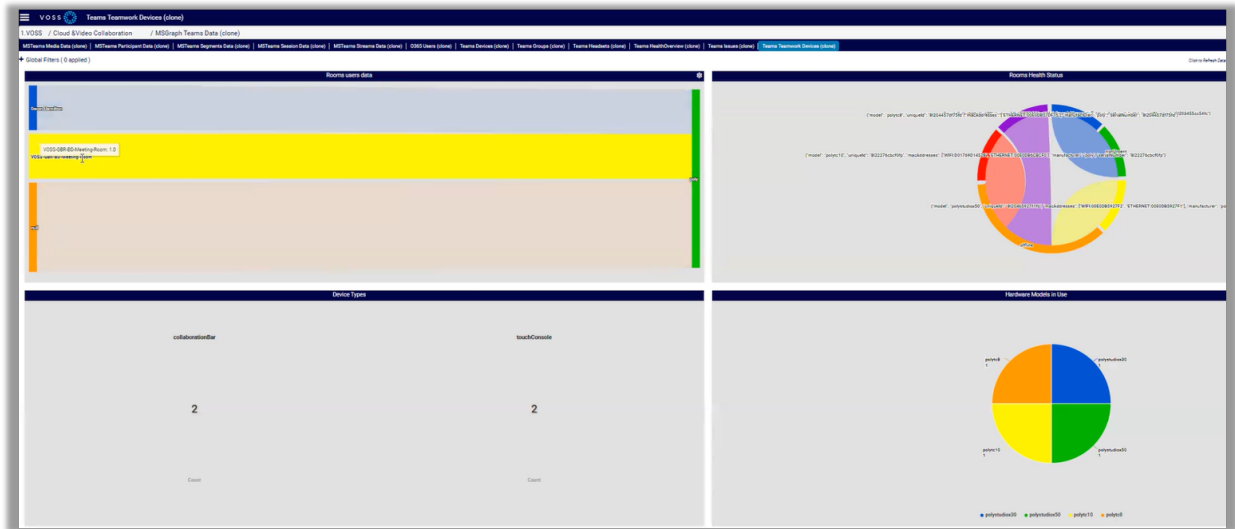
Teams Issues Dashboard

This dashboard detailed historical data for any teams issues.



Teams Teamwork Devices Dashboard

This dashboard displays MS Teams Rooms data, including configured rooms, software health status and activity status, type of Teams devices, and hardware models in use.



MSTeams Call Quality Dashboard

This dashboard allows you to view a list of all calls, and provides all details related to a call, such as:

- Wi-Fi signal strength on both sides
- The Wi-Fi bands that are in use
- Frequencies
- Events over time, such as send and receive quality
- Audio and video codecs in use
- Degradation, packet loss, max network jitter, round-trip times
- Calls with different events, such as calls with one-way audio
- Clipping
- Low bandwidth
- Alarms

If monitoring is set up for Automate, this dashboard displays licensing information (for the MSOL user via Graph), such as the number of licenses that have been consumed, who the licenses are assigned to, and call queue and auto attendant settings.

4.2.6. Compliance Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for compliance:

- Cisco CUC Voicemail
- Cisco CUCM Compliance
- Cisco CUCM Health Check
- Cisco Smart License clone

Using the Cisco Smart License Dashboard

The Cisco Smart License dashboard is a VOSS reference dashboard that you can clone to create a new, custom dashboard for monitoring reports to support license management for Cisco Smart Licensing. For example, to view details for license types and products, to monitor license status and usage over time, and to manage capacity and license costs.

To set up and use this dashboard:

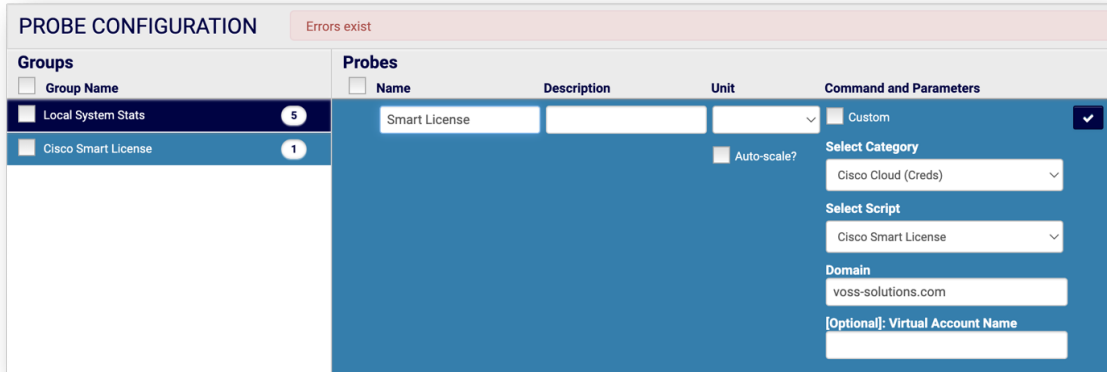
1. In Arbitrator, add and configure the following probe for Cisco Smart License: `getCiscoSmartLicense`

Name	Username	Password	Confirm
Cisco Smart License	CLIENT_ID	CLIENT_SECRET	CLIENT_SECRET

Name	Frequency	Credentials 1 & 2	Enabled
Local System Stats	30 Seconds	None & None	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Configuration for Cisco Smart License:

- Name: Cisco Smart License
- Frequency: 6 Hours
- Credential 1: Cisco Smart License
- Credential 2: None
- Start Time: Immediate
- Days: Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat



2. In Arbitrator, attach the probe to the relevant asset.

Note: The *getCiscoSmartLicense* probe for this dashboard ships with VOSS Insights. Once configured and assigned to the device you wish to monitor, the probe gathers Cisco Smart License data via Cisco Cloud Smart License API. You can view the data via the Cisco Smart License dashboard.

3. In VOSS Insights Dashboard, in the **Dashboards** panel, select the custom dashboard you created (based on the VOSS reference Compliance dashboard for Cisco Smart License).

View data in the dashboard, which provides further options for configuring filters and time periods for the data you wish to view.

Using the Cisco CUCM Health Check Dashboard

You can create a clone of the VOSS reference compliance dashboard, Cisco CUCM Health Check, for reporting on the following data:

- Software versions
- DHCP
- DNS
- NTP status
- SSH status
- Telnet status
- Web GUI timeout
- CUCM Diag status
- DB replication

To set up and use this dashboard:

1. In Insights Arbitrator, configure the following probes to gather status data from Cisco UCM (CUCM):

Probe	Commands to run to gather data
getCiscoCucmConfig	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • show status • show network eth0 • show webapp session timeout • utils ntp status
ciscoCucmServiceStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • utils service list
ciscoCucmDiagTest	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • utils diagnose test
ciscoCucmDbRep	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • utils dbreplication runtimestate
ciscoCucmDisasterRecoverHistory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • utils disaster_recovery history backup

2. In VOSS Insights Dashboard, select your custom dashboard (based on the VOSS reference dashboard, **Cisco UCM Health Check**), and view data.

The dashboard screen provides further options for configuring filters and time periods for the data you wish to view, based on these predefined definitions:

- arbitrator_cisco_cucm_config
- arbitrator_cisco_cucm_diagtest
- arbitrator_cisco_cucm_dbrep
- arbitrator_cisco_cucm_services
- arbitrator_cisco_cucm_disaster_recovery_history

You can run the following reports based on the dashboard data:

- Pub/Sub/TFTP uptime
- Diagnostic tests
- NTP Status
- Replication
- Service status
- Backup and disaster recovery
- Platform availability

4.2.7. Inventory Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for inventory:

- Cisco Headset Summary
- Device Inventory Dashboard
- Phone Inventory
- Gateways

4.2.8. Performance - Availability Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for performance (availability):

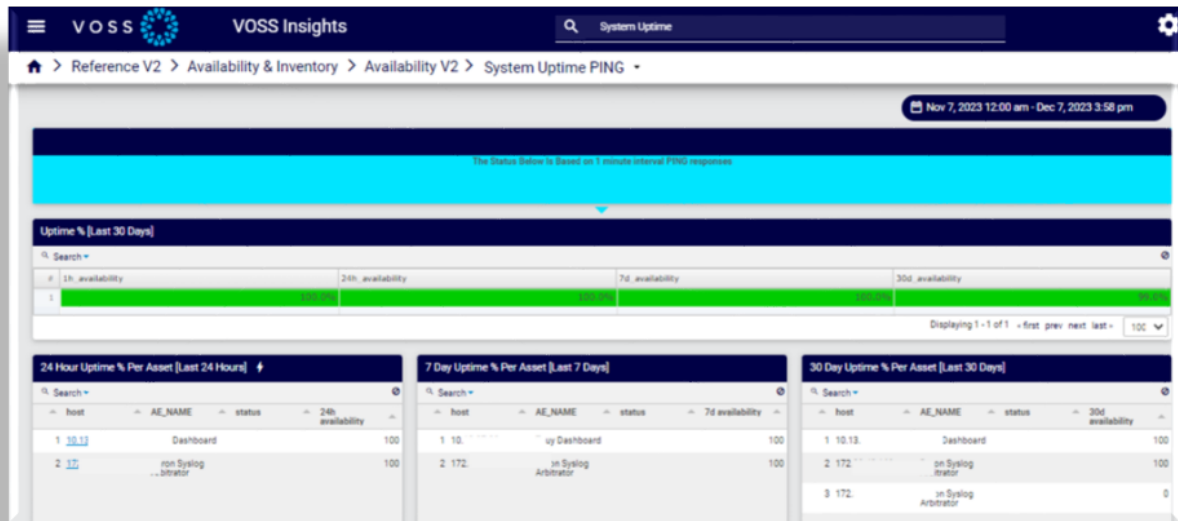
Folder	Reference Dashboards
Availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Uptime PING
Cisco	<p>Use the Cisco Performance dashboards to view data on performance-related statistics for Cisco devices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco CUCM RTMT data • Cisco Expressway • Cisco Gateways - Performance • Cisco Smart License • Cisco UCCX • Cisco UCCX RTMT data • CUCM Counters • CUCM CPU & Memory Utilization • CUCM Resource Summary • CUCM Service Status • UNITY Counters
Insights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insights Components Arbitrator • Insights Components Dashboard • Insights Components DS9
UCCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cisco UCCE CUIC • Cisco UCCE CVP • Cisco UCCE FINESSE • Cisco UCCE Overview <p>Cisco UCCE dashboards allow you to view monitoring reports for a Cisco UCCE deployment.</p>
Vmware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vmware Status
Windows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Stats

Note: VOSS reference dashboards for Insights DS9 are available if a VOSS Insights DS9 server is installed.

Using the System Uptime PING Dashboard

The VOSS reference dashboard *System Uptime PING* is a read-only dashboard that allows you to view and monitor system-level availability data. System Uptime PING displays live statistics for predefined parameters, such as *lxt_connect_time* and *lxt_total_time*, displayed as dashboard widgets, for a selected Arbitrator.

Note: To modify this dashboard you'll need to copy it and save it as a new, custom dashboard.



To set up and use this dashboard:

1. In Dashboard, clone and save a custom dashboard from the VOSS reference dashboard, System Uptime PING.
2. In Arbitrator, add and configure the PING probe.
3. In Arbitrator, attach the PING probe to the relevant assets (one or more).

Note: The PING probe ships with VOSS Insights. Once configured and assigned to each device that you wish to monitor, the PING probe stores historical availability results to the database.

4. In VOSS Insights Dashboard, point to an Arbitrator to view data:
 - a. In the **DASHBOARDS** panel, select your custom System Uptime PING dashboard (the one you created, based on the VOSS reference System Uptime PING dashboard).
 - b. Display the **Data source types** and **Data sources** fields (if hidden). To do this:
 - Click the toolbar Wrench icon, then select **Hide/Show** to display the **Hide Show Options** dialog.

- Select **Show Data source selector**, and click **Save**.

5. Choose an option:

- To view data for a particular widget, click the cog icon on the widget, then select **Edit Widget** to open the **Configure Data** dialog. In the **Resource** drop-down, choose the widget that defines the data you want to view in the dashboard, for example, *Day_availability_ping*), then choose a data source (the relevant Arbitrator), and click **Save**.

The dashboard displays data relevant to the widget and the selected data source.

- To view data for all widgets (global view), for a selected Arbitrator, choose **Data source type Remote Arbitrator Postgre** (global option), then from the **Data Source** drop-down, choose an Arbitrator.

Note: This option provides a live refresh of data for all widgets, for a selected Arbitrator.

To save this global data view, click **Save**. Alternatively, the page loads data in the widgets, and you can choose another Arbitrator in the **Data Source** drop-down to load data for the next Arbitrator for which you want to view data.

The page loads fresh data each time you change the value in the **Data Source** drop-down. Displayed data depends on data available from the Arbitrator for which you're running the query.

Cisco UCCE Dashboard with ListProcesses

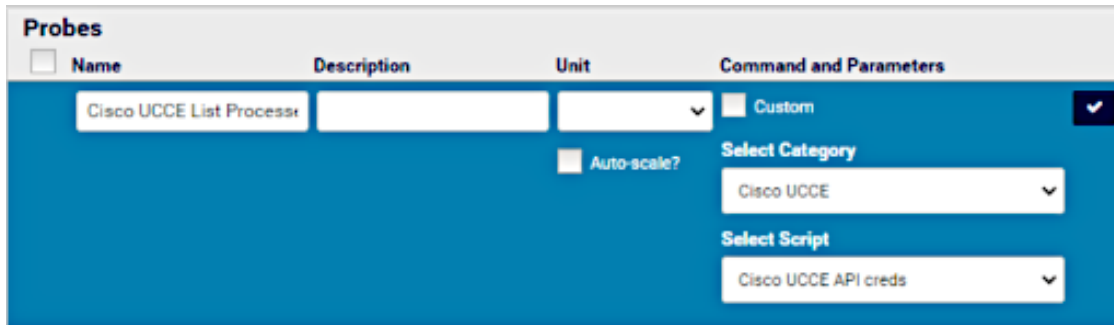
This dashboard provides monitoring reports for a UCCE deployment, including such ListProcess details as **Process Description**, **Process Status** and **Process UpTime** and **Service**.

Asset Name	Asset Description	IP Address	Service	Process Name	Process Description	Process Status
1 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	CTI Server 1A	nmm.exe	Node Manager Manager	pcoe-CG1A
2 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	CTI Server 1A	nodeman.exe	Node Manager	
3 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Cisco ICM Diagnostic Framework	DiagFwSvc.exe	Cisco ICM Diagnostic Framework	bin-DiagFwSvc.exe
4 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Outbound Option Dialer	baDialer_SIP.exe	ICM Dialer Component	pcoe-Dialer_BADialer_SIP_X [CM(X)-X] [CTI-Active,SideA,StandBy,Dis-Act] [Ports C:24,R:24,B:0] [MR-X] [SIP-X]
5 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Outbound Option Dialer	nmm.exe	Node Manager Manager	pcoe-Dialer
6 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Outbound Option Dialer	nodeman.exe	Node Manager	
7 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Peripheral Gateway 1A	eagt pim.exe	EAGTPIM EXE	pcoe-PG1A eagt pim - pim1 - [CM ACTIVE]
8 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Peripheral Gateway 1A	Jtapigw.exe	JtapigwJVMLauncher EXE	
9 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	Peripheral Gateway 1A	mdsproc.exe	Message Delivery System	pcoe-PG1A mdsproc - (InSvc Is-Enb Clk)
10 UCCE	UCCE	10.13.37.43	CTI Server 1A	ctisrvr.exe	CTISrvr	pcoe-CG1A ctisrvr - [ACTIVE ccoe-pg-1a-20 SecurityMode=MIXED (NonSecurePort: 42027, SecurePort:42030)]

To set up and use this dashboard:

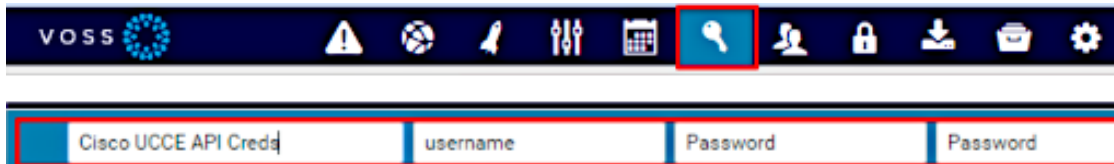
In Arbitrator:

1. Add the probe group, e.g.: **Cisco UCCE List Processes**.
2. Add the probe with settings as below:



Name	Description	Unit	Command and Parameters
Cisco UCCE List Process			<input type="checkbox"/> Custom <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Custom <input type="checkbox"/> Auto-scale? Select Category: Cisco UCCE Select Script: Cisco UCCE API creds

3. Create the credentials:



VOSS

Credentials

Cisco UCCE API Cred	username	Password	Password
---------------------	----------	----------	----------

4. Go to **Assets** and assign the probe to a device:

Templates/Profiles				
<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Frequency	Credentials 1 & 2	Enabled	
<input type="checkbox"/> Cisco UCCE Main Componen...	5 Minutes	UCCE & None	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1b-PING Monitor	1 Minute	None & None	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Name Cisco UCCE List Processes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Frequency 5 Minutes	<input type="checkbox"/> Failover	Start Time <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Immediate?
Credential 1 Cisco UCCE API Creds	Days <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat	
Credential 2 None		

In VOSS Insights Dashboard:

Use the resource `Arbitrator_cisco_ucce_processes` dashboard to view data.

Resource

Arbitrator_cisco_ucce_processes

Definitions

search for definitions

▼ Text Fields

- Asset Description
- Asset Name
- Hostname
- IP Address
- Process Description
- Process Name
- Process Status
- Process UpTime
- Service

▼ Epoch Date Fields

- lxt_timestamp_epoch

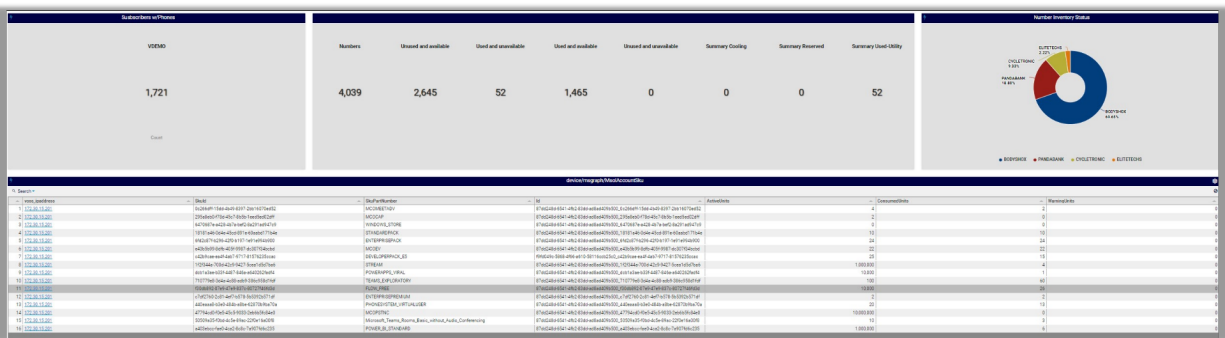
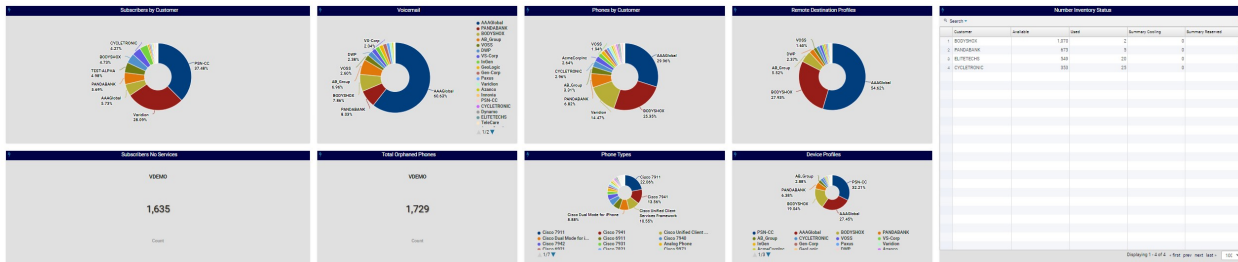
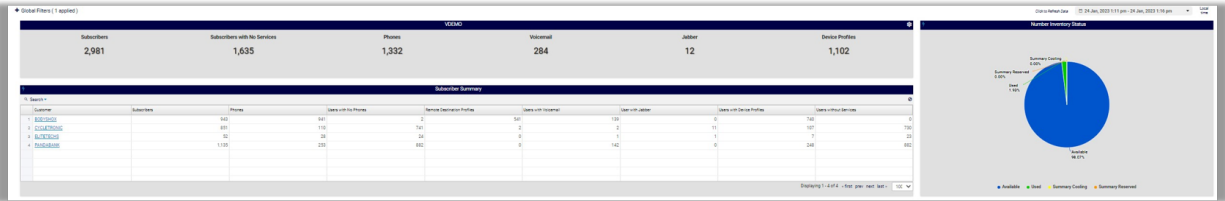
The dashboard screen provides further options for configuring filters and time periods for the data you wish to view.

4.2.9. VOSS Analytics Dashboards

VOSS Insights provides the following reference dashboards for VOSS Analytics:

Folder	Reference Dashboards
Subscribers / Services / Entitlement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Entitlement Detail • Entitlement Summary • HCS License Detail • HCS License Report • Service Assignment Summary • Subscriber Detail • Subscriber Services
Phones / Devices / Voice-mail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Device Profile Detail • Device Profile Summary • Orphaned Phones & Voicemail • Phone & Jabber Detail • Phone Summary • Phone Types • Remote Destination Profile Detail • Voicemail Detail
Number Inventory / Lines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E164 Number Inventory • Internal Number Inventory • Internal Number Inventory Detail • Lines & Call Forward Detail • Lines Summary
Transactions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transaction Details • Transaction Summary • Transaction Trends
Hunt & Pickup Groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hunt Group Detail • Hunt Pilot • Pickup Group Detail
MsGraph	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VOSS Msgraph • VOSS Msteams
Webex Teams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer Summary Dashboard • Customer Summary Dashboard_Drilldown • Provider Summary Dashboard • VOSS Sync Status <p>Webex dashboards can be used if your Arbitrator is configured for Webex.</p>
Network Observability	<p>Two read-only, standard dashboards:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Asset Impact on Locations • Synthetic Call Analysis <p>These dashboards present data that allows you to understand why events such as packet loss are occurring, and to monitor performance indicators on router interfaces.</p>

4.2. VOSS Reference Dashboards



device/magnum/MaxUser

Provider	Customer	FirstName	LastName	UserPrincipalName	Office	PhoneNumber
13	VOSS	Deron	Hamilton	deron.hamilton@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 402 1191
14	VOSS	Kelly	Mark	kelly.mark@voss-solutions.com	Reading	
15	VOSS	Marion	Taser	marion.taser@voss-solutions.com	Reading	
16	AB_Group	Alexia	Tomkiewicz	Alexia.Tomkiewicz@cityofhild.com	St. Stephens Ward	01835-703597
17	VOSS	Nyasha	Chigwenza	nyasha.chigwenza@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	
18	VOSS	Andreas	Karlsburg	andreas.karlsburg@voss-solutions.com	CL2-AB-C-Hamburg	8201118
19	VOSS	Grant	Wilson	grant.wilson@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	
20	VOSS	Rachel	Chikwa	rachel.chikwa@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 903 9940
21	VOSS	Jim	Morton	jim.morton@voss-solutions.com	Reading	
22	VOSS	Debbie	Robertson	debbie.robertson@voss-solutions.com	Reading	
23	VOSS	Daniel	Browne	daniel.browne@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	
24	VOSS	Jan	Payne	jan.payne@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	+1 469 206 0421
25	VOSS	Naseer	Bachman	naseer.bachman@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	
26	VOSS	Daron	Hamilton	daron.hamilton@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 402 1191
27	VOSS	Paul	Kruger	paul.kruger@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	+27 21 525 2048
28	VOSS	Kyle	Black	kyle.black@voss-solutions.com	Reading	
29	VOSS	Teet	User LR 5	teet@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+27 21 525 2048
30	VOSS	Leon	Sivaneppol	leon.sivaneppol@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	
31	VOSS	Mark	Oosthuizen	mark.oosthuizen@voss-solutions.com	Cape Town	+27 84 908 0512
32	VOSS	Seth	Schumacher	seth.schumacher@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 402 1191
33	VOSS	Janice	Lynchford	janice.lynchford@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 402 1191
34	VOSS	Tanya	Lynchford	tanya.lynchford@voss-solutions.com	Reading	+44 118 402 3372

Related Topics

- Network Observability in the Arbitrator Administration Guide.

4.3. Microsoft Teams Reporting Dashboards

4.3.1. Overview

VOSS Insights provides optional reporting components for Microsoft Teams that can be imported at install time, if required. These components allow you to obtain data from Microsoft Teams and to use this data to create dashboards for displaying and reporting on Microsoft Teams user activity and resource usage in your system. This includes data relating to, for example, devices, chat, meetings, and calls. Data can also be obtained for user licenses and subscribed SKUs, which allows you to determine how licenses are being used in your organization, and thus to manage license costs.

Call records from Microsoft Teams are pulled into the Arbitrator using Webhooks, and are used for alarms and reporting.

4.3.2. Preparing for Microsoft Reporting

To collect MS Teams data via MS Graph API for reporting and dashboards in Insights, you'll need to configure the Microsoft tenant (on Microsoft). You'll need to register the application and obtain a customer tenant ID, client secret, and client ID. You'll need to provide these details on the Arbitrator to allow Arbitrator to collect the data.

To collect and display MS Teams data:

1. In the Arbitrator, via **Configuration > Archive Management > Configuration Management tab**, choose the MS Teams tenant ID for the tenant from which you're collecting data.

This allows Arbitrator to collect the data from Microsoft Teams via the Microsoft Graph API, and to populate the relevant tables.

Note: See the *Configuration* section in the Arbitrator Administration Guide for further details.

2. In the Dashboard, create search definitions to display the data. See [Saved Search Definitions](#).

4.3.3. Resource Data

When creating or editing a widget, resources available for a selected data source include a range of Microsoft specific items. These can be identified by prefix: `ms_teams_`.

For example, call record data is available in the resources with prefix: `ms_teams_callrecord_`.

Insights Arbitrator can be configured to collect license usage data from Microsoft Teams via the Microsoft Graph API:

- `ms_teams_subscribedskus`
- `ms_teams_userlicenses`

4.3.4. Executive and Technical Level Persona Dashboards

The provided default dashboards are grouped into two persona levels:

- Executive level: summary information and visualization data focusing on license usage and user activity and trends, as well as diagnostics and performance.
- Technical level: detailed information and visualization data focusing on user and call details and analysis as well as service, endpoint and device performance.

The lists below provide information and examples of details of the widgets on the provided dashboards for these persona levels.

Management - Executive Summary

- **Microsoft Teams Adoption**

- Microsoft Teams - License Usage Activity

Includes annual cost, user activity and inactivity by time periods (months, weeks), as well as tenant and user breakdown by last teams activity and cost.

- Microsoft Teams Licensing - Trend

License usage by type, number of licenses used

- Microsoft Teams - User Activity

Active user counts by calling, meetings, chat; busiest days

- Microsoft Teams - User Review

Most active calling organizers, participants

- **Microsoft Teams Diagnostics**

- Microsoft Teams Session Review

Teams user activity trends, call counts, duration and quality

- **Microsoft Teams Performance**

- Cloud Health

- * Microsoft Teams - Microsoft Cloud Status

Service reliability, status, events and incidents

- **Microsoft Teams Users Device and Rooms**

- Microsoft Teams - Headset Performance

Top media capture and render devices, also by operating system and user

- Teams Teamwork Devices

Device types, hardware models, buildings and meeting rooms

Technical - Detailed

- **Microsoft Teams Adoption**

- Microsoft Teams - Detailed User Activity

Top and number of active users, calls and durations, consolidated meetings and chats, active teams user status

- Microsoft Teams - Usage Analysis

Total and volume of calls, meetings, modality, private and team chat

- **Microsoft Teams Diagnostics**

- Microsoft Teams - Call List

Vendor; call type, list and error; modality and quality

- Microsoft Teams - Call Summary

- Microsoft Teams - Call Debug

Call details, status, duration, quality; participant list; user agent details: caller and callee. Drill-down options are available to also show **Failures by Subnet/Location**.

- Microsoft Teams Session Review

User count; active users; calls count, volume trend, duration

- Microsoft Teams Call Feedback Ratings

- MSTEams Call Quality Alerts

- **Microsoft Teams Performance**

- Service Health

- * Microsoft Teams - Experience Overview

Service reliability status; call quality, over time; cloud service status; Jitter incl. audio; packet loss; round trip time

- * Microsoft Teams - Microsoft Managed Issues

Service reliability; cloud service status; top active event categories, service events, feature events; incident resolved indicator; Microsoft event list and journal

- Endpoint ISP Impact on Performance

- * Microsoft Teams - End User Locations and Service Provider Performance

Top locations and service providers by poor audio density and quality, video density and quality; call types; connection types

- **Microsoft Teams Users Device and Rooms**

- Microsoft Teams - Headset Performance

Top capture devices, also by device glitch ratio, not functioning ratio, most send and received quality ratios; user device list and feedback

- Microsoft Teams - Active Directory User List

User list: with user details

- Microsoft Teams Devices

Related Topics

- Introduction to Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- VOSS Reference Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Introduction in the Dashboards Administration Guide.

4.4. Custom Dashboards

You can create new dashboards based on a default dashboard that ships with the system, or create new, custom dashboards from scratch.

To create a new custom dashboard, use one of these options:

- Create a brand new dashboard. Click **Add Dashboard** from the dashboard library panel. See [Add a New Custom Dashboard](#)
- Choose one of the VOSS reference dashboards, clone it (make a copy), and modify it for your requirements to create a new custom dashboard. See [Working with Dashboards](#)

Related Topics

- Introduction to Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- VOSS Reference Dashboards in the Dashboards Administration Guide.
- Introduction in the Dashboards Administration Guide.

4.5. Working with Dashboards

4.5.1. View Dashboards

To access the dashboards library, click the toolbar **Main Menu** icon (hamburger) to expand the panel displaying a list of the available default and custom dashboards.

Note: Folders and dashboards display only if search definitions have been performed. You will need to create search definitions to view these items.

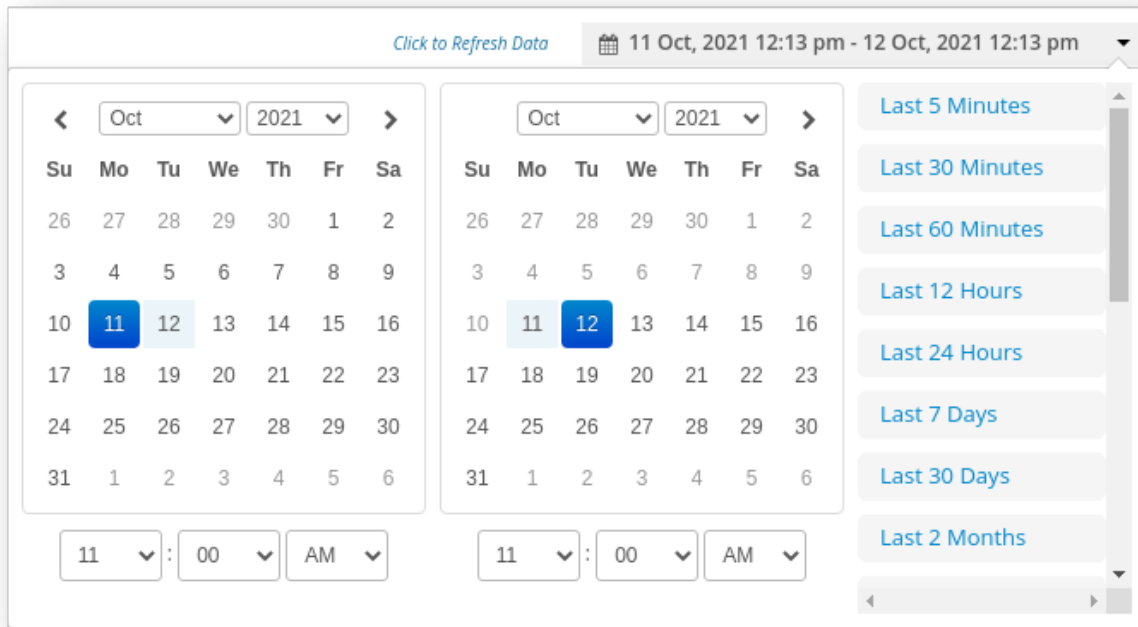
Related Topics

- [Add a New Custom Dashboard](#)

4.5.2. Define Dashboard Time Frame

Select a dashboard to define its date/time frame (the period for which data displays), which defaults to 24 hours.

Click on the date drop-down at the top-right of the screen to open the calendar, along with a list of pre-set time frames (for example, Last 5 minutes, Last 30 Minutes, Last Hour). Scroll through and select the date/timeframe that you want to include on the dashboard.



An option is available to toggle between **Local time** and **UTC time** in the display.

Note that, as with the search definition, the more time selected the more data to analyze thus time to render the widgets is based on the time frame selected and the amount of data to pull.

4.5.3. Clone a Dashboard

Cloning a dashboard creates a copy of an existing dashboard, which you can rename and edit to create a new dashboard.

Note: The VOSS Reference Dashboards are read-only. You can clone a reference dashboard then edit the clone to suit your requirements.

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Clone Dashboard** to open the Dashboard Editor with a copy of the dashboard's properties.
3. Change the dashboard name, then click **Save**.

The new dashboard you created (copy of an existing dashboard) opens. Now you can edit the dashboard widgets.

4.5.4. Edit Dashboard

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Edit Dashboard** to open the Dashboard Editor.

Note: The VOSS Reference Dashboards are read-only. You can clone a reference dashboard then edit the clone to suit your requirements.

3. Define a refresh interval from the drop-down to determine how often the system refreshes data from the database for this dashboard.
4. Edit settings as required, then click **Save**.

4.5.5. Add a Widget to a Dashboard

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Add Widget** to open the Add Widget dialog.
3. Select the widget type
4. Build the widget, then save your changes. See [Working with Dashboard Widgets](#)

4.5.6. Position Widgets on a Dashboard

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Position Widgets** to make the dashboard editable so that you can move widgets around the page and resize boxes.
3. You can drag the widget from the bottom right corner of the widget to resize it, or to move the widget, you can click on it and hold the mouse down, then move the widget to another location on the dashboard.
4. Save your changes.

4.5.7. Print Dashboard

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Print Dashboard** to open the Print dialog.
3. Fill out a title for print job, and choose print options.

For example, select **Place descriptions below legend** to place all description text in the widgets below the charts.

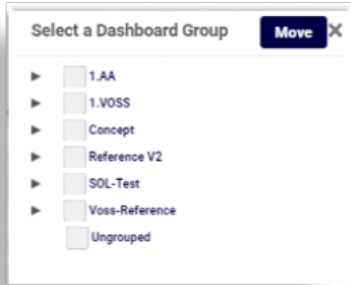
You can also select the design by choosing the number of widgets to place on a page, and you can upload a logo.

4. Click **Print** to print the report (or click the Close icon, X, to cancel).



4.5.8. Move a Dashboard

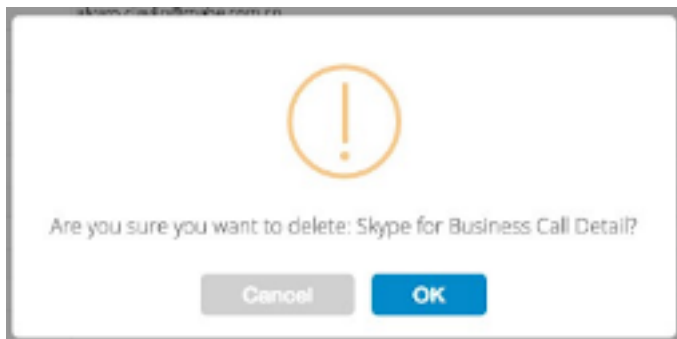
1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Move Dashboard**.
3. On the pop-up, choose the folder to where you want to move the dashboard.
4. Click **Move**.



4.5.9. Delete a Dashboard

1. Select a dashboard from the dashboard library.
2. Click the **Dashboard Operations** icon on the toolbar (vertical ellipsis), then select **Delete Dashboard**.
The dashboard will be deleted and removed from the menu.

Note: This does not delete the extraction definitions. You will need to go to the search screen for this function.



4.6. Working with Dashboard Widgets

4.6.1. Overview

Dashboards contain several editable widgets that you can configure in the **Widget Editor**. You can modify their look and feel, and configure the data presented in each widget.

Note: For details around adding a new widget to a dashboard, or for changing a widget's position on a dashboard, see [Working with Dashboards](#).

A widget is set up to define the data to display on a dashboard. The data may come from various sources, including, for example, data from CDRs imported to a directory, data collected by probes, or data synced from Automate. Regardless of the source, the system processes the data and populates the appropriate tables.

A CRON job, which runs every minute, processes the files to populate the tables on the Arbitrator. You can then set up a widget on the relevant dashboard and select the resource, for example, Oracle CDR data, and the required definitions (data to display), to retrieve and display this data on the dashboard.

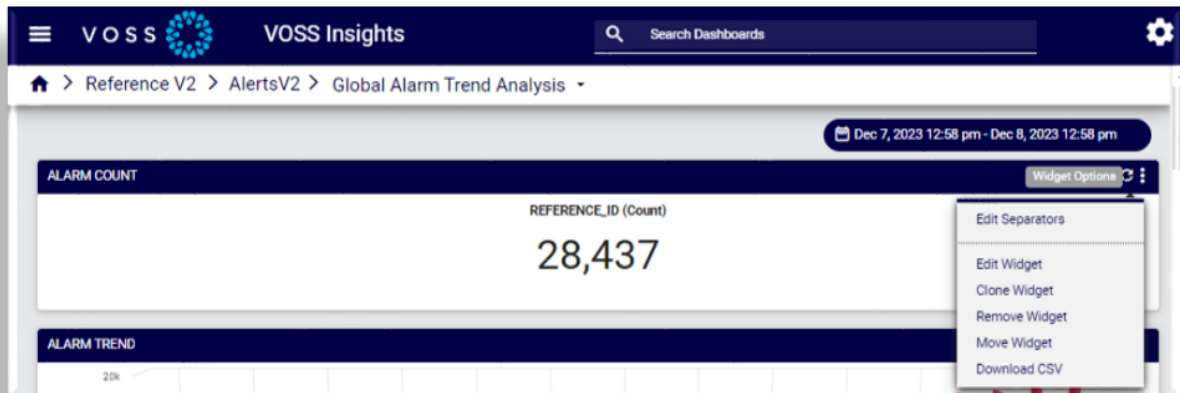
For details around choosing and configuring the resource and definitions for the widget, see [Resource Tab](#)

For details around adding customer CDRs to a directory, see:

- Add Customer CDR Folders in the Arbitrator Install Guide.



4.6.2. Widget Options

Options in the **Widget Options** menu depend on the widget type and user permissions. For example, *Save Chart* is only available if the widget type is *chart*.



The table describes the possible widget editing options:

Note: There are two icons at the top right of any widget:

- Refresh icon  - Performs a manual refresh of the data from the database.
- Widget Options menu  (vertical ellipsis) - Displays editing options for the widget

Option	Description
Save Chart	(Only available if the Widget is a Chart). Saves any widget to your desktop. This file can then be imported into documents for custom reporting.
Edit Separators	Opens a separate page where you can select one or more separators that you want to use on your widget, i.e. Left, Right, Top, Bottom or All.
Edit Widget	Opens up the widget editor, where you can edit the data and the analysis of the data that is represented on the widget. See <i>Widget Editor</i> for details.
Clone Widget	Creates a copy of the widget, which you can then modify to meet the specific data analysis needed. This is much quicker than creating a brand new widget/dashboard.
Remove Widget	Deletes the widget from the dashboard.
Move Widget	Launches a tree of all the folders and dashboards in the system. Simply choose the folder and click on the dashboard destination you want.
Download CSV	Downloads the underlying data (chart or table) to .csv, which you can save to your computer. The data will be pulled based on the time selected in the time-bar.
Download CSV - All data	Choosing “All data” downloads all of the table data in that widget (regardless of the time set in the time-bar) to a .csv file that you can save to your local computer. The “All data” option takes global filters into consideration.
Download Excel Workbook	(Only available if the Widget is a Table.) Downloads the table data to an Excel file that you can save to your local computer.
Download Excel Workbook - All data	(Only available if the Widget is a Table.) Downloads <i>all</i> the table data to an Excel file that you can save to your local computer. The “All data” option takes global filters into consideration.

Note: You can *filter* data in a widget before downloading a file option. Use the **Search** function of the widget. The downloaded file would then *only* contain the filtered data.

	TIMESTAMP (UTC)	ARBITRATOR IP ADDRESS	VERSION	USED DISKSPACE
1	13/10/21 1...	172.30.42....	sp11	145,958,97...
2	13/10/21 11...	172.30.42....	sp11	145,958,94...
3	13/10/21 11...	172.30.42....	sp11	145,973,52...
4	13/10/21 11...	172.30.42....	sp11	145,974,51...
5	13/10/21 11...	172.30.42....	sp11	145,974,34...


Related Topics

- [Build a Chart in the Widget Editor](#)

4.6.3. Widget Editor

The Widget Editor provides options for configuring data resources, settings for configuring how data displays, and drill down options. Configuring a widget in this way provides several powerful data analysis options.

To launch the Widget Editor:

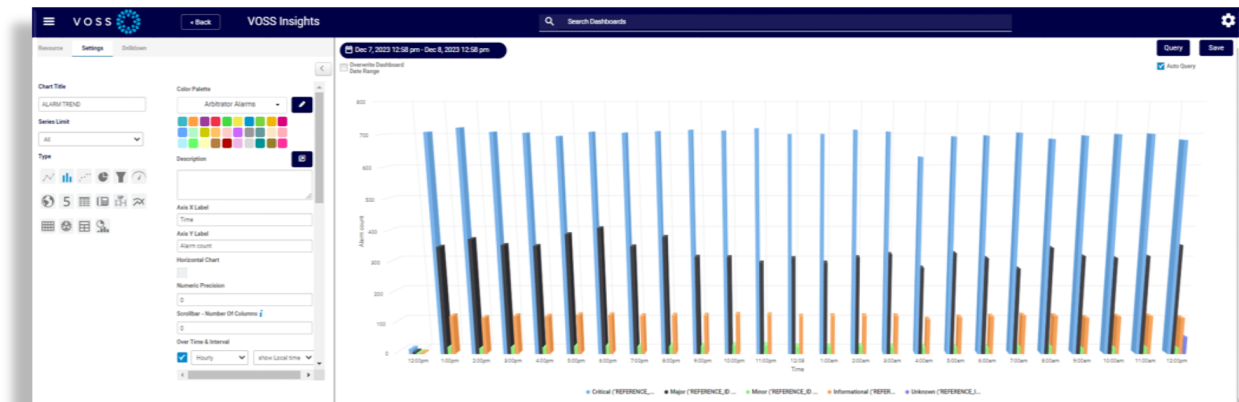
1. Open a dashboard.
2. Click the Vertical Ellipsis icon  at the top right corner of the widget you wish to edit, to display the Widget Options menu.
3. Select **Edit Widget**.

Update the widget via these tabs:

- [Resource Tab](#)
- [Settings Tab](#)
- [Drilldown Tab](#)

Chart pane in the Widget Editor

The panel on the right (the chart pane) on the Widget Editor page, displays data based on the widget configuration.



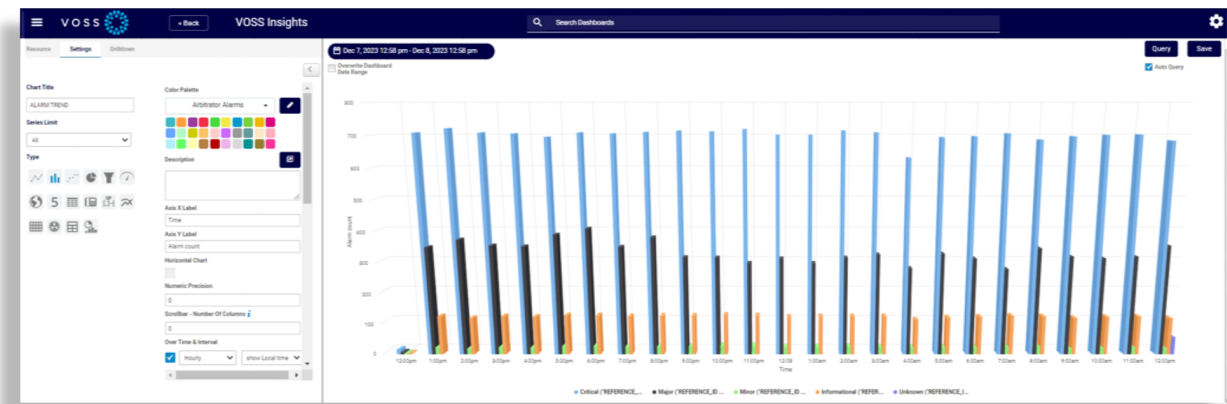
Note: If the widget you open for editing contains pre-existing configuration and data, this data displays in the chart pane without running additional queries. This means that you can view configuration changes immediately, based on pre-existing data.

The table describes the chart pane configuration options:

Configuration	Description
Date range calendar	Select a date range for the data you wish to analyze.
Overwrite Dashboard Date Range	Define whether to allow the widget date range to overwrite the dashboard date range.
Auto Query	Define whether to allow automatic queries. If you have this setting enabled, the system automatically runs the query to refresh data when you update the widget configuration. Disable this setting to limit the number of queries, and to only run the query manually once you complete the configuration. In this case, you'll click the Query button to run the query when you're ready to do so.

Resource Tab

This tab configures the widget's data sources, search definitions, fields, filters, and sorting.



The table describes the fields on the **Resource** tab:

Field	Description
Data Source	This drop-down lists all the databases to which the VOSS Insights platform has access. This can be its local database or it can contain multiple databases.
Resource	This drop-down lists existing resources. When editing an existing widget within a dashboard, the default name is the search definition used for that dashboard. However you can use this to pull data onto a widget from any defined search definition, thus creating a dashboard of widgets that analyze data from multiple data sources (Ex: Firewall, DNS, Router, Application) Data definitions are also available for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VOSS Automate MSgraph, MStears, and Spark objects (search for msgraph, msteams, spark). • Webex API data (search for webex). • Oracle SBC CDR (for visualization of Oracle SBC CDR data from Oracle tables)
Fields	Drag fields from Definitions that you want to analyze on the widget. You can add as many fields as required to a single widget.
Definitions	Definitions are categorized by type (Text fields, Integer fields, Float fields, Epoch Date fields, Calculated fields, and Filter Only fields), based on the data type extracted from the search definitions previously created and associated with the widget. First choose a resource to filter the field types and fields associated with the definition, then you can drag the required fields into the Fields panel on the left.
Filters	Allows you to set a filter definition for the widget. For example, filter only on values greater than 200. These filters allow the widget to be created to provide analysis of the data based on the specific context. Drag and drop fields here that you want to use as filters (from Definitions).
Additional Sorting	Allows you to set the starting order for fields that appear in a table. Using this field allows the column sort to be pre-set based on the fields dropped into this panel. Drag and drop fields here, from Definitions .

Note: Where dates are listed, the zero (0) value is not interpreted and shown as Jan. 1, 1970, but simply as 0.

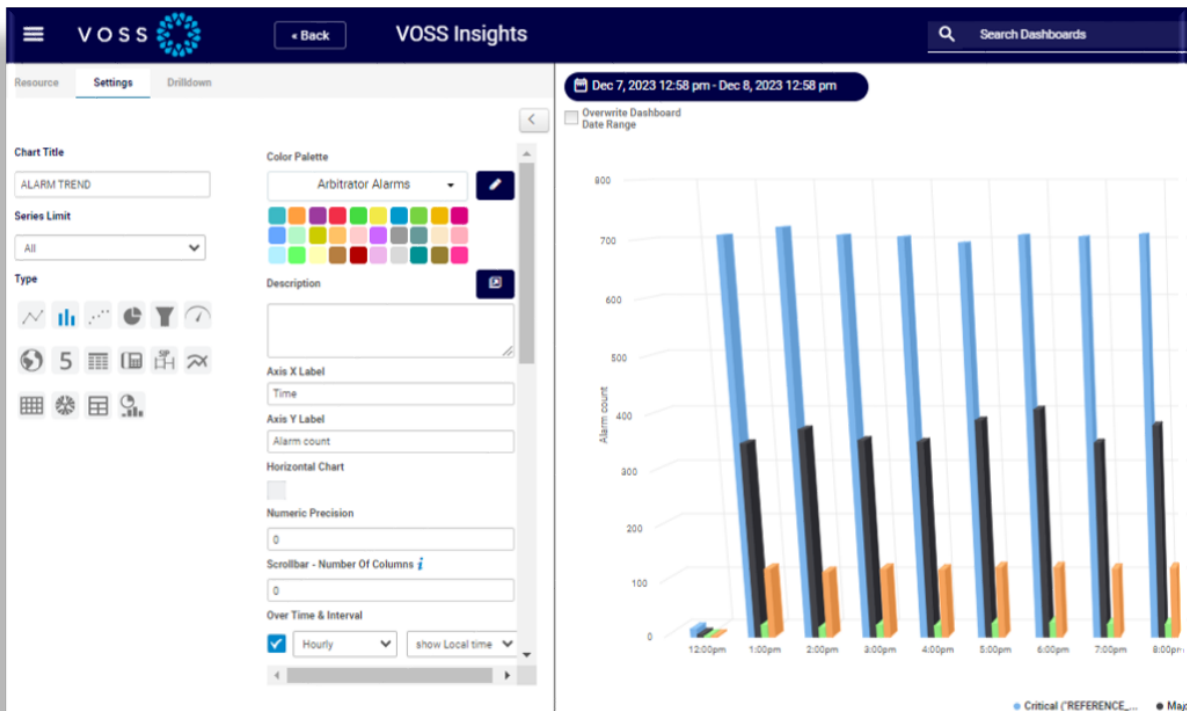
Related Topics

- For more information around working with fields on the Resource tab, see [Widget Editor - Fields](#)
- For more information around working with filters on the Resource tab, see [Widget Editor - Filters](#)

Settings Tab

This tab defines settings for charts on the widget, including the chart title, a description, the series limit, and the chart type. You can also define chart colors.

Additional configuration fields on the tab are based on the chart type you choose.



Drilldown Tab

This tab defines the drill-down field behavior and allows you to choose the fields that will display as drill-downs.



4.6.4. Edit a Widget

To edit an existing widget:

1. Open the relevant dashboard.
2. Click the cog icon (Widget Options) at the top right of the relevant widget on the dashboard to display the **Widget Options** menu.
3. Choose the relevant option for updating the widget, for example, you can refresh its data, edit, clone, or remove the widget, or download data.

Note: The widget editing options that display depend on the type of widget you're working with.

4. Configure the widget, then save your changes.

Related Topics

- [Build a Chart in the Widget Editor](#)
- [Widget Options](#)

4.7. Widget Editor - Fields**4.7.1. Overview**

Data elements in the **Fields** element of the Widget Editor have several analytic options, depending on the context of the field and the desired functions, (e.g. Integer Field with a SUM Calculation). The following field type options are available:

- Text
- Integer
- Calculate

Related Topics

- [Working with Dashboard Widgets](#)

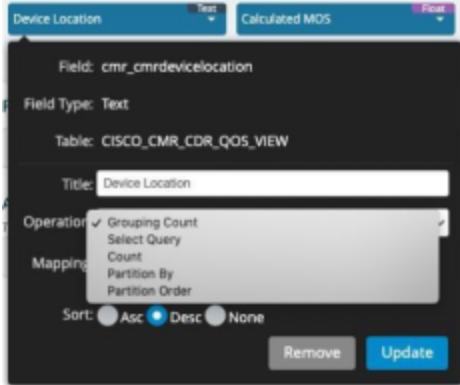
4.7.2. Text Fields

If the extracted field is a text field, the **Field Type** value is “Text”.

The **Title** is automatically populated with the field name from the log. This title can be changed to describe more accurately the data field.

An **Operation** box provides these options:

Option	Description
Grouping Count	Groups all of the same fields and counts the number of times they occur in the data, for example: Field is Acme Trading and it occurred 35 times. The output will be Acme Trading count of 35.
Select Query	Allows you to choose to output all records from the query without grouping them. Warning: This could result in a tremendous amount of data depending on the topic being analyzed. Example is a call table that could return millions of rows.
Count	Returns the total count of the value. If there are 1000 occurrences of the value “350” the output will be 1000.
Partition By and Partition Order	These two functions are specific to our PostgreSQL database and allow you to show the most recent or the earliest entries in the data. They are utilized with the “Select Query” on the data set.



4.7.3. Integer Fields

If the extracted field is an integer field then it will show *Integer* in the **Field Type**. The **Title** is automatically populated with the field name from the log. This title can be changed to describe more accurately the data field.

An **Operation** box provides eight options:

Option	Description
Grouping Count	Groups all of the same fields and counts the number of times they occur in the data, for example: Field is the value “350” and it occurred 10 times. The output will be 350 count of 10.
Select Query	Allows you to choose to output all records from the query without grouping them. Warning: This could result in a tremendous amount of data depending on the topic being analyzed. Example is a call table that could return millions of rows.
Count	Will return the total count of the value. If there are 1000 occurrences of the value “350”, the output will be 1000.
Min	Will calculate the minimum value that has occurred in the data and output that value.
Max	Will calculate the maximum value that has occurred in the data and output that value.
Avg	Will calculate the average value of all the data and output that value.
Sum	Will calculate the sum of all the data and output that value.
Variance	Will calculate the variance within the data and output that value. Variance is how far a set of integers are spread out, thus a variance value of zero indicates that all the values are identical.
Stddev	Will calculate the standard deviation within the data and output that value. Standard deviation will quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of the data set. A value close to zero indicates that the data points are close to the <i>mean</i> or the expected value while a high value indicates that the data points are spread out over a wide range of values.
Partition By and Partition Order	These two functions are specific to our PostgreSQL database and allow you to show the most recent or the earliest entries in the data. They are utilized with the “Select Query” on the data set.

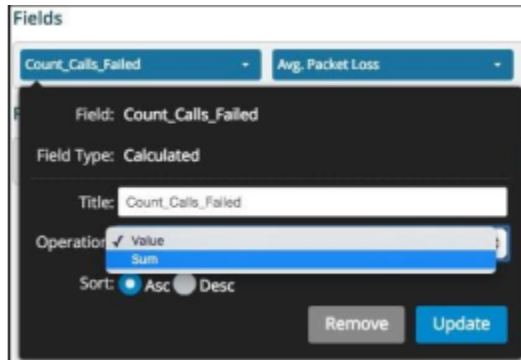


4.7.4. Calculated Fields

If the extracted field is a pre calculated field, then it will show *Calculated* in the **Field Type**. The **Title** is automatically populated with the field name used in the database. This title can be changed to describe more accurately the data field.

An **Operation** box provides two options:

Op- tion	Description
Value	Will output the exact value of the calculated field, for example: The calculation is the count of all failed calls then the output will be that value.
Sum	Will sum up all the values of the calculated filed, for example: The calculation is the call failure ratio then the output will be the sum of all of these values.



4.8. Widget Editor - Filters

4.8.1. Overview

This section allows filters to be applied to data elements being analyzed from the **Fields** element in the Widget Editor. As with Fields there are several analytic options depending on the context of the filter and the desired functions, i.e. Integer Field utilizing a greater than Calculation. The following options are available:

- Text
- Integer
- Calculate

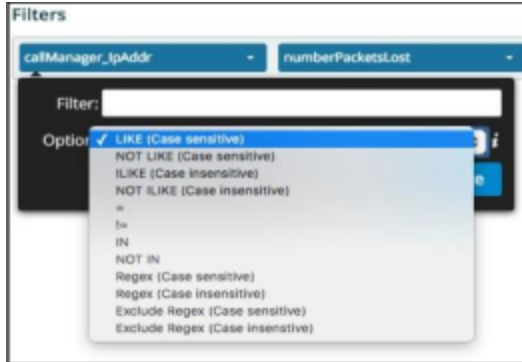
Related Topics

- [Working with Dashboard Widgets](#)

4.8.2. Text

There is an empty Filter box labeled **Filter** where the custom filter function needs to be input. Next is an **Option** box that provides/defines the filter that is applied in the filter box. There are 12 available filtering functions:

- **LIKE (Case Sensitive)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that matches the pattern from the extracted string. This function is case sensitive. An underscore (`_`) in the pattern indicates matches any single character while a percentage sign (`%`) indicates matches any sequence of zero or more characters.
- **NOT LIKE (Case Sensitive)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that does not match the pattern from the extracted string. This function is case sensitive. An underscore (`_`) in the pattern indicates matches any single character while a percentage sign (`%`) indicates matches any sequence of zero or more characters.
- **ILIKE (Case Insensitive)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that matches the pattern from the extracted string. This function is NOT case sensitive. An underscore (`_`) in the pattern indicates matches any single character while a percentage sign (`%`) indicates matches any sequence of zero or more characters.
- **NOT ILIKE (Case Insensitive)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that does not match the pattern from the extracted string. This function is NOT case sensitive. An underscore (`_`) in the pattern indicates matches any single character while a percentage sign (`%`) indicates matches any sequence of zero or more characters.
- **Equals (=)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that is equal to the pattern from the extracted string.
- **Not Equal (!=)** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that is not equal to the pattern from the extracted string.
- **IN** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that exists within a comma separated list, i.e. 1, 2, 3, 4.
- **NOT IN** - is a function that based on the pattern entered in the filter field will return the data that DOES NOT exist within a comma separated list, i.e. 1, 2, 3, 4.
- **REGEX (Case Sensitive)** - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract data. It is case sensitive.
- **REGEX (Case Insensitive)** - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract data. It is NOT case sensitive.
- **EXCLUDE REGEX (Case Sensitive)** - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract the data that doesn't match the pattern. It is case sensitive.
- **EXCLUDE REGEX (Case Insensitive)** - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract the data that doesn't match the pattern. It is NOT case sensitive.



4.8.3. Integer

There is an empty Filter box labeled Filter where the custom filter function needs to be input. Next is an Option box that provides/defines the filter that is applied in the filter box.

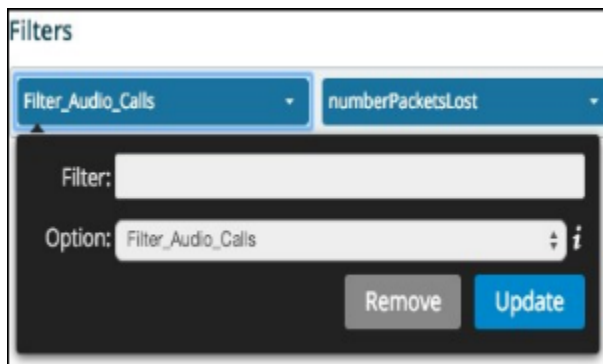
There are twelve available filtering functions:

- Less Than (<) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is less than the value from the extracted string.
- Greater Than (>) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is greater than the value from the extracted string.
- Less Than or Equal (<=) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is less than or equal to the value from the extracted string.
- Greater Than or Equal (>=) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is greater than or equal to the value from the extracted string.
- Equals (=) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is equal to the value from the extracted string.
- Not Equal (!=) - is a function that based on the value entered in the filter field will return the data that is not equal to the value from the extracted string.
- IN - is a function that based on the values entered in the filter field will return the values that exists within a comma separated list (i.e. 1,2,3,4)
- NOT IN - is a function that based on the values entered in the filter field will return the values that DOES NOT exist within a comma separated list, i.e. 1,2,3,4.
- REGEX (Case Sensitive) - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract data. It is case sensitive.
- REGEX (Case Insensitive) - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract data. It is NOT case sensitive.
- EXCLUDE REGEX (Case Sensitive) - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract the data that doesn't match the pattern. It is case sensitive.
- EXCLUDE REGEX (Case Insensitive) - is a function that utilizes POSIX Regular Expressions to extract the data that doesn't match the pattern. It is NOT case sensitive.

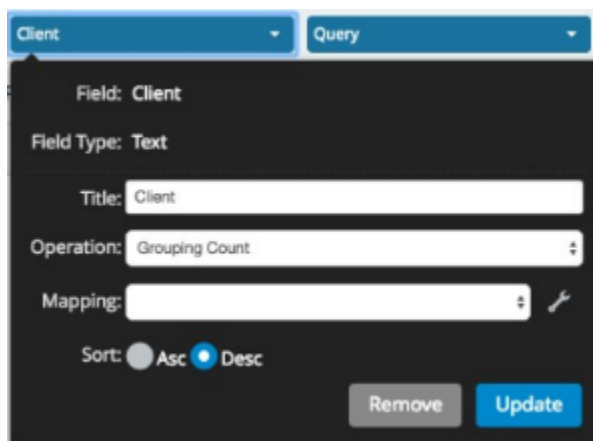


4.8.4. Filter Only

If utilizing a Filter Only value in the Option box there are not any additional options. This is a predefined function in the database and the system will utilize this for the filtered content.



4.8.5. Mapping



By clicking on the wrench icon, a page will pop up allowing a powerful feature of mapping data elements to common names. This can be any data such as Cause Codes to Cause Names, Location Numbers to

Location Names, Protocol Numbers to Protocol Names, etc. When applying a mapping to a Field then the mapped value will show up in the widget in place of the data from the log.

The screenshot shows the 'Mapping Details' interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with a list of categories: Cisco Call Termination Cause Codes (selected), Cisco Codec Types, IP Address to Hostname, IP Protocols, LSI, Connection Type, SIP Codes, Sonus Call Termination Cause Codes, and TCP & UDP Ports. The main area is titled 'Mapping Details' and includes 'Clone' and 'Delete' buttons. The 'Mapping Name' field contains 'Cisco Call Termination Cause Codes'. A dropdown menu is open, showing options: 'Regex' (checked), 'Greater Than', 'Less Than', and 'Range'. Below this, there is a 'Mapping Pairs' section with a '+' icon and the instruction 'Add all the values you would like to be mapped to a specific key.' There are three mapping pairs listed:

Key	Type	Value
No Error	Regex	(*05)
Unallocated	Regex	(*15)
No Route	Regex	(*25)

There are four flexible functions to utilize to map the data from the log:

- Regex
- Greater Than
- Less Than
- Range

The order of each mapping element is important since precedence is top down. You can rearrange them by clicking and dragging the keypad icon next to the **Key** label.

4.9. Global Filters

4.9.1. Overview

Global filters allow you to view, edit, and apply a set of filters to a dashboard you've opened in the main pane.

Note: To display a dashboard in the main pane, you can search for it, or select it from the tree view in the dashboard library panel.


The global filters are based on a data element extracted from a saved search definition and a resource defined for the dashboard.

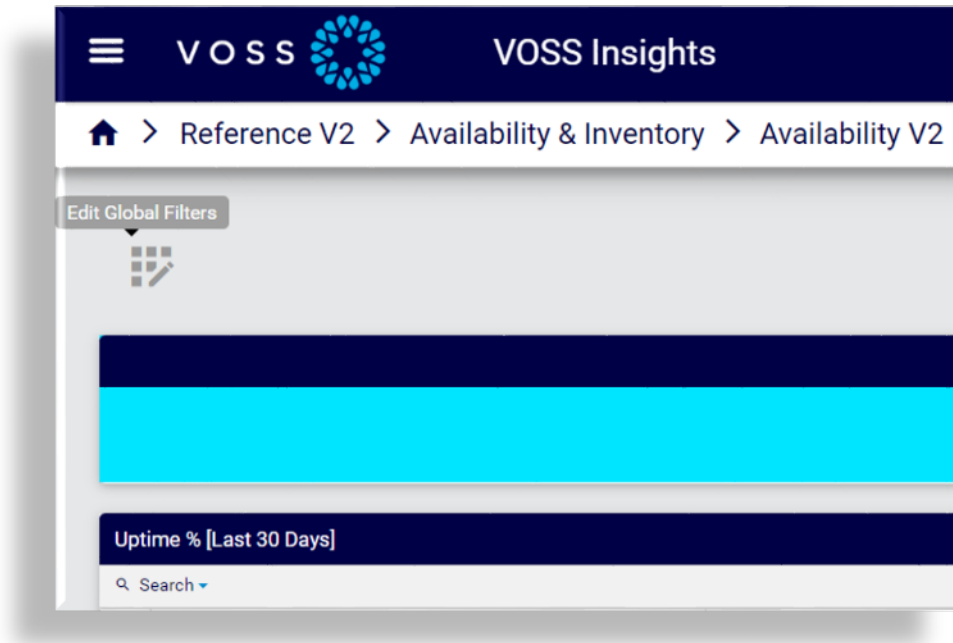
An example of a global filter is producing a performance dashboard by customer location. The widgets on the dashboard are all the performance statistics but the data is filtered by the customer location.

Related Topics

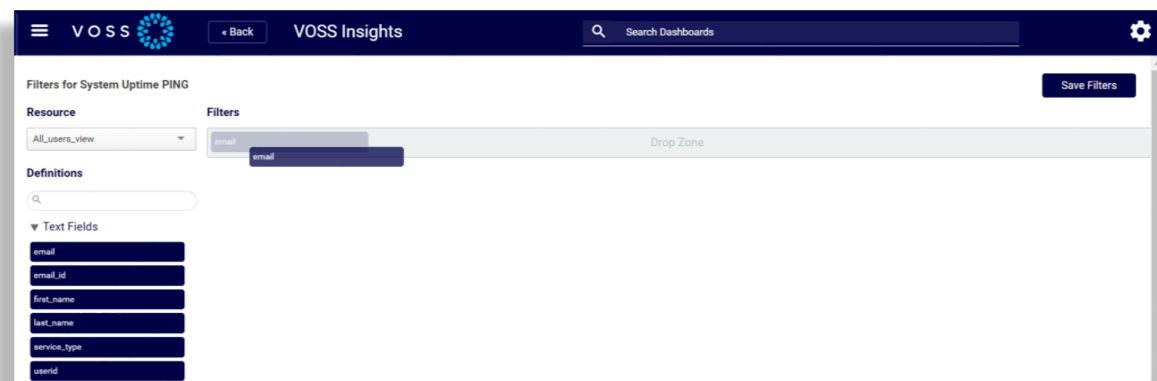
- [Saved Search Definitions](#)

4.9.2. Edit Global Filters

1. To show/hide the global filter configuration for a dashboard, open the dashboard, then click the toolbar **Show Global Filters** icon .
2. Click the **Edit Global Filters** icon to open the configuration screen for the filters.



3. On the filter configuration screen, select the resource and definitions to apply as a filter.



Note:

Global filters (and customer filters) work as an IN function that searches for exact string match in SQL. For example:

`IN (172.30.42.1, 172.30.42.2)`

You must type out all values in the search box (separated by commas), and then press Enter. If you press Enter after selecting each IP address, the search only returns data if all of the IPs are found in the field (which is unlikely).

4. Save your changes to return to the dashboard you're working with.

5. Building a Chart

5.1. Building a Chart Overview

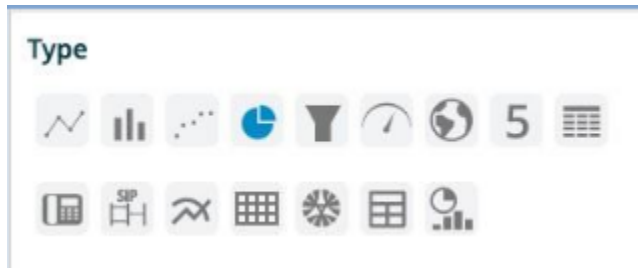
After you have the data elements defined for the widget then you can decide how to reflect the analysis. Just below the **Configure Data** section is a section defined as **Build Chart**.

5.1.1. Build Chart

Here you have several options to choose from based on the data type.

Type: There are 11 chart types exposed that can be utilized to display your data. (Line/Area Chart, Column/Bar Chart, Scatter Chart, Pie/Doughnut Chart, Funnel Chart, Gauge Chart, Card Chart, Table Chart, Call Hops and SIP Ladder Diagram.)

Each one has specific rules that apply to certain data elements. Example: Table data elements over time (i.e. DNS Entries for the day by IP address) will not display with a gauge type. Each chart type also will bring up specific options that can be utilized for that chart under the Settings section



5.2. Chart Types

5.2.1. Line / Area Chart

When clicking on the **Line Chart** the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the line plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. ([Color Palette Changes](#))

- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Axis X Label - Labels the X Axis (Horizontal) for the chart such as “Date”.
- Axis Y Label - Labels the Y Axis (Vertical) for the chart such as “milliseconds”.
- Area Chart - By selecting this check box the chart will display the area under the line versus simply the line within the chart.
- Numeric Precision - Select the decimal precision for each point.
- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this check box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly, and Monthly.
- Over Time Accumulation – Selecting this box will accumulate all of the values as they are represented in the chart versus each value.
- Show Data Table - Selecting this will display data in a table below the chart.
- Stacked - By selecting this check box the chart will stack the values on top of each other.
- Show Labels - By selecting this check box then each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Show Bullets - By selecting this check box then a bullet will be placed on the chart for each value.
- Show Legend - By selecting this check box then the Field Definition for the values being charted will be displayed in the position selected, with the associated color representation.
- Placement – Drop-down box providing options on where to place the legend on the chart.
- Show Alert Line - This allows a value to be set to show a threshold or “Alert” line on the chart and have it represented in a different color.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).



Settings

The screenshot shows a 'Settings' panel for a chart, divided into two main sections. The left section contains options for the chart's appearance and data handling, while the right section focuses on 'Overtime Accumulation' settings.

Left Section:

- Color Palette:** A dropdown menu set to 'Alert Severity Map' with a color palette grid below it. A blue edit icon is to the right.
- Description:** A text input field with a blue icon to the right.
- Axis X Label:** A text input field.
- Axis Y Label:** A text input field.
- Area Chart:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Numeric Precision:** A text input field containing the value '2'.
- Over Time & Interval:** A checkbox that is unchecked, followed by a dropdown menu set to 'Hourly' and another dropdown menu set to 'show Local time'.

Right Section (Overtime Accumulation):

- Overtime Accumulation:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Show Data Table:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Stacked:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Show Labels:** A checkbox that is unchecked.
- Contrast Label:** A checked checkbox.
- Show Bullets:** A checked checkbox with an information icon.
- Show Legend:** A checked checkbox, followed by a 'Placement' dropdown menu set to 'bottom'.
- Show Alert Line:** A checkbox that is unchecked, followed by a 'Value' input field containing '0', a 'Color' dropdown menu showing a red color swatch, and a 'Text' input field containing 'Alert'.
- Default Text:** A text input field.

5.2.2. Column / Bar Chart

When clicking on the Column/Bar Chart, the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- **Color Palette** - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the columns/bars plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. ([Color Palette Changes](#))
- **Description** - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- **Axis X Label** - Labels the X Axis (Horizontal) for the chart, such as "Date".
- **Axis Y Label** - Labels the Y Axis (Vertical) for the chart, such as "milliseconds".
- **Horizontal Chart** - By selecting this check box, the chart will display the columns/bars horizontally across the chart.
- **Numeric Precision** - Select the decimal precision for each point.
- **Scrollbar – Number of Columns** – Input the number of columns (vertical or horizontal) that you want to represent on the chart. A scrollbar will appear that will allow you to scroll through the remainder of the data while only representing the number of columns selected.
- **Over Time & Interval** - By selecting this check box the chart will display the data over the specified time based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly.


- Over Time Accumulation – Selecting this box will accumulate all of the values as they are represented in the chart versus each value.
- Show Data Table - Selecting this will display data in a table below the chart.
- Group Columns on Dimension – Selecting this will allow you to group the metrics on the dimensions being analyzed in the chart.
- Stack Type – By selecting this box the chart will stack the values based on the type selected: Stack, StackPercentage or Drilldown.
- Drilldown Overtime – Axis X Type: Select the X Axis drilldown for an overtime chart based on the “Category” or the “DateTime”.
- 3D - By selecting this check box the columns/bars will be displayed in a 3D representation.
- Show Labels - By selecting this check box, each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Contrast Label – Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.
- Show Legend - By selecting this check box, the Field Definition for the values being charted will be displayed in the selected position on the chart with the associated color representation.
- Placement – Drop-down box providing options on where to place the legend on the chart.
- Show Alert Line – This allows a value to be set to show a threshold or “Alert” line on the chart and have it represented in a different color.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).



Settings

Color Palette

Alert Severity Map ✎



Description 📄

Axis X Label

Axis Y Label

Horizontal Chart

Numeric Precision

2

Scrollbar - Number Of Columns i

0

Over Time & Interval

Hourly ▼ show Local time ▼

Overtime Accumulation

Show Data Table

Group Columns On Dimension i

Stack Type

None ▼

Drilldown Overtime - Axis X Type

Category ▼

3D

Show Labels

Contrast Label

Show Legend Placement bottom ▼

Show Alert Line Value 0 Color

Text Alert

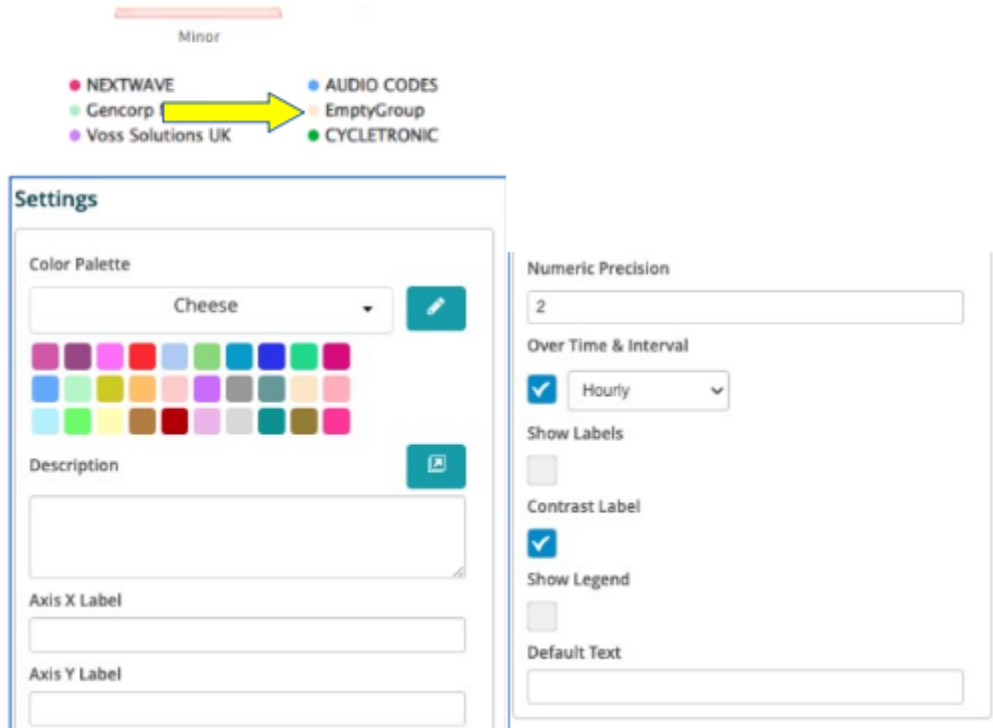
Default Text

5.2.3. Scatter Chart

When clicking on the Scatter Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the scatter plots plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. (*Color Palette Changes*)
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Axis X Label - Labels the X Axis (Horizontal) for the chart, such as “Date”.
- Axis Y Label - Labels the Y Axis (Vertical) for the chart, such as “milliseconds”.
- Numeric Precision - Select the decimal precision for each point.
- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this check box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly.

- Show Labels - By selecting this check box then each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Contrast Label - Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.
- Show Legend - By selecting this check box then the Field Definition for the values being charted will be displayed in the selected position on the chart with the associated color representation.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).



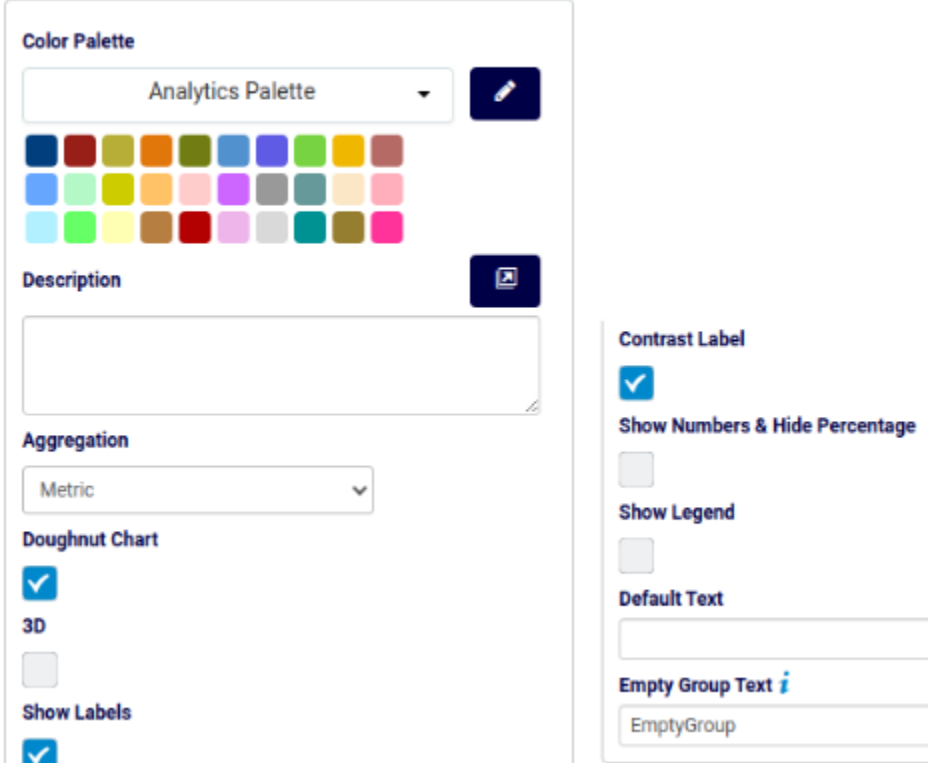
5.2.4. Pie / Doughnut Chart

When clicking on the Pie / Doughnut Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values and the Pie/Doughnut plots plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. (*Color Palette Changes*)
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Doughnut Chart - By selecting this check box the chart will turn into a Doughnut chart with the values plotted around an empty space in the middle versus wedges of a Pie.
- 3D - Show the chart in 3-D.
- Show Labels - By selecting this check box then each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Contrast Label - Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.

- Show Numbers & Hide Percentage - Allows the values / numbers to be shown on the chart versus the percentages.
- Show Legend - By selecting this check box then the Field Definition for the values being charted will be displayed in the selected position on the chart with the associated color representation.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).

Settings

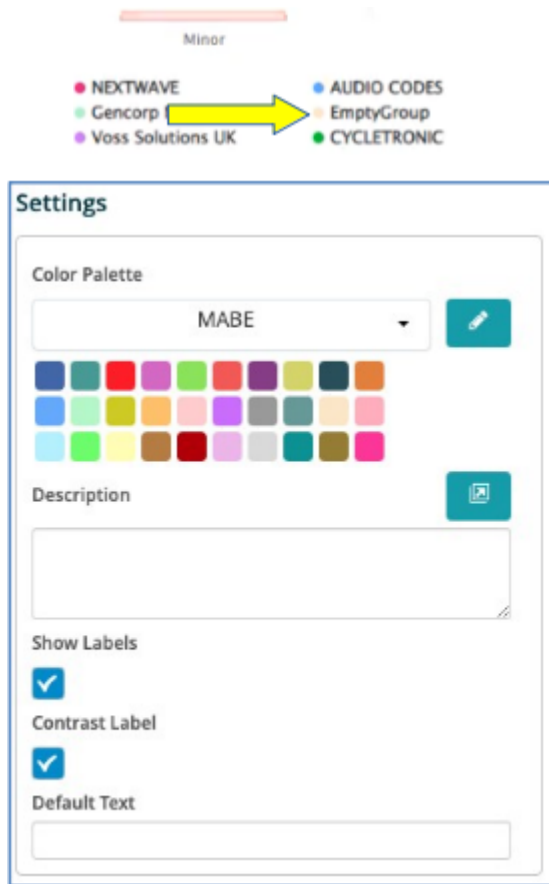


The screenshot shows a settings interface for a chart. On the left, there are several sections: 'Color Palette' with a dropdown set to 'Analytics Palette' and a color grid; 'Description' with a text input field; 'Aggregation' with a dropdown set to 'Metric'; 'Doughnut Chart' with a checked checkbox; '3D' with an unchecked checkbox; and 'Show Labels' with a checked checkbox. On the right, there are more settings: 'Contrast Label' with a checked checkbox; 'Show Numbers & Hide Percentage' with an unchecked checkbox; 'Show Legend' with an unchecked checkbox; 'Default Text' with an empty text input; and 'Empty Group Text' with a text input containing 'EmptyGroup'.

5.2.5. Funnel Chart

When clicking on the Funnel Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following options:

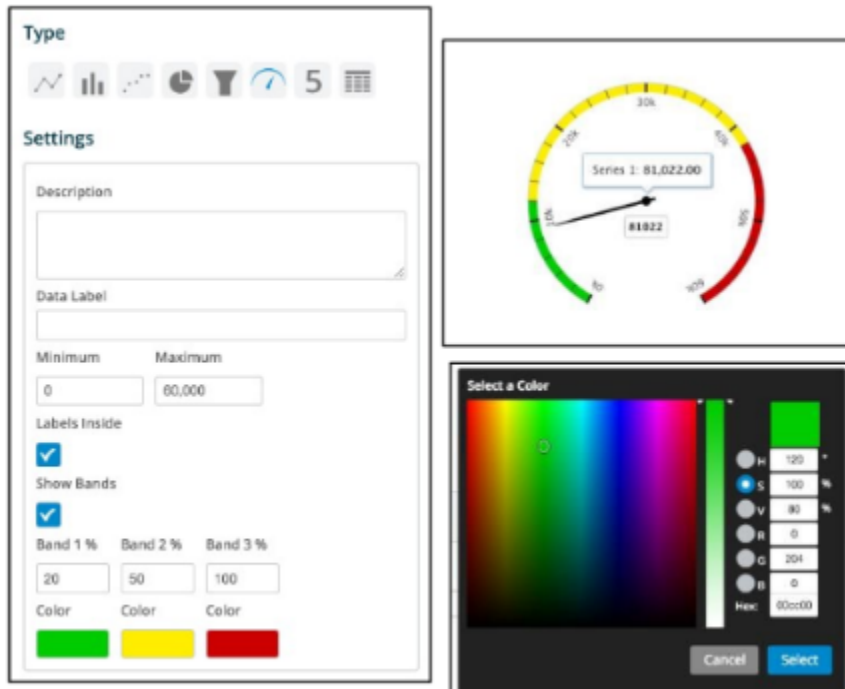
- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values and the funnel plots plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. ([Color Palette Changes](#))
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Show Labels - By selecting this check box then each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Contrast Label - Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).



5.2.6. Gauge Chart

When clicking on the Gauge Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- **Description** - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- **Data Label** - Labels the middle of the gauge with value from field extraction.
- **Minimum and Maximum** - Place the starting value (Minimum) and the ending value (Maximum) for the gauge needle to traverse, i.e. Start at 0 and End at 60,000
- **Labels Inside** - By selecting this check box the value will be labeled with the definition based on the field extraction.
- **Show Bands** - By selecting this check box then the gauge will have a maximum of 3 colored bands indicating certain severity levels. These are user defined thus a good, minor and major severity can be easily defined based on the data elements extracted. Simply place values for each color in the associated box to represent the percentage of the gauge band that color is to occupy. Tip: Make your major issue (Red) 100 thus simply modifying the good and minor automatically recalculates the major.
- **Modify each color band** by simply clicking on the color swatch. A color box pops up where you can select the hue or enter specific values to change the color.



5.2.7. Card Chart

When clicking on the Card Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. This chart option creates a card for each value to analyze. You have the following choices:

- Colour Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, and the Card plots, plus you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. ([Color Palette Changes](#))
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Hide Fields - Allows you to hide fields that you may not want to show on a graph. The field choice starts at 1 from left to right. Enter the number or numbers of fields you want to hide. Separate each by a comma.
- Colour Palette Option - This allows you to select a specific color for either the **Text** or the **Background** on the Card Chart.
- Card Type - This allows you to select the type of data to show on a Card. There will be additional options that open up based on the value selected here. The types are Data Card, MM Data Card (Multiple Metrics and Dimensions displayed on the Card), Trending Card (Provides a Direction or Color change to indicate the positive or negative trend for the data), Accumulated Trending Card (same as trending but based on the accumulated values versus the individual values).
- Layout Vertically - By clicking in the check box this will orient all the cards in a vertical fashion in the widget.
- Label Prefix - This allows a description of the element on each card to be placed before the value.
- Label Suffix - This allows a description of the value on each card to be placed after the value.
- Font Size - Select the font size for the Label Prefix/Suffix and the data element.
- Font Weight - Select the font weight, i.e. normal or bold.

- Format As Decimal - Check this box to add the decimal point to the value on the card.
- Display Text Only - Select this value to only show the text on the card.
- Empty Group Text - enter text to show if the group name is empty (instead of “EmptyGroup”).

Minor

● NEXTWAVE ● AUDIO CODES
● Gencorp ● EmptyGroup
● Voss Solutions UK ● CYCLETRONIC

Settings

Color Palette
Aj Codex

Description

Hide Fields

Color Palette Option
 Text
 Background
 Font Color

Card Type
Data Card

Layout Vertically

Layout Vertically

Display one dimension or one metric data.

Label Prefix

Label Suffix

Font Size
44

Font Weight
normal

Format As Decimal

Display Text Only

Default Text

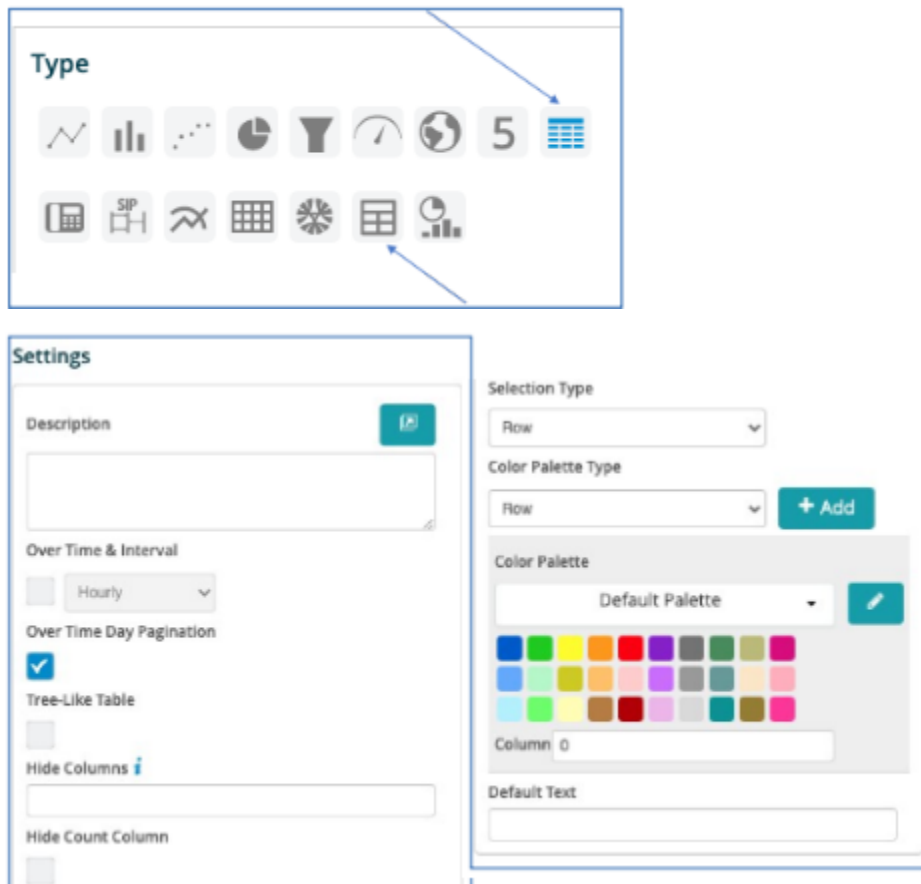
Empty Group Text
EmptyGroup

5.2.8. Table Charts

There are two table choices within the platform. When clicking on the Table Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection.

Table 1

Table 1 (Icon is indicated by the top row arrow).



You have the following choices:

- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly.
- Over Time Day Pagination - By selecting this box the table can be viewed page by page over the time interval.
- Tree-Like Table - If this box is selected then each row in the table will have an arrow indicator that allows a parent / child relationship within the row. Clicking the arrow opens up the children below. Clicking again displays only the top / parent level.
- Hide Columns - Allows you to hide columns that you may not want to show on the table. The column choice starts at 1 from left to right. Enter the number or numbers of columns you want to hide. Separate each by a comma.
- Hide Count Column - There is a default "Count" column added to the end of the table. Selecting this field will hide that column.
- Selection Type - Select Row or Cell. Cell will underline the field (similar to a URL) that is being used in the drill down selected at the bottom. Row is just a standard view.

- Color Palette Type - Select Row or Cell. This allows a custom color (based on values, regex, ranges or comparisons) to be applied to either the cell or the row.
- Color Palette Option - This allows you to select the specific color to apply, based on the selection above. The color palette is applied based on the calculation set up and applied to the column selected next to that field. (Starts with column 1).

Table 2

Table 2: Icon is indicated by the bottom row arrow).



Settings

Description 🗑️

Over Time & Interval
 Hourly

Over Time Day Pagination

Hide Count Column

Column Width Adjustment
Default

Show Metric Summary

Vertical Header

Table Field Renderer ⚙️

Table Tree Renderer ⚙️

Selection Type
Row

Color Palette Type
Row

Default Text

Overwrite dashboard date range

ASSET NAME	HOST NAME	IP ADDRESS	RULE NAME
Table Renderers			
ASSET NAME Text	Renderer Type Default		
HOST NAME Text	Options Prefix		
IP ADDRESS Text	Align		
RULE NAME Text	Hide Column <input type="checkbox"/>		
Occurrences (Count) Text	+		

You have the following choices:

- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.

- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly.
- Over Time Day Pagination - By selecting this box the table can be viewed page by page over the time interval.
- Tree-Like Table - If this box is selected then each row in the table will an arrow indicator that allows a parent / child relationship within the row. Clicking the arrow opens up the children below. Clicking again displays only the top / parent level.
- Hide Count Column - There is a default “Count” column added to the end of the table. Selecting this field will hide that column.
- Column Width Adjustment - Column widths can fit contents or can be customized.
- Show Metric Summary - Add a summary row to the bottom of the table.
- Vertical Header - Selecting this box will place the text within the header of each column in a vertical position.
- Table Renderers - By clicking the **Edit** button here it opens up a box with several options to design how you want to represent the data in the table. Included with this is the color palette as well. The fields are represented on the left-hand side. There are 4 Renderer types to choose from in that drop-down box:
 - Default - Just as it is present in the table
 - Text - Convert the data to text
 - Traffic Light - This is a colored ball that is driven by the values within the palette
 - Tick Cross - A symbol to represent the data type in the row)

The Tree Table Renderer configuration screen allows you to control how data is grouped per tree table.

Data table - customer and site levels

Search				
	product	ownerUserName	Count	
+			9	
-	AAAGlobal		9	
-	AAA-Boston	Cisco 9971	ba_user1	2
-	AAA-NewYork	Cisco 6911	emood11	1
-	AAA-Brisbane	Cisco 9971	nbisample76013	1
-	AAA-Brooklyn	Cisco Unified Client Services Framework	jsol	1

Displaying 1 - 1000 of 5,062 < first prev next last > 1000

Each selection provides for additional choices that are logically assigned. Additionally, you can choose to put in a custom prefix or suffix for the data. An example is a \$ or a metric such as Gbps.

- Selection Type - Select Row or Cell. Cell will underline the field (similar to a URL) that is being used in the drill down selected at the bottom. Row is just a standard view.
- Color Palette Type - Select Row or Cell. This allows a custom color (based on values, regex, ranges or comparisons) to be applied to either the cell or the row.

Search Box

Table charts also show a search box for displayed fields. Values can be searched for by a range of matching operators, including regex.

Search

Customer	equals	
Site	equals	
Name	equals	
Voicemail Usage	equals	

Reset Search

Voicemail Usage

false

Search operators dropdown:

- equals
- not equal
- starts with
- ends with
- contains
- in
- not in
- regex
- exclude regex

The example below illustrates the results of a combined “ends with” and regex *SEP[0A]* (contains *SEP* followed by either *0* or *A*):

Search

Customer equals

Orig. Device Location ends with BWG1

Orig. Device Name regex SEP[0A]

Caller Party equals

Orig. IP equals

Orig. Media Transport IP equals

Orig. Cause Evaluation regex

Orig. Called Party equals

Final Called Party equals

Time Connect (UTC)	Orig. Device Location	Orig. Device Name
1:24 ... 01/01/70 12:00:00 ...	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP00E16D15ED77
04 pm 29/04/21 3:01:05 pm	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP00E16D15ED77
08 am 01/02/70 12:00:00 ...	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP0013C429890F
07 pm 01/01/70 12:00:00 ...	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP000427D407DA
25 pm 30/04/21 4:09:34 pm	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP000427D407DA
11 pm 01/01/70 12:00:00 ...	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP000427D407DA
42 pm 30/04/21 4:10:49 pm	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEP000427D407DA
00 pm 30/04/21 4:16:12 pm	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEPAAAA08441193
40 pm 01/01/70 12:00:00 ...	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEPAAAA08441193
29 pm 30/04/21 4:20:36 pm	Cu226-VOSS-RDG-CL1-BWG1	SEPAAAA08441193

regex=SEP[0A]

5.2.9. Call Hop Charts

When clicking on the Call Hop Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. This chart option creates a view where all the individual hops of the call are visible along with each hop latency.

- **Color Palette** - The color palette can be utilized to design specific highlight colors based on the amount of latency on each hop. For example: If a hop is over 200ms of latency that value on that hop can be colored red. The color palette is a choice for the user.
- **Description** - A complete description of what this chart and widget represents can be typed in this box. This description will show up when you click the “i” in the top right corner of the widget.
- **Call Displaying Type** - There are two choices. Call Hops utilized for Skype for Business and Call Paths utilized for Avaya RTCP.
- The boxes just under the description are auto created based on the fields dragged out on the “Fields” bar. The numbers can be changed to represent the position that each of these fields show in the Call Hop chart. The last box **Metric Suffix** allows you to enter the metric measurement that the latency is presented in, i.e. ms for milliseconds.

Type

Settings

Color Palette

Optus

Description

Time

1

Caller Column

2

Callee Column

3

Metric Column

6

Hop Column

5

IP Column

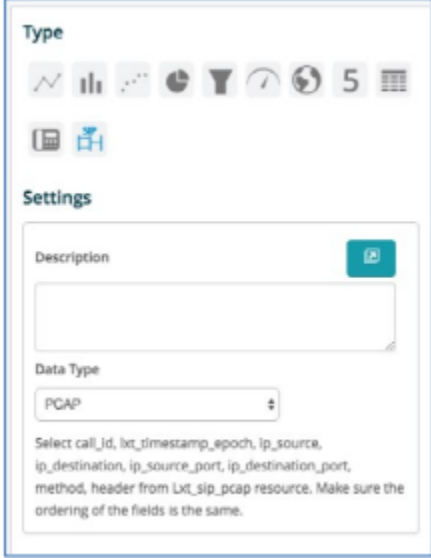
4

Metric Suffix

5.2.10. SIP Signaling Ladder Diagram Charts

This chart is a specialty chart utilized only when you are collecting SIP signaling data from pcap files or from the LX Raptor. Select the specific data type from the drop-down menu under **Data Type**.

A full description of the chart content can be placed in the box under **Description**.



Type

Settings

Description

Data Type
PCAP

Select call_id, lxt_timestamp_epoch, ip_source, ip_destination, ip_source_port, ip_destination_port, method, header from Lxt_sip_pcap resource. Make sure the ordering of the fields is the same.

5.2.11. Multi Chart

When clicking on the Multi Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the columns/bars plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. ([Color Palette Changes](#))
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Combination Chart Type - There are 3 choices to choose from.
 - Single Y-Axis Title - This places the data on a single axis.
 - Multi Y-Axis Titles - The titles and the data are represented across the Y Axis individually
 - Individual Charts - Each data point is graphed across the chart individually.
- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly.
- Dimensions - This allows the dimension to be displayed with the metric on the chart label if applicable.

5.2.12. Chord Diagram

A chord diagram displays the inter-relationships between data in a matrix. Configure the first field (to) as a dimension, the second field (From) as a dimension and the third field (Weight) as a metric.

When clicking on the Chord Diagram the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the columns/bars plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. (*Color Palette Changes*)
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Contrast Label - Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.
- Label Font Size - Input the font size.
- Chord Diagram Type - The two choices are Sankey, which shows the relationship horizontally or Dependency Wheel, which connects the relationship in a wheel design.

5.2.13. Combo Chart

A combo chart allows you to combine multiple metrics with a dimension to be displayed on the chart.

When clicking on the Combo Chart the **Settings** options below are adjusted to that particular selection. You have the following choices:

- Color Palette - This defines the colors to associate with data values, the columns/bars plus allows you to save that palette for use with additional widgets. See the options on how to define the palette below. (*Color Palette Changes*)
- Description - Allows you to enter a description of the chart to be displayed along the top portion of the chart.
- Over Time & Interval - By selecting this box the chart will display the data over the specified time and based on the interval toggled within the adjacent box, i.e. Minute, Hour, Daily, Weekly and Monthly).
- Show Labels - By selecting this box then each value that defines the chart will be labeled on the chart.
- Show Data Table - Selecting this will display data in a table below the chart.
- Contrast Label - Select this to provide better contrast on the font. Usually utilized with dark mode in the browser.
- Chart Type - The choices are Line, Spline, Column, Bar, Area or Areaspline. Select what works best to represent the data on the chart.

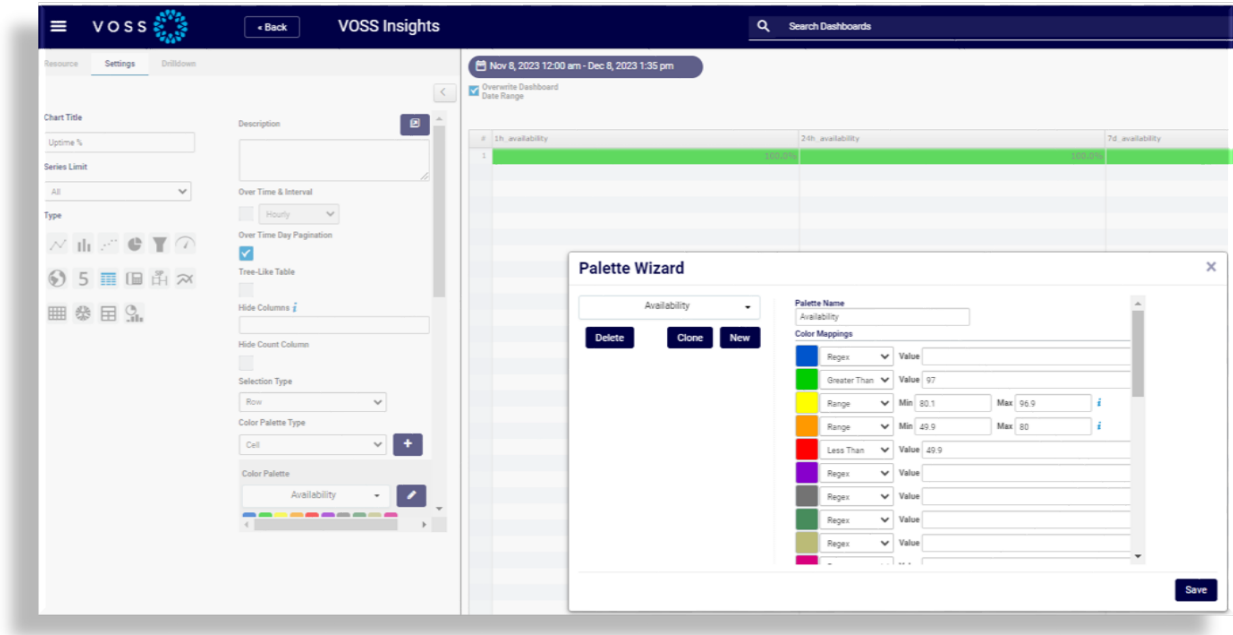
Settings

5.3. Manage Charts

5.3.1. Color Palette Changes

Click the **Edit** button next to the Color Palette name and a box is displayed allowing the color palette to be changed.

Select the color to represent each data elements/values extracted from the log field definitions. Name the choices and click **Save**. Now you can simply select this name in the Color Palette drop-down box. The associated chart will apply the colors based on the selected Color Palette name.



5.3.2. Build a Chart in the Widget Editor

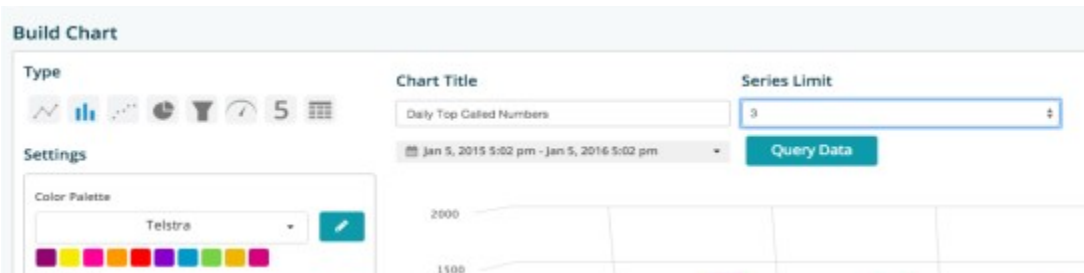


Chart Title

Once you've completed the design of your widget, give it a title. In the text box below Chart Title, enter the specific name you want to represent the data in the Widget. This name will be at the top of the widget on the dashboard.



Series Limit

Next select the number of data points that need to be reflected in the chart.

This is an upper limit thus the chart will not reflect more than selected here.

Timeframe

Next select the time frame by clicking on the data box just below the Chart Title.

A box will pop up showing a preset list of time frames.

If desired select one of these, i.e. This Month, otherwise a custom date and time frame can be selected by choosing the day/month/year/time in the left hand **from** calendar and the same in the right hand **to** calendar.

The screenshot shows a configuration window for a chart. At the top, there are two input fields: 'Chart Title' (containing 'Daily Top Called Numbers') and 'Series Limit' (containing '10'). Below these is a date range selector showing 'Jan 5, 2015 5:02 pm - Jan 5, 2016 5:02 pm' and a 'Query Data' button. A list of timeframes is on the left, including 'Last 5 Minutes', 'Last 30 Minutes', 'Last Hour', 'Last 12 Hours', 'Last 24 Hours', 'Last 7 Days', 'This Month', 'Last Month', 'Last 2 Months', 'Last 3 Months', 'Last 6 Months', and 'Last Year'. To the right are two calendar views for selecting 'from' and 'to' dates, with the 'from' calendar for 2015 and the 'to' calendar for 2016. The 'from' calendar has the 5th of January selected.

Query Data

By clicking this button the system will query the data based on your inputs and return a chart to inspect.

The chart will auto update its preview chart upon any field changes.

Save Widget

The **Save Widget** button is located in the top-right corner of the screen.

Make sure that you click this button before exiting the widget editor. If you don't click this button, changes will not be saved.



Back

The **Back** button is located in the top-left corner of the screen. Clicking this button returns you to the dashboard associated with that widget.



5.3.3. Drilling down into the Data

Drilldown Options

After you have your widgets and data sources defined you will find an option at the bottom of the Widget Editor screen that will allow for drilling into the data elements within your dashboard. This enables rapid viewing of data associated with certain elements and enables consolidated workflow through the data analysis.

If the selected data elements for your widget allow for drilldown then they will automatically appear in the **Select Drilldown Fields** bar.

Check the check box next to the field that you want to utilize as the basis of drilling into the data. An example could be an interface address on a router to see all data associated with that interface. Next select the type of drilldown behavior you want for this widget.

Filter option

IN

Select Drilldown Behavior

None

Filter Other Widgets

Search Index
Search is not available for the selected resource and datasource.

Link To Another Dashboard
No Selection

Edit dashboard

Launch Third-Party URL

Use {1}, {2}, etc. for fields you want placed in the URL. Order is based on the ordering of the list of elements selected. Add {startTime} {endTime} to include dashboard time.

Drilldown Conditional

```
{
  "conditions": [
    [{"id": 0, "name": "first_condition", "type": "OR"}]
  ]
}
```

Enter the configuration json.

Select Drilldown Fields

Name ASSET IPADDRESS
Field ASSET IPADDRESS

Name ASSET PHYSICAL ADDRESS
Field ASSET PHYSICAL ADDRESS

Name ASSET NAME
Field ASSET NAME

Name SITE
Field SITE

Name CUSTOMER
Field CUSTOMER

Name Total Bytes Received
Field Total Bytes Received

Name Total Number Packets
Field Total Number Packets

- Selecting **None** disables drilldown functions for this widget.
- Selecting **Filter Other Widgets** causes all of the other widgets on the dashboard to recalculate based on the selected field/data element checked in the bar to the side. This will allow a field such as an IP address in a table to be selected within the widget and all of the other analytic widgets on the dashboard will recalculate to only show the data associated with that IP address.
- Selecting **Search Index** enables the automatic launching of the Index data search screen. Populating it with the exact text selected within the widget and then setting the date range in the search return based on what is defined in the dashboard, pulls up all the logs that match that text string. This is a very rapid way of searching for all logs based on certain analysis observed within a dashboard widget.
- Selecting **Link to Another Dashboard** opens up a tree of all the dashboards defined within the system. Select the dashboard to which you want to link the drilldown function. You can also select to edit this dashboard prior to the linking. This function allows the flexibility of defining dashboard for certain analysis and linking to them from an overview type of dashboard. The example is an overall dashboard of multiple customers with a drilldown to a specific customer dashboard enabled by selecting that customer identifier within the widget.
- Selecting **Launch Third-Party URL** and entering the URL for the selected page to launch in the **URL** text box, will tie that URL to the data fields within the widget on the dashboard. This is a very quick analytic drilldown into more detail about certain elements and behaviors within the dashboard. An

example is to tie a Malware definition website to malware behaviors observed from firewall log data.

- The **Drilldown Conditional** option is only available if it is enabled in the **User Settings** - see: [User Settings](#).

The options allows for the definition of a series of pre-conditions to to determine drilldown behavior: to drilldown to a different widget or dashboard. For details, see: [:ref" drilldown-conditional-syntax](#).

5.3.4. Drilldown Conditional Syntax

When selecting the **Drilldown Conditional** option, the condition needs to be entered in JSON format into the input box. This section provides syntax details and examples for this configuration.

If an item matching the condition is selected from the dashboard, the conditional drilldown is then carried out.

JSON format

- If conditions are all met
- then carry out actions
- else Defaults ("default...")

Structure

```
{
  "conditions": [],
  "actions": [],
  "defaultDrilldown": 1,
  "defaultDashboardId": "",
  "defaultUrl": "",
  "defaultFilterFields": []
}
```

conditions

conditions: list of conditions on rules.

- id: "integer" - zero-based
- name: "text" - condition name
- type : "OR" or "AND"
 - conditions.type: "AND" means action will be taken when *all* conditions are met.
 - conditions.type: "OR" means action will be taken when *one* condition is met.

rules

- rules: list of rules:
 - ruleid: “integer” - zero-based
 - field: “integer” - zero-based
Field order in the drilldown tab (0 base)
 - fieldType: “text”, “integer” or “float”
 - operator: “=”, “!”, “<=”, “>=”, “<”, “>” or “regex”
 - * fieldType text operator choices: “=”, “!”, “regex”
 - * fieldType integer and float operator choices: “=”, “!”, “<=”, “>=”, “<”, “>”
 - value: value of the field; according to fieldType: “text”, “integer” or “float”

actions

List of actions:

- drilldown: “integer”
 - Drilldown type:
 - * 1 (drilldown to other widgets)
 - * 2 (drilldown to other dashboard: dashboardid)
 - * 4 (drilldown to external link: url)
- dashboardid: “text”

The ID is available as dashboard_id URL parameter value when on a dashboard.
- url: “text”

The value is a URL containing position variables for filterFields references, whose values in turn are substituted into the URL. The position variables are one based, for example:

```
"url": "https://{1}/ui/index.html?{2}"
```

refers to the first and second filterFields list entries, which in turn take the format

```
"filterFields": [0,1]
```

The value of the first filterFields entry is therefore for example substituted into the URL variable {1} above.
- filterFields: list of fields (“integer” = index number)

Field order in the drilldown tab (0 base)

Defaults

- defaultDrilldown: "integer"
- defaultDashboardid: "text"
- defaultUrl: "text"
- defaultFilterFields: list of fields ("integer" = index number)
Field order in the drilldown tab (0 base)

Examples

Drilldown to other widgets

Explanation:

- If 7th field ("field": 6) data != 0 and 6th field ("field": 5) <= 0 then
 - run action drilldown to other widgets ("drilldown": 1)
 - * using filter values of first, second and 4th field ("filterFields": [0,1,3]).
- If the condition is not met, then
 - run default action which is drilldown to other widgets ("defaultDrilldown": 1)
 - * using filter values of first and second field.

JSON:

```
{
  "conditions": [
    {
      "id": 0,
      "name": "first_condition",
      "type": "AND",
      "rules": [
        {
          "ruleid": 0,
          "field": 6,
          "fieldType": "integer",
          "operator": "!=",
          "value": "0"
        },
        {
          "ruleid": 1,
          "field": 5,
          "fieldType": "float",
          "operator": "<=",
          "value": "0"
        }
      ]
    },
    {
      "actions": [
        {
          "drilldown": 1,
```

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```

        "dashboardid": "",
        "url": "",
        "filterFields": [
            0,
            1,
            3
        ]
    }
]
},
],
"defaultDrilldown": 1,
"defaultDashboardId": "",
"defaultUrl": "",
"defaultFilterFields": [
    0,
    1
]
}
}

```

Drilldown to other dashboard

Explanation:

- If second field data is “keller, texas” or 5th field is “TX” then
 - run action drilldown to other dashboard (“drilldown”: 2, “dashboardid”:...)
 - * using filter values of first, second and 4th field.
- If the condition is not met, then
 - run default action which is drilldown to other widgets
 - * using filter values of first and second field.

JSON:

```

{
  "conditions": [
    {
      "id": 0,
      "name": "first_condition",
      "type": "OR",
      "rules": [
        {
          "ruleid": 0,
          "field": 1,
          "fieldType": "text",
          "operator": "==",
          "value": "keller, texas"
        },
        {

```

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```

        "ruleid": 1,
        "field": 4,
        "fieldType": "text",
        "operator": "==",
        "value": "TX"
      }
    ],
    "actions": [
      {
        "drilldown": 2,
        "dashboardid": "M20QQMVN3IWI102P1686581558847Y2FRT98M8V24GS",
        "url": "",
        "filterFields": [
          0,
          1,
          3
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
],
"defaultDrilldown": 1,
"defaultDashboardId": "",
"defaultUrl": "",
"defaultFilterFields": [
  0,
  1
]
}

```

Drilldown to external link

Explanation:

- If second field data is “keller, texas” or 5th field is “TX” then
 - run action drilldown to other external link
 - * using filter values of first and second field.
- If the condition is not met, then
 - run default action which is drilldown to other widgets
 - * using filter values of first and second field.

JSON:

```

{
  "conditions": [
    {
      "id": 0,
      "name": "first_condition",

```


(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

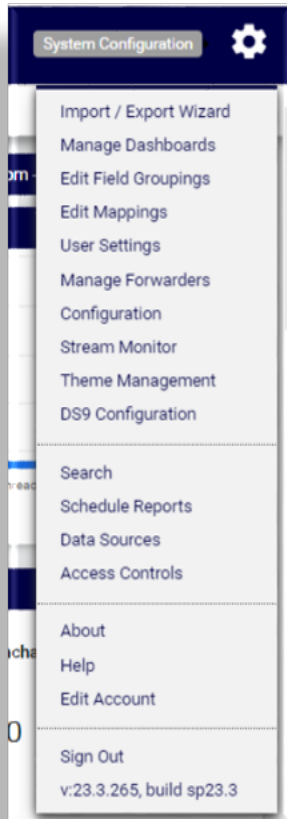
```
"type": "OR",
"rules": [
  {
    "ruleid": 0,
    "field": 1,
    "fieldType": "text",
    "operator": "==",
    "value": "keller, texas"
  },
  {
    "ruleid": 1,
    "field": 4,
    "fieldType": "text",
    "operator": "==",
    "value": "TX"
  }
],
"actions": [
  {
    "drilldown": 4,
    "dashboardid": "",
    "url": "https://{1}/ui/index.html?{2}",
    "filterFields": [
      0,
      1
    ]
  }
]
},
"defaultDrilldown": 1,
"defaultDashboardId": "",
"defaultUrl": "",
"defaultFilterFields": [
  0,
  1
]
}
```

6. System Configuration

6.1. System Configuration Menu

To access the **System Configuration** menu, click the Cog icon  on the toolbar to open a menu with the following options:

- Import/Export Wizard
- Manage Dashboards
- Edit Field Groupings
- Edit Mappings
- User Settings
- Manage Forwarders
- Configuration
- Stream Monitor
- Theme Management
- DS9 Configuration
- Search
- Schedule Reports
- Data Sources
- Access Controls
- About
- Help
- Edit Account
- Sign Out



6.2. Import/Export Wizard

The Import/Export Wizard allows you to save dashboard templates and to move them between systems.

To open the Import/Export Wizard, click the **admin** menu then select **Import/Export Wizard**.

The Import / Export Wizard page contains the following tabs:

- Import
- Export

6.2.1. Import Tab

This tab allows you to select a saved template and to import it into your system. The saved files are in a proprietary format (.lxt.r).

The screenshot shows the 'Import' section of the VOSS Insights interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a 'Back' button, the 'VOSS Insights' logo, and a search bar labeled 'Search Dashboards'. Below the navigation bar, there are two tabs: 'Import' (active) and 'Export'. The main content area is titled 'Import' and contains the following elements:

- Select file type:** Two radio buttons are present. The first, 'Default import file', is selected with a blue dot. The second, 'CSV mapping', is unselected with a grey dot.
- Select a file to import:** A text input field is empty. Below it, a 'Choose File' button is visible, followed by the text 'No file chosen'.
- Instructions:** Text explaining that the file can be a .jstr or .csv file, and for CSV mapping, there should be no header line. It also lists two parsing orders: 'First order: key,value' and 'Second order: type,key,value (with type has values 0:Regex, 1: Greater Than, 2: Less Than, 3: Range, 4: Equals) (Range's format is 'Min : Max')'.
- Upload Button:** A large blue button labeled 'UPLOAD' is positioned at the bottom right of the form.

With a **CSV Mapping** import, options are available to create, overwrite, or append the new mappings.

This screenshot shows the 'Import' section of the VOSS Insights interface, but with the 'CSV mapping' option selected. The layout is similar to the previous screenshot, but with additional configuration options:

- Select file type:** The 'Default import file' radio button is unselected, and the 'CSV mapping' radio button is now selected with a blue dot.
- Mapping Name:** A text input field is present, followed by a dropdown menu labeled 'Create new mappings'.
- Override to type equals:** A checkbox is located below the 'Mapping Name' field, with the text 'Default mapping type is Regex. You can override to 'Equals' by selecting the checkbox'.
- Select a file to import:** This section remains the same as in the previous screenshot, with an empty text input field and a 'Choose File' button.
- Upload Button:** The large blue 'UPLOAD' button is still present at the bottom right.

Click **Choose File**, select the required file and click **Upload**. The dashboard template will be imported into the system where you can modify, customize and arrange it as needed.

If the dashboard you're importing contains widgets using field groupings, the field groupings are also imported.

6.2.2. Export Tab

This tab allows you to select a dashboard template on your system and to export it to another system.

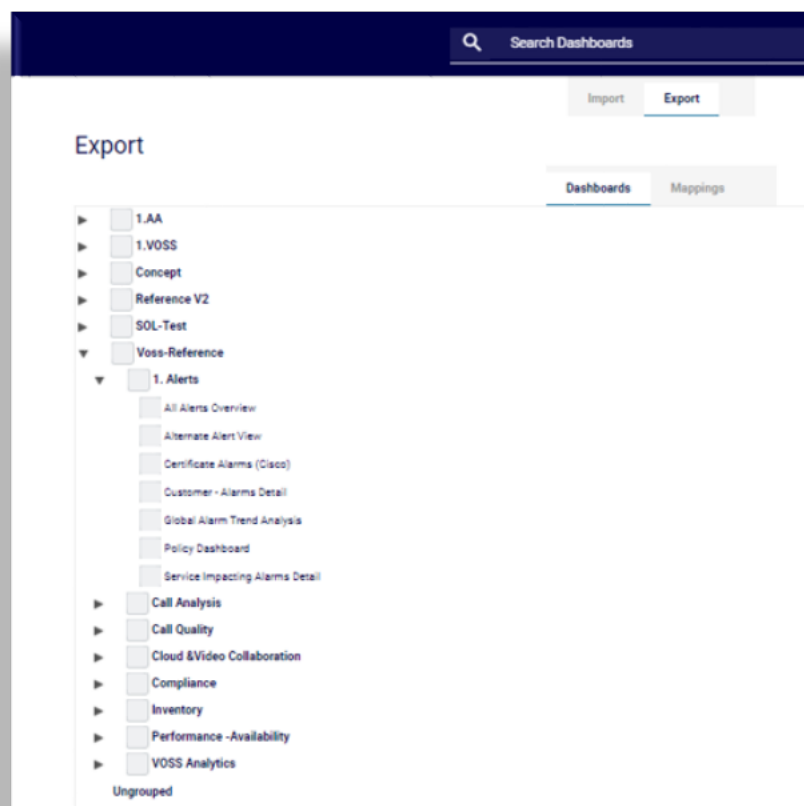
Click **Export** to open a window showing all of your dashboards as well as a 'drop zone'.

On **Export** dashboards tab:

1. Click the triangle button(s) to display and expand the dashboard tree.
2. Select the folder or dashboard checkbox(s).
3. Click the **Export .ixtr** button when complete.


The .ixtr file will be saved to your local computer.

The export retains any field groupings created on the dashboard. See [Edit Field Groupings](#).



6.3. Manage Dashboards

6.3.1. Overview

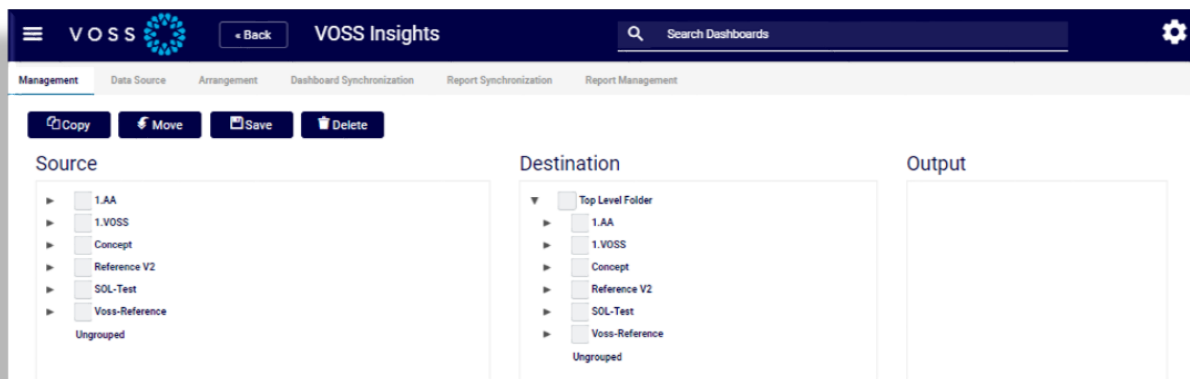
When logging in, users can view available dashboards via the Main Menu icon .

Admin users can manage the tree and the list of dashboards via the **Admin** menu. To access the **Manage Dashboards** page, select **Admin > Manage Dashboards**

Note: You cannot edit, move, or delete the standard, default, read-only VOSS reference dashboards that ship with the system. You can only clone these dashboards to create new custom dashboards.

You can select the following tabs on this page:

- Management
- Data Source
- Arrangement
- Dashboard Synchronization
- Report Synchronization
- Report Management



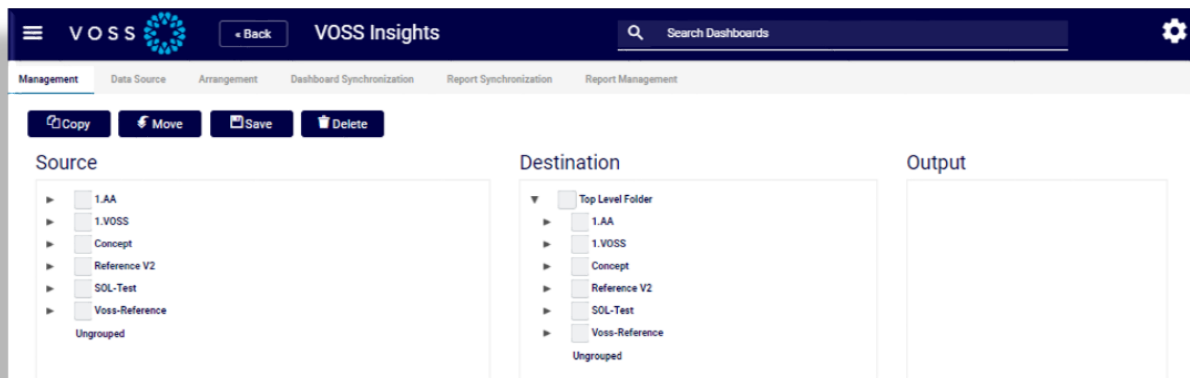
6.3.2. Management Tab

This tab provides the following dashboard management options:

- **Source:** a tree of all the dashboards defined in the system along with all the user accounts defined in the system. This column shows available dashboard screens.
- **Destination:** the top level and sub folders the dashboards will be copied or moved to.
- **Output:** shows the output of the command used, for example, if **Copy** was used, the heading Copying will be shown, followed by the list of copied items.

Select items from **Source** and use **Copy**, **Move** or **Delete** to carry out tasks on the selection. When copying, duplicate dashboards will be cloned: the text “(clone)” will be appended to the dashboard name.

Click **Save** to save the dashboards after you’ve made any changes.

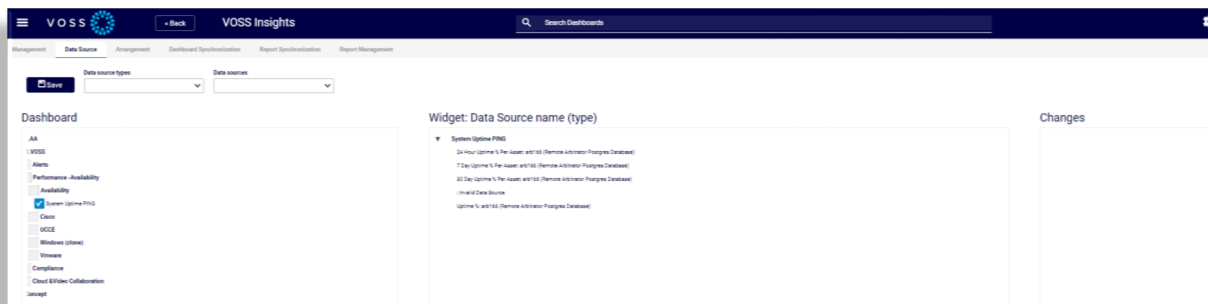


6.3.3. Data Source Tab

This tab provides the following dashboard management options:

- Drop-downs: **Data source types**, **Data sources**
- Columns:
 - **Dashboard**: select elements from the tree to carry out the bulk update of data sources.
 - **Widget**: displays the current data sources of the selection
 - **Changes**: according to the selected values in the **Data source types**, **Data sources**, shows updates to be made to the data sources of the selected elements.

Click **Save** to save the dashboards after you’ve made any changes.

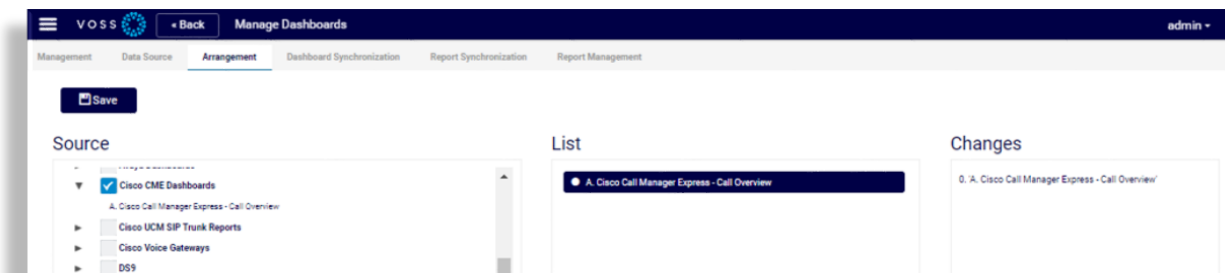


6.3.4. Arrangement Tab

This tab provides the following dashboard management options:

- **Source:** a tree of all the dashboards defined in the system along with all the user accounts defined in the system. This column shows available dashboard screens.
To arrange, select dashboard folder. It will then show up in the **List** column.
- **List:** this column will allow you to arrange the order of items, using drag-and-drop.
- **Changes:** shows the output of the arrangement.

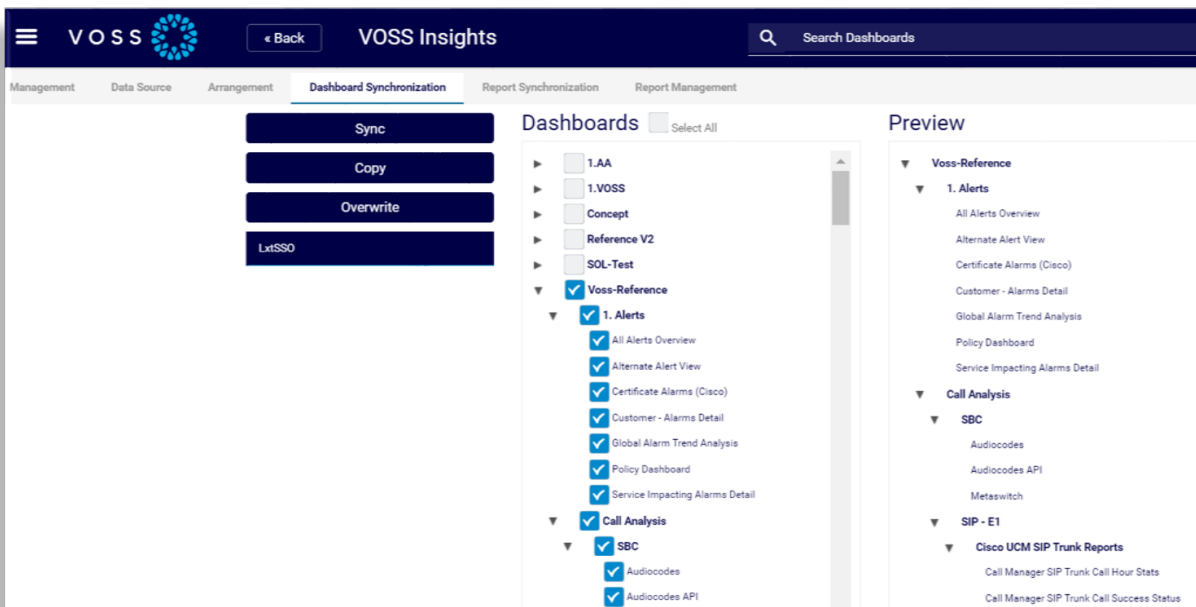
Click **Save** to save the arrangement.



6.3.5. Dashboard Synchronization Tab

This tab provides the following dashboard management options:

- Actions: **Sync**, **Copy** and **Overwrite**
- Columns:
 - Choose the relevant user to which you want to sync selected dashboards
 - **Dashboards:** user associated dashboards are selected. Select or un-select manually.
 - **Preview:** output of selection



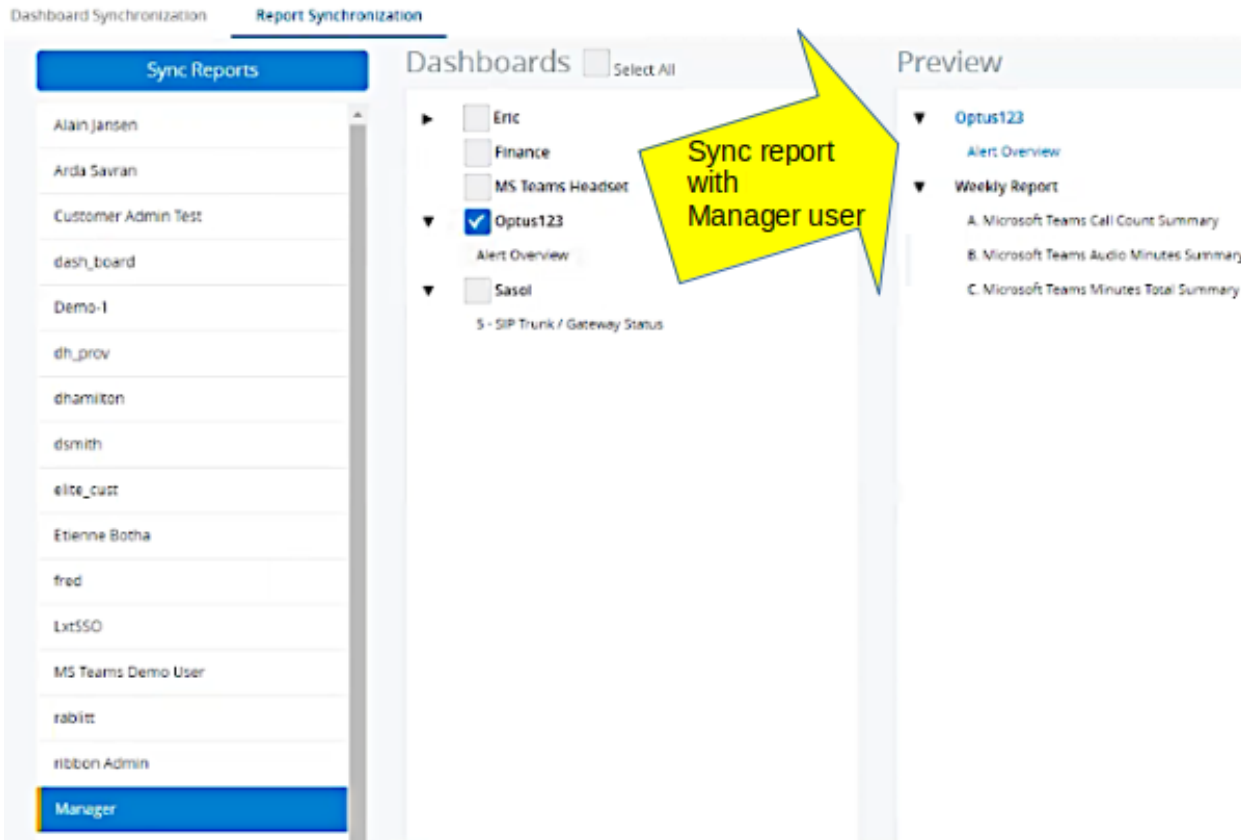
6.3.6. Report Synchronization Tab

This tab allows you to sync reports (via the **Sync Reports** button), and to view available reports that can be synced (via the **Dashboards** column).

Logged in users can create and share reports with other users.

Target users won't need to recreate synced scheduled reports, and they will be able to delete synced reports, if necessary.

The **Preview** column displays the target user's reports and any synced reports.

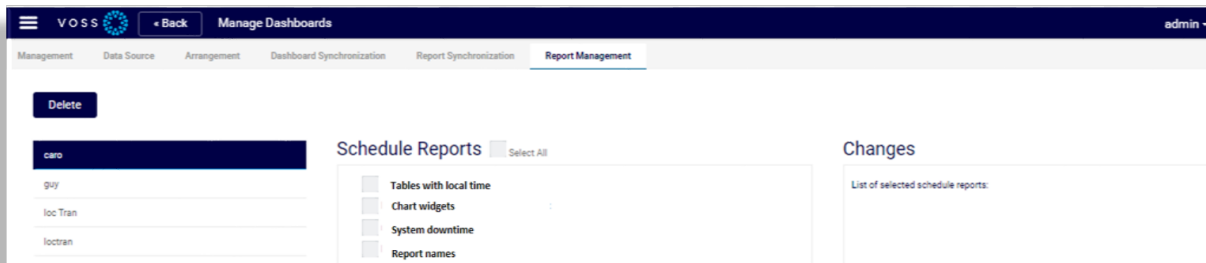


6.3.7. Report Management Tab

This tab, which is only available to admin users, allows an admin user to delete scheduled reports belonging to other (non-admin) users.

The tab lists all non-admin users that have scheduled reports associated with their usernames. You can click on a user to view their scheduled reports, and select any reports you wish to remove. You can do this for one or more users, then click **Delete** to remove the reports.

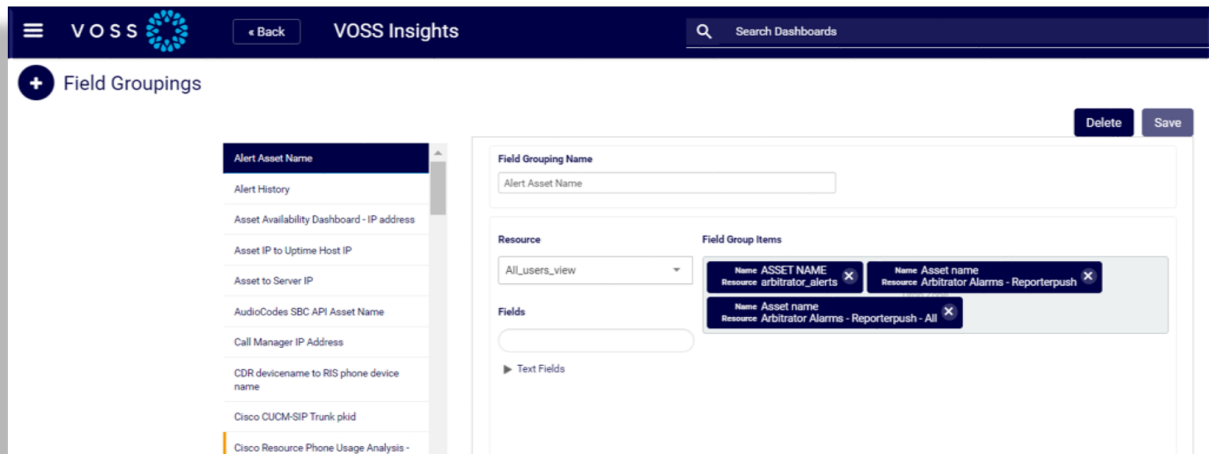
Once processed, the page refreshes with the updated list of non-admin users and their remaining scheduled reports.



6.4. Edit Field Groupings

Click the **Admin** drop-down menu and select the **Edit Field Groupings** option. This function will pull up another window where you will be able to define and label similar groups of data that will provide for common analysis and drill down functions on a single dashboard.

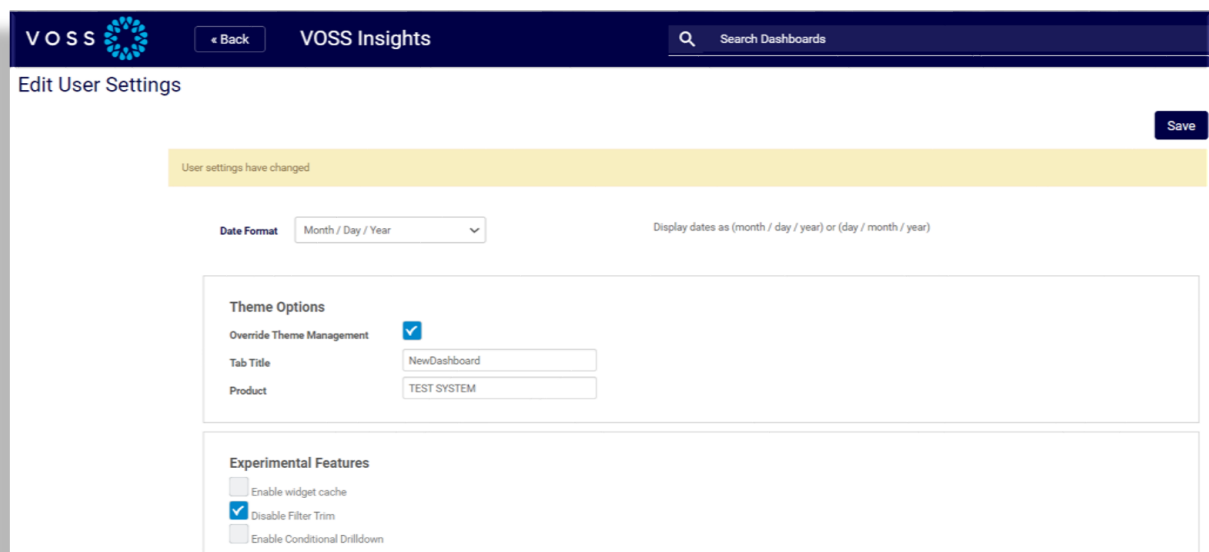
An example is the device IP address from three different data resources such as SNMP Query Stats, API Calls and Log Data. This will allow all of the drilldown functions defined in a widget to recalculate the data associated with these multiple data sources on a single dashboard.



6.5. User Settings

Click the **System Configuration** (Cog icon) to open the admin menu, then select **User Settings**.

This functionality is primarily intended for international date representations on dashboard and reporting output.



Experimental Features are also available under **User Settings**.

The **Enable Conditional Drilldown** setting can be enabled to expose the **Drilldown Conditional** option - see: [Drilling down into the Data](#).

Note: Since this option requires knowledge of the conditional drilldown JSON syntax, it is hidden by default.

Other user specific settings will be added to this section in the future.

6.6. Manage Forwarders

Forwarders are individual Windows applications that load on Windows based servers to allow for the definition, monitoring and extraction of data from the server, the Windows Operating System and the resident applications.

This section provides for a centralized method of acquiring status and changing configuration profiles on each Forwarder deployed. The Forwarder is scheduled to check into this dashboard host on a regular interval. If there is a new profile loaded, then it will update itself automatically.

Computer	IP Address	Site	Entity	Operating System	Profile	Status
demo-forwarder	92.194.162.60	Azure	Coast	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK
demo-forwarder	92.194.162.60	Azure	Albaba	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK
Win8008	99.221.13.204	One	Relo	Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise		OK
demo-forwarder	52.232.348.149	Azra_Site_Test	Azra_Entity_Test	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK
888015FE	23.101.107.17	Azure_Site	Azure_Entity	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK
DESKTOP-IF48CJD	45.42.188.69	Colmeau	Thru_IL_Test	Windows 10 Enterprise 2019 LTSC		OK
demo-forwarder	92.194.162.60	Virtual	Azure_Forwarder	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK
demo-forwarder	92.194.162.60	Azure	Sky	Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter		OK

6.7. Configuration

6.7.1. Overview

The Insights Dashboard **Configuration** page provides several options for configuring and administering application functionality.

Note: To access this page, click the **System Configuration** (Cog icon) to open the admin menu, then select **Configuration**.

You can select the following tabs on this page:

- [Archive](#)
- [DS9](#)
- [DS9 Flow Summary](#)
- [Import](#)
- [LDAP](#)
- [Sendmail](#)
- [SNMP](#)
- [Syslog](#)
- [VOSS](#)
- [Widget Resources](#)

6.7.2. Archive

The **Archive** tab configures archiving (backup) settings for the Insights Dashboard application.

The screenshot shows the VOSS Insights interface for the 'Archive' configuration. The top navigation bar includes the VOSS logo, a 'Back' button, and the text 'VOSS Insights'. A search bar is located on the right side of the navigation bar. Below the navigation bar, there are several tabs: 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail', 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'VOSS', and 'Widget Resources'. The 'Archive' tab is currently selected. The main content area is titled 'Dashboard Backup' and contains a description of the backup settings. The settings are displayed in a form with the following values: archive_interval: daily, method: local, destination: /chroot/scp/pub/ixt_archive, and monthsKept: notSupported. There are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons in the top right corner.

You can select the following tabs on this page:

- [Dashboard Backup](#)
- [Dashboard Files](#)
- [Definitions Data](#)

- *Ndx*
- *Remote Storage*

Dashboard Backup

This tab displays the Dashboard backup settings. The settings are read-only, for informational purposes only.

This Archive group contains the Dashboard configuration settings (assets, licensing), user permissions settings (LDAP), and NDX files.

The backup excludes data from the specific Broadsoft data store, along with definition data and files. Broadsoft definitions and definition files each have their own separate Archive group.

Dashboard Files

Read-only, Dashboard files archive group settings. This archive group will archive all Dashboard settings. This includes all user created definition files, mappings, color palettes, user configs, schedules, and dashboards.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring 'Dashboard Files'. At the top, there is a navigation bar with buttons for 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail', 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'VOSS', and 'Widget Resources'. Below this, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons. A yellow banner indicates 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. The main content area is titled 'Dashboard Files' and contains the following settings:

- archive_interval**: daily
- method**: local
- destination**: /chroot/scp/pub/ixt_archive
- monthsKept**: infinite

On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with the following items: 'Dashboard Backup', 'Dashboard Files' (selected), 'Definitions Data', 'Ndx', and 'Remote Storage'.

Definitions Data

Read-only, Dashboard definitions archive group settings. This archive group backs up all User Search Definitions data in the database tables. This is the data that drives the widgets.

The screenshot shows a configuration page for 'Definitions Data'. At the top, there is a navigation bar with buttons for 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail', 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'VOSS', and 'Widget Resources'. On the right side of the page, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons. A yellow notification banner at the top of the main content area states 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. The left sidebar contains a menu with items: 'Dashboard Backup', 'Dashboard Files', 'Definitions Data' (highlighted), 'Ndx', and 'Remote Storage'. The main content area is titled 'Definitions Data' and includes a descriptive paragraph: 'Archival for User Search Definitions data. This Archive group will backup all User Search Definitions data in the database tables. This is the data that drives widgets from user defined search definitions.' Below this are four configuration fields: 'archive_interval' (set to 'daily'), 'method' (set to 'local'), 'destination' (set to '/chroot/scp/pub/lxt_archive'), and 'daysKept' (set to '180'). A warning message at the bottom of the configuration area reads: 'WARNING! The system will trim data from all search definition tables based on this setting. This will result in data loss. The trim is done on a nightly basis.'

Ndx

This archive group manages Ndx files. The default for **monthsKept** is 6 months.

Ndx

This screen can be used to manage Ndx files on the system.

max_ndx_file_size

1

The maximum size the ndx searchable file should be. Once the max size is hit, the ndx server will create a new ndx file.

max_searchable_days

1

The maximum number of days that should be searchable. Ndx files greater than this time will still live on the system but will not be searchable from the UI.

monthsKept

6

The maximum number of months to keep ndx archives around. Each archived ndx will take up disk space. Warning, increasing this number too large may require customer to also increase the hard disk size.

Netflow Definitions Data

The NetFlow definitions data archive group backs up all Netflow Definitions data, which is the data that drives the widgets. These are read-only settings, for information purposes only.

The screenshot shows a web interface with a navigation menu on the left and a main content area on the right. The navigation menu includes: Archive, Import, LDAP, Sendmail, SNMP, Syslog, VPN, VPN Manual, and Widget Resources. The main content area has a yellow notification bar at the top that says "Changes have been made to this conf". Below this is the "Netflow Definitions Data" section, which includes a description: "Archival for User Search Neflow Definit widgets." and two configuration fields: "archive_interval" set to "daily" and "method" set to "local".

Remote Storage

This tab allows you to configure remote archiving of the system backup files, if you've chosen standard / local storage in the setup.

Each archive group produces one or many archive files. The system can be configured to scp these archive files to a backup location or to another VOSS Insights system.

The archives can be sent to a separate backup location (SFTP-server, SCP or remote synced to another Dashboard).

The table describes settings on this tab:

archive_interval	Choose a schedule, either Daily, Weekly, or Monthly.
method	Choose a method. Either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • scp: System will copy archives to a remote location. Scp is not a sync. To reduce load on system and network, system only copies new / changing archives over to the scp location. • sftp: System will copy archives to a remote location. Sftp is not a sync. To reduce load on system and network, system only copies new / changing archives over to the sftp location. • rsync: System will sync the archive directory to remote system. The remote system must have rsync installed for this to work. • rsyncToArb: System will sync the archives directory to a remote Dashboard. This utilizes the rsync protocol so both Dashboards will always be in sync.
IP location	The IP address. Also add username and password .
destination	The path on the remote server to the folder where backups are to be stored.
monthsKept	Choose how long to retain the backup.

Archive DS9 DS9 Flow Summary Import LDAP Sendmail SNMP Syslog VOSS Widget Resources

Save Delete

Dashboard Backup

Dashboard Files

Definitions Data

Ndx

Remote Storage

Changes have been made to this configuration item

Remote Storage

This page does not describe an Archive Group. If standard / local storage is chosen in the Archive Setup page, then this screen allows the user to configure remote archival of the system's backup files. Each Archive group produces one or many archive files. The system can be configured to scp these archive files to a backup location or to another system.

archive_interval

daily

Select an option

disabled

nfs

rsync

rsyncToArb

scp

sftp

'disabled' - keep archives locally, 'nfs' - Will mount a network file system as a local drive, which preserves local device disk space, 'scp' - System will copy archives to a remote location. Scp is not a sync. In order to reduce load on system and network, system only copies new / changing archives over to the scp location, 'sftp' - System will copy archives to a remote location. Sftp is not a sync. In order to reduce load on system and network, system only

Related Topics

- [Backup and Restore the Dashboard](#)

6.7.3. DS9

This tab configures settings for DS9.

For details, refer to the **DS9 Configuration on the Dashboard** section in the DS9 for NetFlow Install Guide.

6.7.4. DS9 Flow Summary

This tab displays and configures DS9 NetFlow summary status, options for detection of applications, internal subnets, and NetFlow, and port filtering.

6.7.5. Import

This tab allows you to import data into the system from a .csv file.

Note: Only csv file imports are supported.

File import allows you to manually add data that can be used in various contexts within the VOSS Insights platform. An example could be specific costs associated with calling functions.

Import- Date Range Mapping

This setting allows you to import in a list of named date ranges (for example: Fiscal Quarters that may not align to standard calendar quarters, etc.).

If a date range mapping is imported, the Dashboard GUI allows you to change the Dashboard calendar by the imported date range name. Multiple named date ranges may be provided. Only dates are currently supported. The times for the entire day will be used (midnight to midnight).

Select a file to be imported then click **IMPORT**.

Note the instructions on this page around formatting rules for the .csv file.

CSV file to import. The CSV should adhere to the CSV RFC <https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4180.txt>.

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Additionally, there are two more requirements. First, the first line of the CSV must contain the desired names **for** each CSV placement. Secondly, the second line of the CSV must contain the desired types **for** each CSV placement. Use `'integer'`, `'float'`, or `'string'`. The normal CSV data can then start on lines 3 **and** above. Inherently a CSV file does **not** describe the names or types of each CSV placement. This **is** required so the system can create the proper database table **and** store the data appropriately. Failure to include these two lines will result **in** a failure to **import in** the CSV data.

The screenshot shows the 'Import - Date Range Mapping' configuration page in the Voss system. The page has a dark blue header with the Voss logo and a navigation menu. Below the header, there are several tabs: 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail', 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'Voss', and 'Widget Resources'. The 'Import' tab is selected. On the left side, there is a sidebar with 'Import' and 'Import - Date Range Mapping' options. The main content area has a yellow notification bar stating 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. Below this, the title 'Import - Date Range Mapping' is followed by a descriptive paragraph. The configuration fields include:

- Table:** A text input field containing '.....' with a note 'LayerX defined.'
- delimiter:** A text input field containing ',' with a note 'CSV delimiter character.'
- Import File:** A 'Choose File' button next to the text 'No file chosen'.
- IMPORT:** A large blue button.
- Below the button, there is a note: 'Date Range mapping CSV file to import. Download template from <https://</ip>

 At the top right of the main content area, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons.

Once imported, you can use the date range drop down to cycle through and select the custom dates.

Destination	Users with Device Profiles	Users with Remote Destination Profiles
	0	18
	39	3,243
	27	174
	0	21
	0	15
	0	3
	0	86
	0	7
	0	5
	0	110

Displaying 1 - 53 of 53 < first prev next last > 1000

6.7.6. LDAP

The system uses a local LDAP server to store user information. The system also supports authenticating with an external Microsoft Active Directory server. If an external Microsoft AD is used, the system will automatically sync all users locally. Local user accounts are necessary to set specific system privileges. Please note that Microsoft AD passwords are never stored locally. Authentication always occurs with external Microsoft AD. Once authenticated, the system allows the user access based on the user's local system privileges. In order to properly configure this screen, the customer administrator must have an in-depth knowledge of the customer's Microsoft AD architecture. Improper configuration may cause too little or too many users in the system.

The screenshot shows the Voss Configuration Settings interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Voss logo, a 'Back' button, and the title 'Configuration Settings'. Below this is a horizontal menu with buttons for 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP' (which is highlighted), 'Sendmail', 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'Voss', and 'Widget Resources'. On the right side of the configuration area, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons. The main content area is titled 'External Config' and contains a yellow notification bar stating 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. Below this, there is a detailed description of the External Config feature, explaining its use of local and external LDAP servers. At the bottom of the configuration area, there are two buttons: 'Test LDAP configuration' and 'Commit LDAP configuration', each with a corresponding instruction on how to use them.

The **auto_sync_always_clean** option can be set to clear user dashboards before sync.

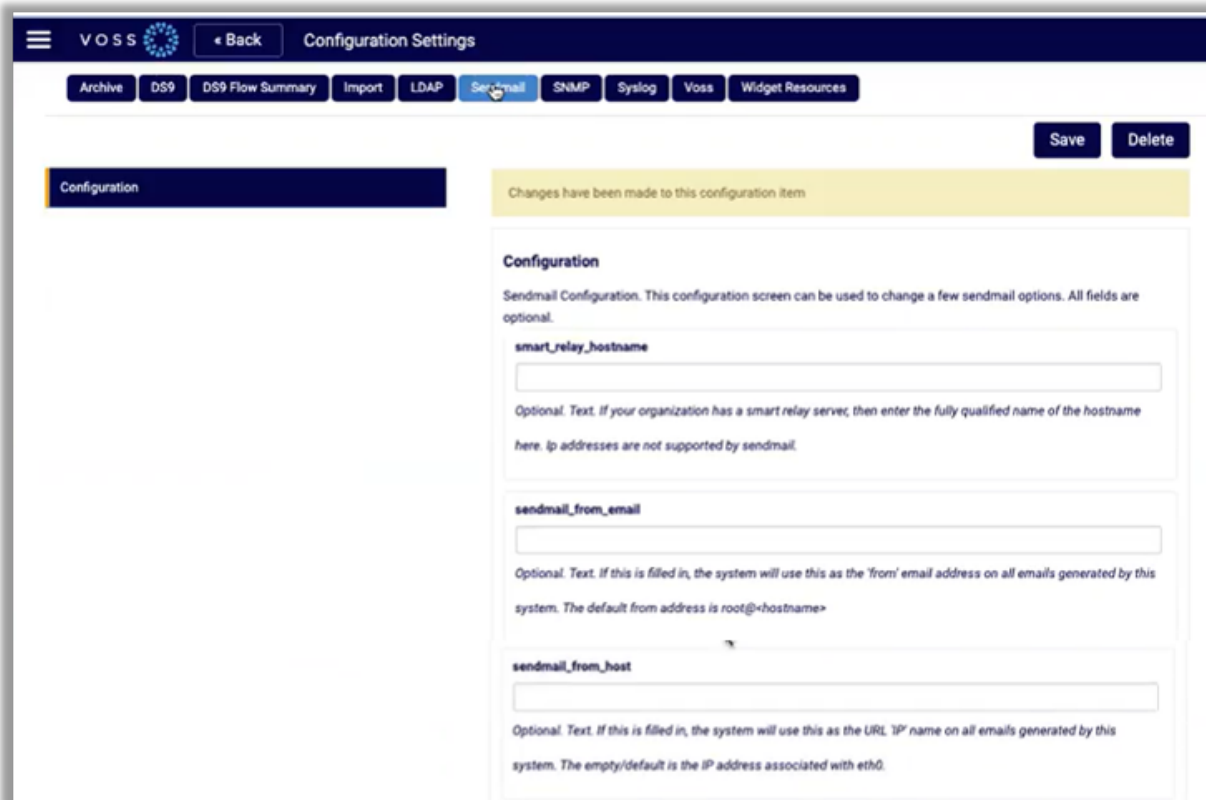
The screenshot shows the configuration for the **auto_sync_always_clean** option. It is a dropdown menu currently set to 'false'. Below the dropdown is a detailed explanation: 'If this is set to 'true', then the system will always clear the users dashboards before performing an autosync. The 'true' setting forces the users dashboard to always be the same as the Administrator's set of dashboards. This flag is used when either 'windows_auto_sync_dashboards' is set to 'true' or when the 'auto_sync_dashboards_by_permission_groups' is set to 'true'. If there users on the system that creates their own dashboards, then this setting should be set to 'false'. Sync is done everytime a user logs into the system.'

6.7.7. Sendmail

Although the system has Sendmail built in, this tab allows for specific configuration changes to allow the system to interface with specific customer mail functions.

For example, you can set up an alternative IP address, in the **sendmail_from_host** field, to define the IP address used in email reports. This is useful where Dashboard systems may have multiple network interfaces, especially if end-users cannot access the Dashboard system's default IP address. Emailed report recipients will find the IP address you configure here, in the email notification they receive for the report.

Note: All settings on this tab are optional.



The screenshot shows the 'Configuration Settings' page for 'Sendmail' in the Voss system. The page has a dark blue header with the Voss logo and a 'Back' button. Below the header is a navigation bar with buttons for 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail' (selected), 'SNMP', 'Syslog', 'Voss', and 'Widget Resources'. On the right side of the page, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons. A yellow notification bar at the top of the configuration area states 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. The configuration area is titled 'Configuration' and contains the following fields:

- smart_relay_hostname**: A text input field. Below it, the text reads: 'Optional. Text. If your organization has a smart relay server, then enter the fully qualified name of the hostname here. Ip addresses are not supported by sendmail.'
- sendmail_from_email**: A text input field. Below it, the text reads: 'Optional. Text. If this is filled in, the system will use this as the 'from' email address on all emails generated by this system. The default from address is root@<hostname>'
- sendmail_from_host**: A text input field. Below it, the text reads: 'Optional. Text. If this is filled in, the system will use this as the URL, IP name on all emails generated by this system. The empty/default is the IP address associated with eth0.'

Related Topics

- [Schedule Reports](#)
- [Access Controls](#)

6.7.8. SNMP

This tab allows the system to be configured to work with SNMP v3. It allows you to select the specific authentication and encryption methods to be utilized.

The screenshot shows the Voss Configuration Settings interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Voss logo, a 'Back' button, and the title 'Configuration Settings'. Below this is a horizontal menu with buttons for 'Archive', 'DS9', 'DS9 Flow Summary', 'Import', 'LDAP', 'Sendmail', 'SNMP' (which is highlighted in blue), 'Syslog', 'Voss', and 'Widget Resources'. On the right side of the main content area, there are 'Save' and 'Delete' buttons. A yellow notification banner at the top of the configuration area states 'Changes have been made to this configuration item'. The main configuration area is titled 'SNMPv3 User Config' and includes a sub-header 'SNMPv3 User Config' and a description 'Setup the configuration for SNMP.'. Below this, there is a 'Commit SNMPv3 User Configuration' button. The configuration fields are: 'Engine ID' (OCTECT STRING), 'User Name' (OCTECT STRING), and 'Authentication Protocol' (MD5).

6.7.9. Syslog

This tab configures the IP address of your central syslog server.

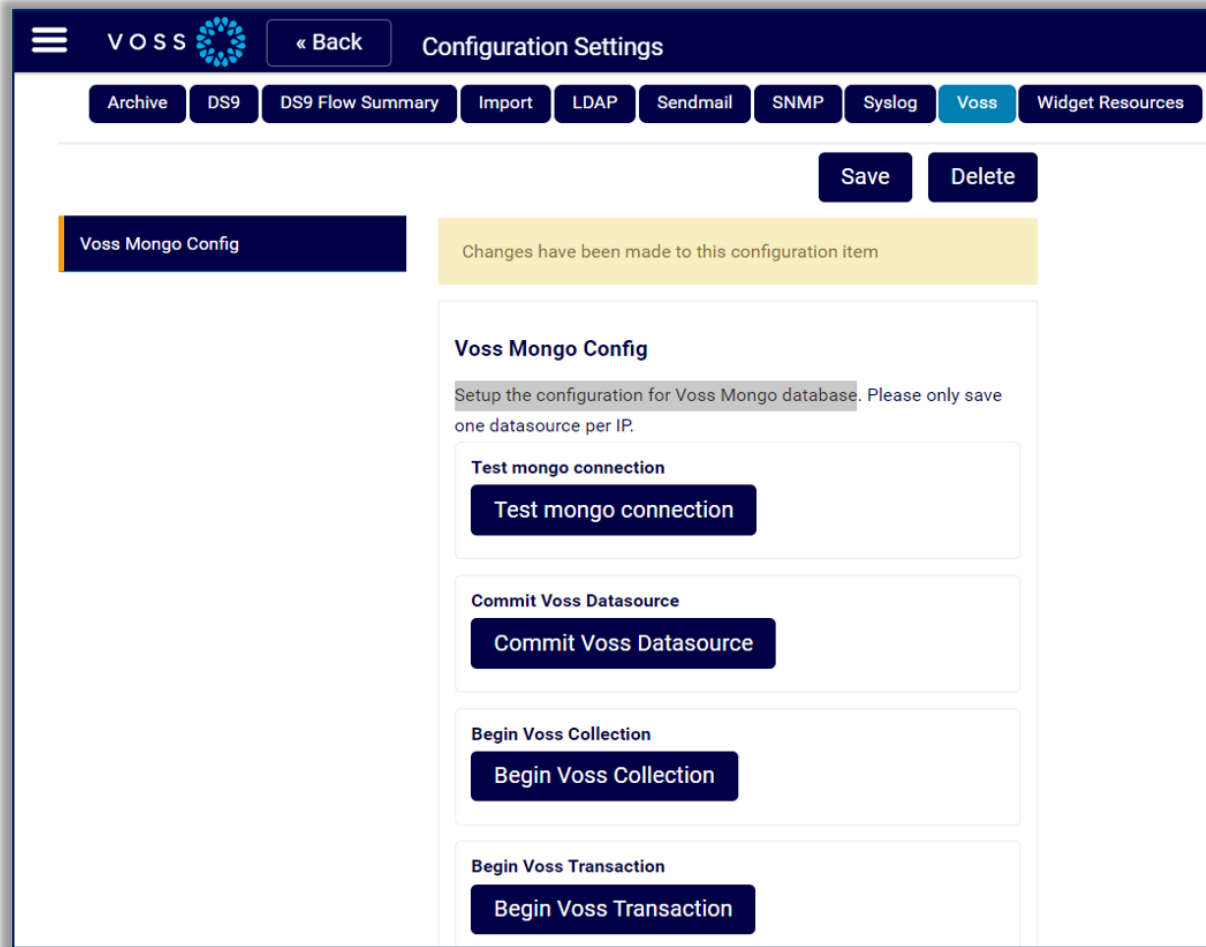
The system can send out syslog messages about several of the internal functions, including backup and archival success.

This is a system-wide setting. If an IP address is specified, the system will send any internal messages onto the specified syslog server. Only one central syslog server can be specified at this time. Please validate firewall settings are open to allow incoming messages on the specified IP address and port.

The screenshot shows the Voss Configuration Settings interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Voss logo, a « Back button, and the title "Configuration Settings". Below this is a menu of configuration options: Archive, DS9, DS9 Flow Summary, Import, LDAP, Sendmail, SNMP, Syslog (highlighted), Voss, and Widget Resources. On the right side, there are "Save" and "Delete" buttons. A yellow notification banner states "Changes have been made to this configuration item". The main content area is titled "Syslog Server" and contains the following text: "Use this screen to configure the ip address of your central syslog server. This is a system wide setting. If an ip address is specified the system will send any internal Layer X messages onto the specified syslog server. Only one central syslog server can be specified at this time. Please validate firewall settings are open to allow incoming messages on the specified ip address and port." Below the text is a form field labeled "external_syslog_ip" with a text input box. Underneath the input box is a note: "Optional. Enter in the ip address of your organization's central syslog server. A single Ip Address or a single Domain name. Note. Domain name entries must resolve through the system configured DNS (user specified in system DNS settings)". At the bottom, there is a partially visible form field labeled "protocol".

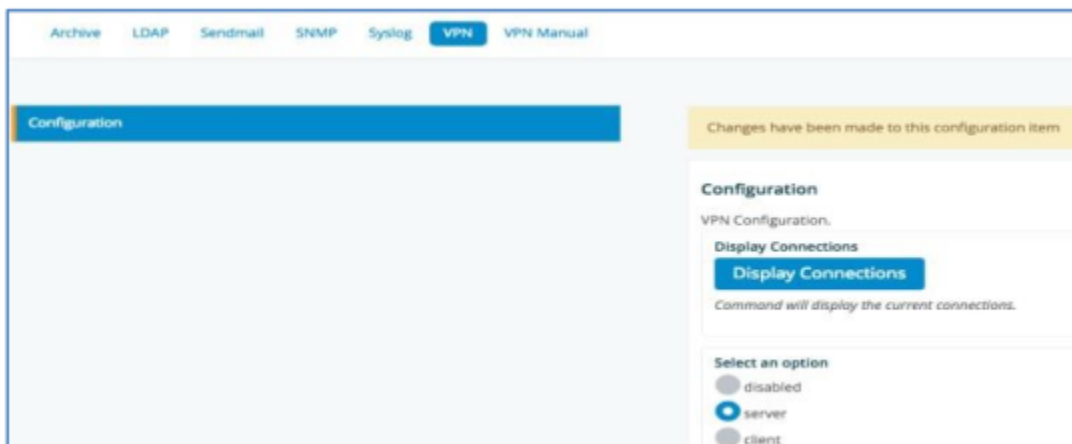
6.7.10. VOSS

This tab configures the setup for VOSS Mongo database.



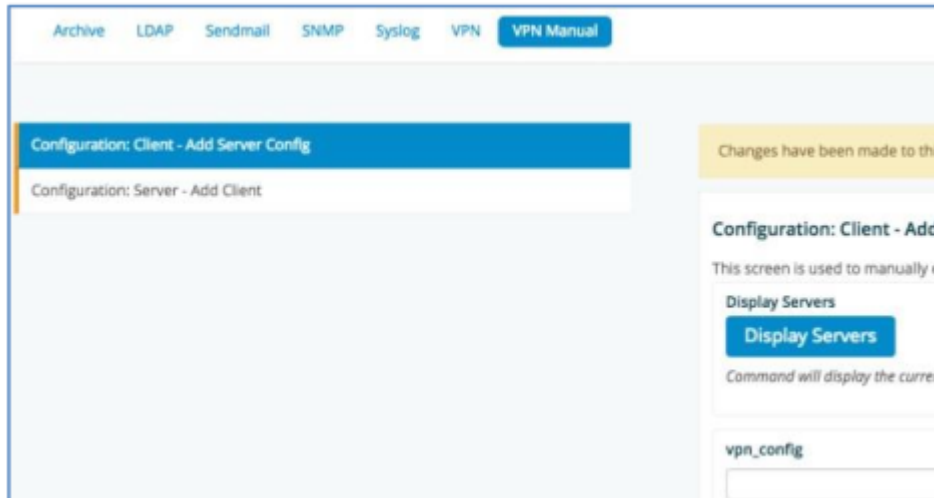
6.7.11. VPN

The system can be connected to another Dashboard/Reporting platform, an Arbitrator Correlation platform, a Windows Forwarder or other client that supports the connectivity. Utilize this screen to set up automated connections to a server or client. The default port utilized is port 1194. Note that the screen selections will change based on the context selected (server or client).

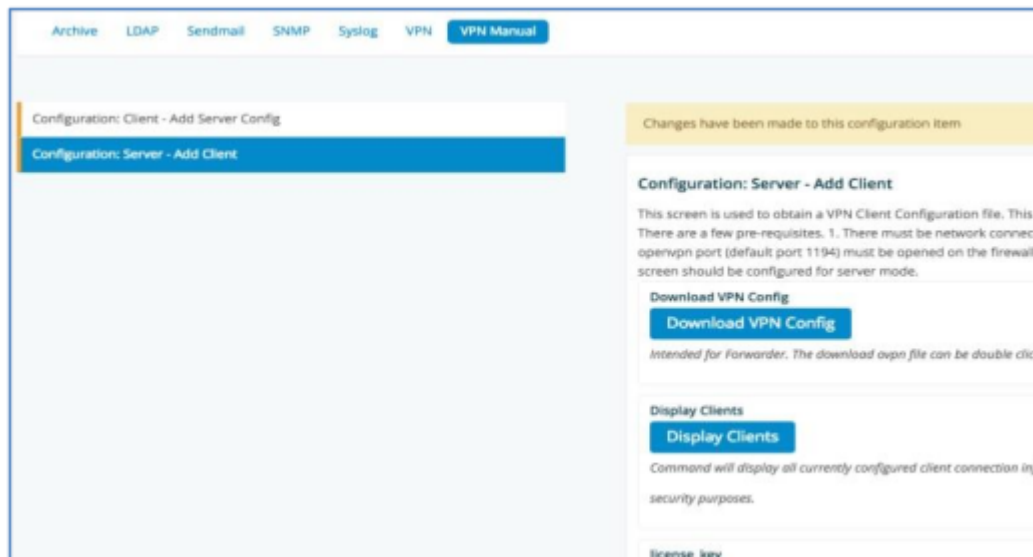


6.7.12. VPN Manual

- **Configuration: Client - Add Server Config:** The system allows you to enter a VPN configuration file directly into the system. Just paste the config directly into the bar under the label **vpn_config**.



- **Configuration: Server – Add Client:** This screen is used to obtain a VPN Client Configuration file. This will allow connectivity from the Windows Forwarder directly to this server utilizing OpenVPN. There are a few prerequisites:
 1. There must be network connectivity between the Windows Forwarder machine to this server.
 2. The specified OpenVPN port (default port 1194) must be opened on the firewall between this server and the Windows Forwarder IPs.
 3. This server VPN Configuration screen should be configured for server mode.



6.7.13. Widget Resources

This tab allows the auto-creation of a dashboard widget's resource description for a new table. At a minimum, the IP address and table name should be provided to fetch/create the `lxtapi_*` definitions. This functionality may also be used to generate dashboards for generic Postgres databases, if the database's security information is known.

VOSS VOSS Insights Search Dashboards

Archive DS9 DS9 Flow Summary Import LDAP Sendmail SNMP Syslog VOSS **Widget Resources**

Widget Resource Control

Changes have been made to this configuration item

Widget Resource Control

This page will allow the auto-creation of a widget's resource description for a new table. At a minimum, the IP address and table name should be provided to fetch/create `lxtapi_*` definitions. This functionality may also be used to generate dashboards for generic Postgres databases, if the database's security information is known.

IP location

The IP address of the database's host machine.

Database Name

[Optional] The name of the database.

username

[Optional] The database username.

password

[Optional] The database password.

6.8. Theme Management

The Theme Management screen provides several options to configure themes: create, modify, reset and delete. Custom themes can also be created.

6.8.1. Create a New Theme

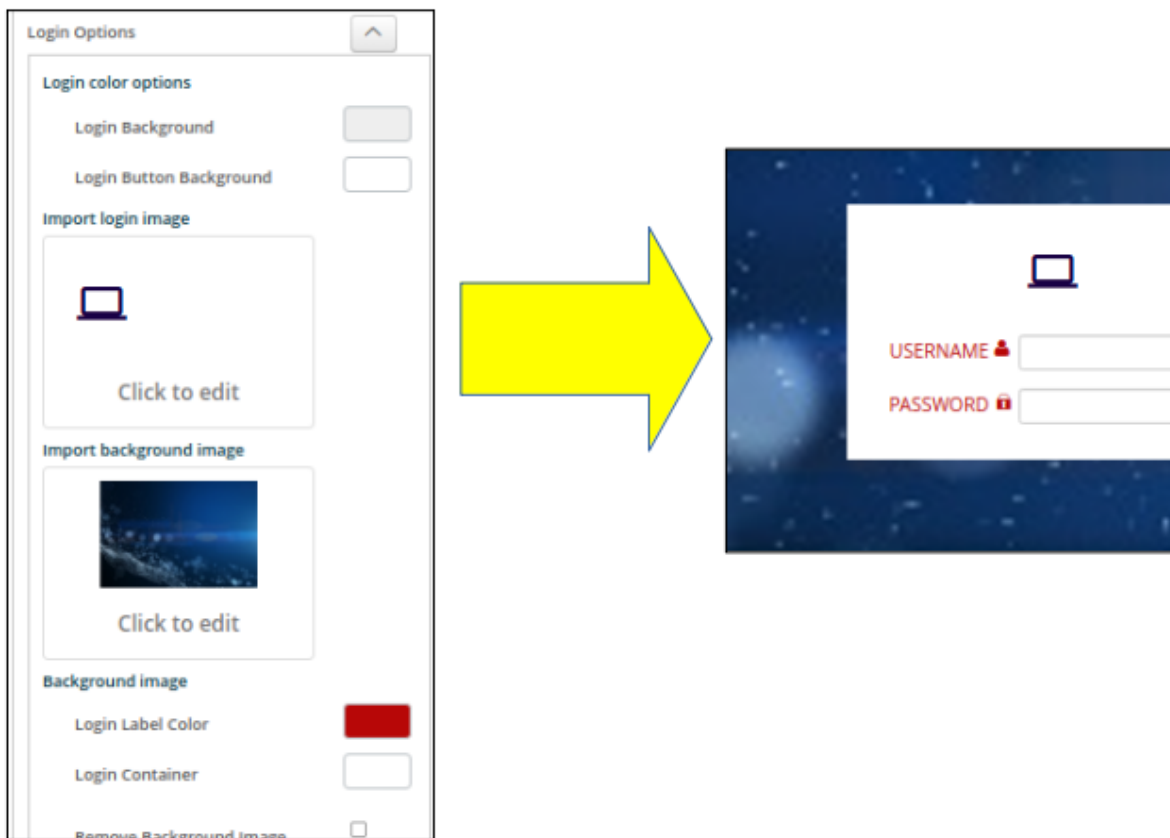
1. From the reporter user menu on the main screen, choose **Theme Management**.
2. From the **Select action** drop down, choose Create New Theme.

Theme Management

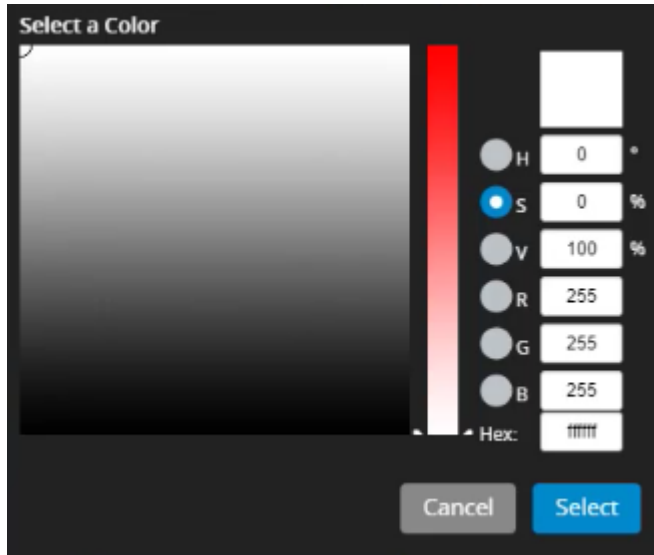
Theme name

Arbitrators

3. Enter a **Theme Name** and optionally any arbitrator to share the theme.
4. **Login Options:** refer to the **Login sample** for a preview of changes.



- a. For **Login color options** (Login Background, Login Button Background), click in the color box to open a color picker widget. You can use the sliders, buttons and input boxes to set a color. Verify your color shows in the **Hex:** input as a hex value and click **Select**.



- b. From **Import login image**, select the image to show on the login page, above the username and password input boxes.
- c. From **Import background image**, select the image to show as background on the login page, behind the login box. If not used, then the **Login Background** color applies.
If needed, select the **Remove Background image** check box to remove any imported background image.
- d. From **Login Container**, select the required color options. The **Privacy Security Text** box can be used to enter login privacy text:


Login Container

Login Container Background

Login Container Header

Login Container Text


Login Container Button

Privacy Security Text 


Tab Title


A **Tab Title** text value can be entered to show as the browser tab text.

5. **Dashboard Options**:: refer to the **Dashboard sample** for a preview of changes.

Dashboard Options 

Dashboard color options

Banner Background 

Dashboard Background 

Import logo image

Click to edit

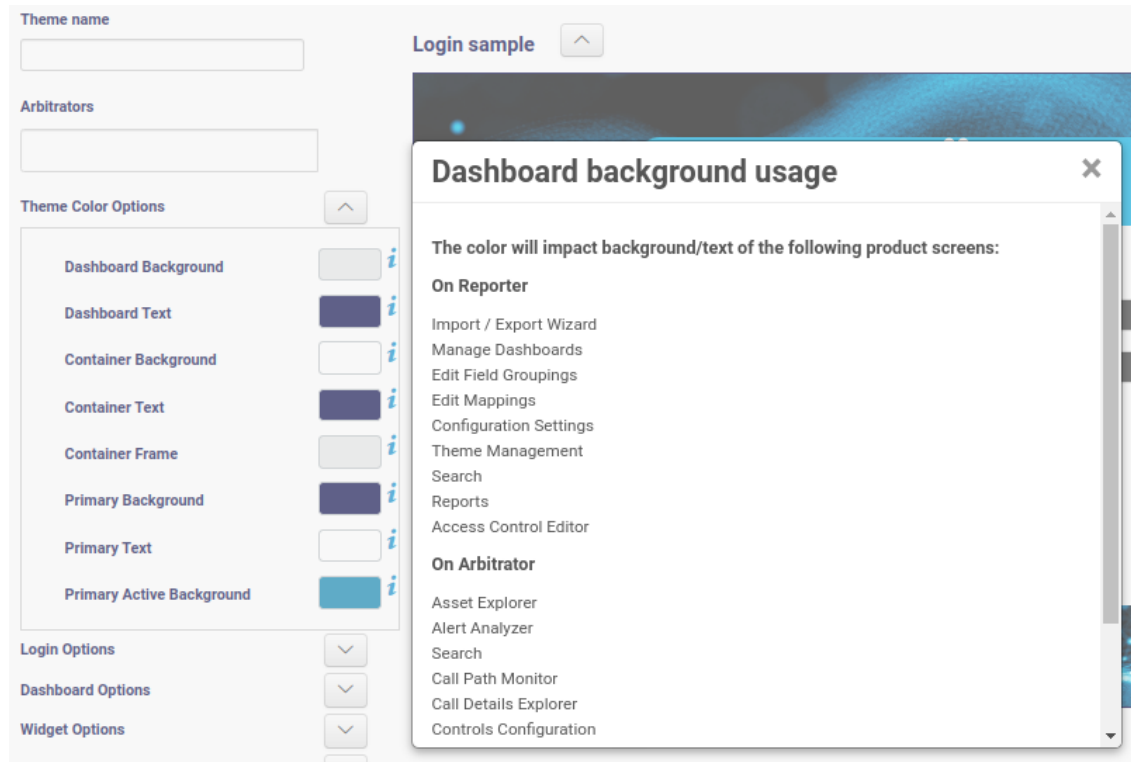
Logo Image Ratio

Logo Image Top Padding

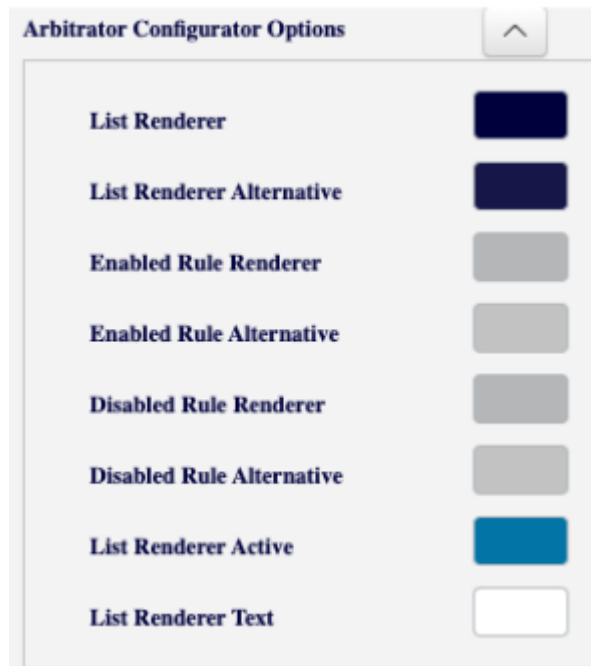
- a. For **Dashboard color options** (Banner Background, Dashboard Background), click in the color box to open a color picker widget. You can use the sliders, buttons and input boxes to set a color. Verify your color shows in the **Hex:** input as a hex value and click **Select**.

For the dashboard, Theme Color Options are also available for text, Container, Primary Active elements and Containers.

Click the **i** icon to open a list of screens affected by a color option, for example, for **Dashboard Background**:



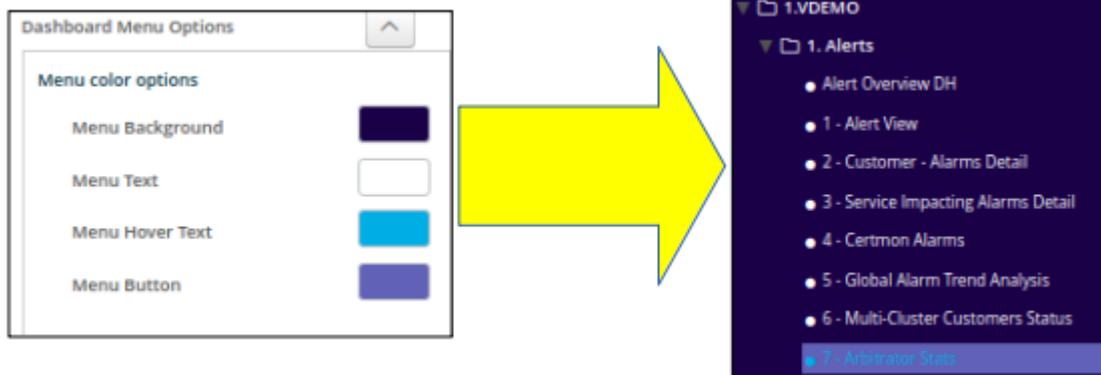
Additional Arbitrator Configurator colors are also available:



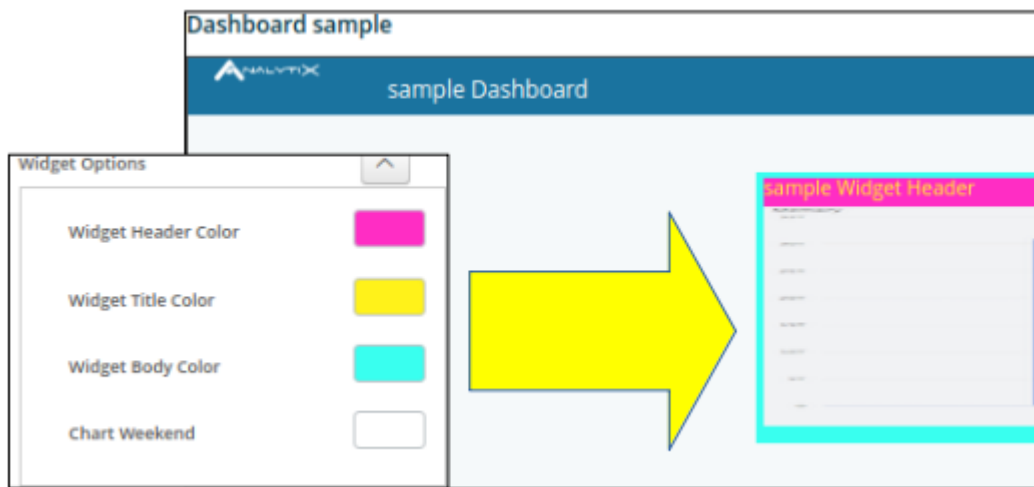
- b. Select an image from **Import logo image** to use as a logo on the banner. The image can be

scaled and positioned using **Logo Image Ratio** and **Logo Image Top Padding**. An option is also available for a browser tab icon: **Import Favicon image**.

6. **Dashboard Menu Options:** the **Menu color options** group of settings are available to customize the colors of the menu and its text (Menu Background, Menu Text, Menu Hover Text, Menu Button) - using the color pricker widget.

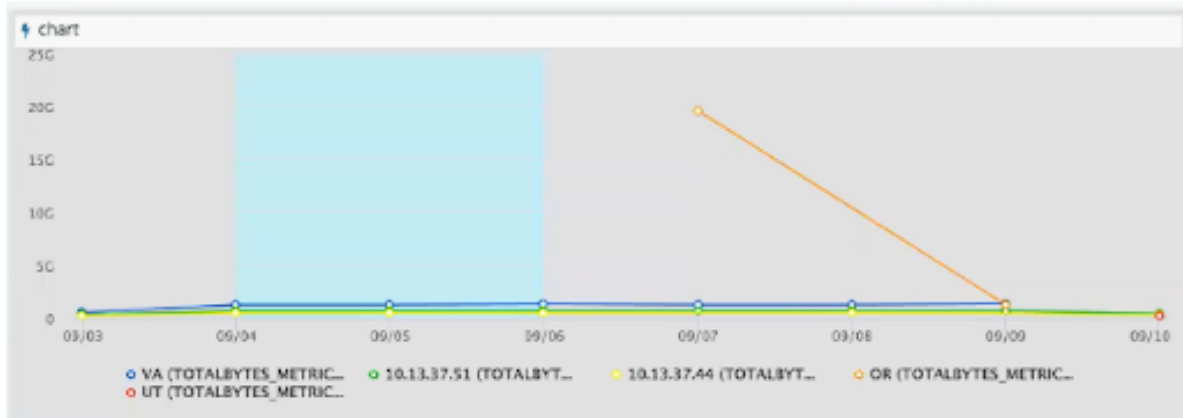


7. **Widget Options:** refer to the **Dashboard sample** for a preview of changes. The widget sample is shown on the dashboard.



Set the **Widget Header Color**, **Widget Title Color** and **Widget Body Color** using the color picker widget.

The **Chart Weekend** setting can be used to set a different chart color for charts that show daily data over a number of weeks.



- Click **Save**. When done, the **Status** shows 100% and a message shows “Theme saved successfully”.

6.8.2. Apply a Theme to the Dashboard

- Log in on the command line and navigate to the **Change Reporter Branding** menu.

```

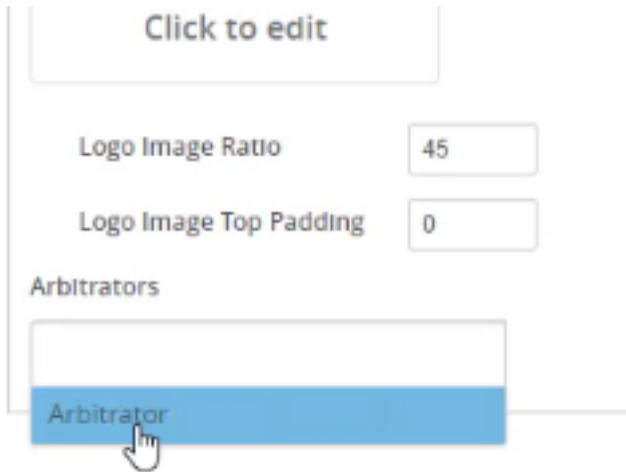
LayerX Administration
-----
Please choose from the following options.
+-----+
| Network Configuration |
| Time Configuration    |
| Analytix Backup Restore |
| Analytix Init         |
| Change Passwords      |
| Change Reporter Branding |
| Configure Cisco Call Managers |
| Fix Corrupt Ndx       |
| LayerX Log Snapshot   |
| LayerX Upgrade        |
| Optimize Config - Kernel |
| Optimize Config - Postgres |
| Out of Band Configuration |
+-----+
  148                                     468
  < OK >

```

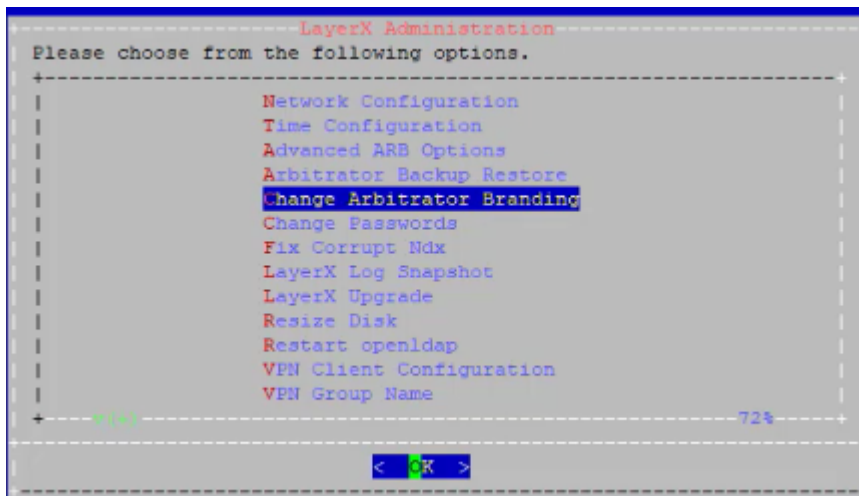
- At **Enter Branding Theme:** input box, enter themes/<your-theme-name> and select **OK**. A console message shows: Putting THEME:themes/<your-theme-name>.
- If you log in on the reporter now, the theme is shown.

6.8.3. Apply a Theme to the Arbitrator

- On the selected theme on the **Theme Management** menu, ensure that the arbitrator is selected in the **Arbitrators** drop down box and that the theme is saved. (You need to make a change to the theme to save.)

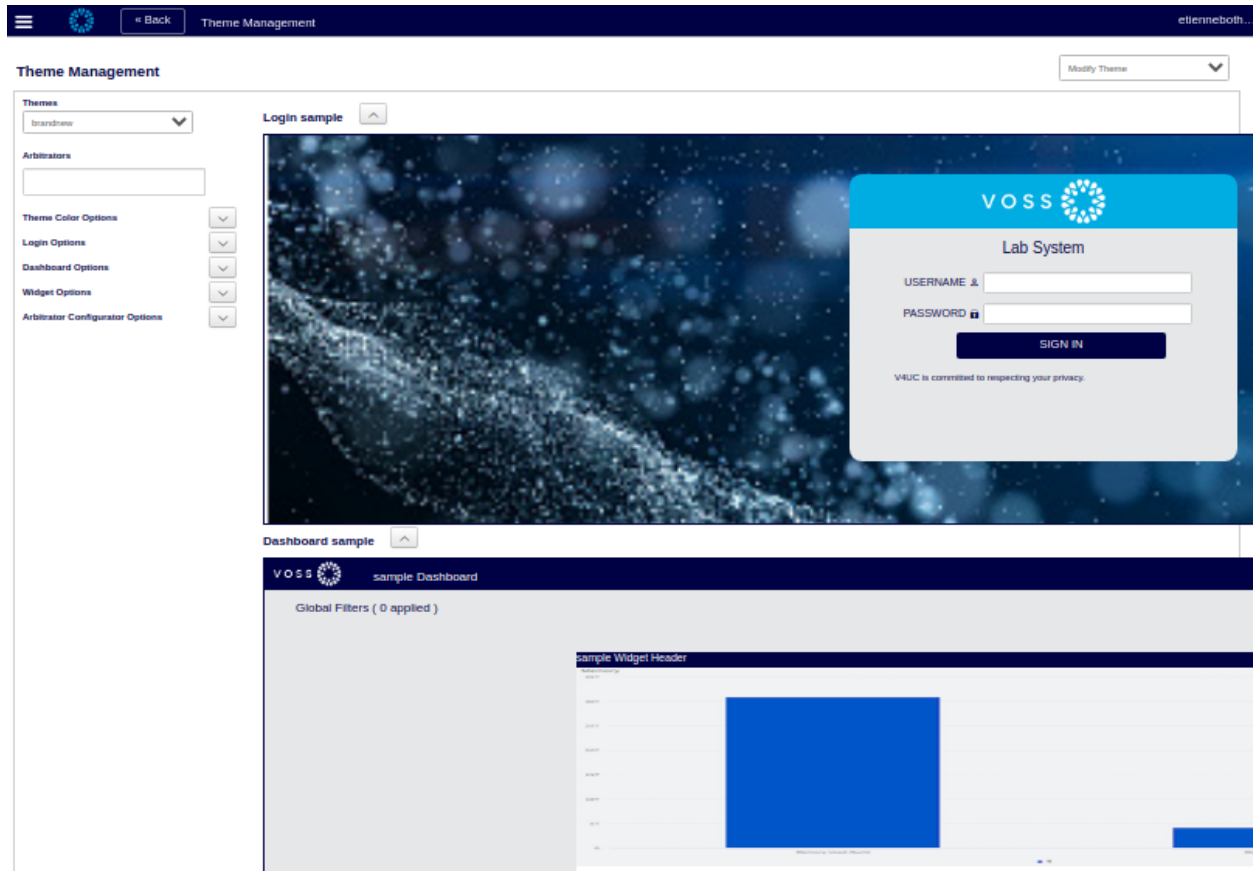


2. Click **Save**. You should now also see an **Output:** message: “Generating Arbitrator <IP> theme <your-theme-name>”
3. Log in on the command line and navigate to the **Change Arbitrator Branding** menu.



4. At **Enter Branding Theme:** input box, enter themes/<your-theme-name> and select **OK**. A console message shows: Putting THEME:themes/<your-theme-name>.
5. If you log in on the arbitrator now, the theme is shown.

6.8.4. Example Custom Theme



6.9. DS9 Configuration

6.9.1. Overview

The DS9 Alert Management page allows you to view, edit, disable, or delete existing alerts for DS9, and to add new alerts for DS9.

Note: To access this page, log in to the dashboard as admin user, and from the **admin** menu, select **DS9 Configuration**.

6.9.2. Alert types

DS9 ships with three standard alert types:

Alert type	Description
Application Threshold	This alert notifies you that a NetFlow-reporting node reports traffic for an application over or under a certain threshold. After you create an alert for the application and the threshold for a particular node, the alert is triggered when the traffic exceeds the threshold. The alert can be created across multiple applications. This means that the alert will be triggered when the combined threshold of all selected applications is reached.
Top Application	This alert notifies you whether an application is present in Top XX Applications lists. After you create an alert for a specific application for a node or interface, the alert is triggered when the application is missing in the Top XX Applications resources.
No Flow	The flow is no longer being received. This alert notifies you that a device (node or interface) is not sending data over a defined time period.

6.9.3. View alerts

1. Log in to the Dashboard as admin user.
2. From the **admin** menu, select **DS9 Configuration** to open the **DS9 Alert Management** page.
3. On the **DS9 Alert Management** page, select a DS9 system to view alerts for this system in the table in the **Alert Table** panel.

Note: You can choose to view details for all alert types or choose one. In the **Alert Table** panel, you can choose to view active or disabled alerts. Click the **Refresh** button to update alert configuration details in the table.

The screenshot displays the DS9 Alert Management interface. On the left, the 'Alert Configuration' panel includes a 'DS9 System' dropdown menu (set to '10.13.37.52') and an 'Alert Type' dropdown menu (set to 'All'). On the right, the 'Alert Table' panel shows a table of alerts with columns for ID, Alert Type, Agent ID, Interface Value, Interface Type, File Name, Interval, Threshold, Inequal, Units, and Application Threshold. The table contains six rows of alert configurations.

ID	Alert Type	Agent ID	Interface Value	Interface Type	File Name	Interval	Thresh	Inequal	Units	Application Threshold		
										Application IDs	Control	Port
1	applicationThresh...	172.28.1.3	172.28.1.3 interface 36	ingressint	applicationThreshold_EAR29HDD...	5	2	<	Kbps			include
2	noFlow	any	172.28.1.3 interface 37	egressint	noFlow_AH4P4ZHD018LW7EQ16...	5						
3	noFlow	172.28.1.3	172.28.1.3 interface 36	egressint	noFlow_K18JEGX97WCSBCUN16...	5						
4	noFlow	172.28.1.3	172.28.1.3 interface 3	egressint	noFlow_U7RYFQQLSE0FM5VC16...	5						
5	topApplication	any	any	egressint	topApplication_ESSU07NQAL7C9...	5						
6	topApplication	172.28.1.3	172.28.1.3 interface 36	ingressint	topApplication_MHTPQLFGI3RHQ...	5						

6.9.4. Add an alert

This procedure creates a DS9 alert.

1. Log in to the Dashboard as admin user.
2. From the **admin** menu, select **DS9 Configuration** to open the **DS9 Alert Management** page.
3. On the **DS9 Alert Management** page, click **Add**.
4. At **DS9 System**, choose a DS9 system from the list.

Note: The list is populated based on DS9 data sources. Once you choose a DS9, the system runs a query and populates the table in the **Alert Table** panel, displaying the details of any active / disabled alerts already configured for the DS9 you choose (active or disabled, depending on whether you select the **Active** or **Disabled** radio button).

5. At **Alert Type**, choose the alert type you want to add. Options are: No Flow, Top Application, Application Threshold
6. Configure the alert:
 - Choose the agent ID (the address for the alert) (relevant for all alert types).

Note: The option you choose at **Agents** populates the **Interfaces** drop-down.

- Choose interface type (relevant for all alert types).
- Choose interfaces (relevant for all alert types).

Note: The list is dynamically populated based on the agent you select, via an API call to the DS9 data source or the local database.

- Choose time interval (the number of minutes to query in the past) (relevant for all alert types).
- Configure threshold (unit, compare symbol, and value) (relevant for alert type *Application Threshold* only)
- Define whether to include applications, and if yes, specify application IDs (one or more, in a comma-separated list) (relevant for alert type *Application Threshold* only)
- Define whether to include ports, and if yes, specify ports, one or more, in a comma-separated list (relevant for alert type *Application Threshold* only)
- Choose severity (minor, major, or critical) (relevant for alert types *No Flow* and *Top Application* only).
- Choose the condition at **Exists**, either true or false (relevant for alert types *No Flow* and *Top Application* only).
- Mandatory. Define a numeric value as the limit (relevant for alert type *Top Application* only).

7. Click **Add**.

The system adds the new alert and progress displays in the display field adjacent to the **Refresh** button.

Wait a short while (approximately one minute) to allow the system to process the new alert and to run the query, then click the **Refresh** button to view the new alert in the table.



Note: The **Clear** button clears the interfaces data and the agent. If you don't clear these fields before adding a new alert, the value for agent and interfaces is the same as the last alert you added.

6.9.5. Edit, disable, or delete an alert

This procedure edits, disables, or deletes a DS9 alert.

1. Log in to the Dashboard as admin user.
2. From the **admin** menu, select **DS9 Configuration** to open the **DS9 Alert Management** page.
3. On the **DS9 Alert Management** page, click **Edit**.
4. At **DS9 System**, choose a DS9 system from the list.
5. View active alerts for this system in the **Alert Table** panel.

Note: Select **Disabled** to view disabled alerts.

6. In the table, choose the alert you wish to edit. The alert's details populate the configuration fields, including a file name.
7. Choose an option:
 - To modify the alert, update the data, then click **Edit** to update the alert.
 - To disable the alert, click **Disable**. The alert is removed from the table of active alerts, and is added to disabled alerts.
 - To delete the alert, click **Delete**. The alert is removed.

6.10. Schedule Reports

6.10.1. Overview

The Report Scheduler allows you to schedule each report based on customer, duration, repeat time-frame, and email address.

You can access the reports functionality via the **System Configuration** menu (Cog icon) on the toolbar, then select **Schedule Reports**.

You can select two tabs on this page:

- Configure

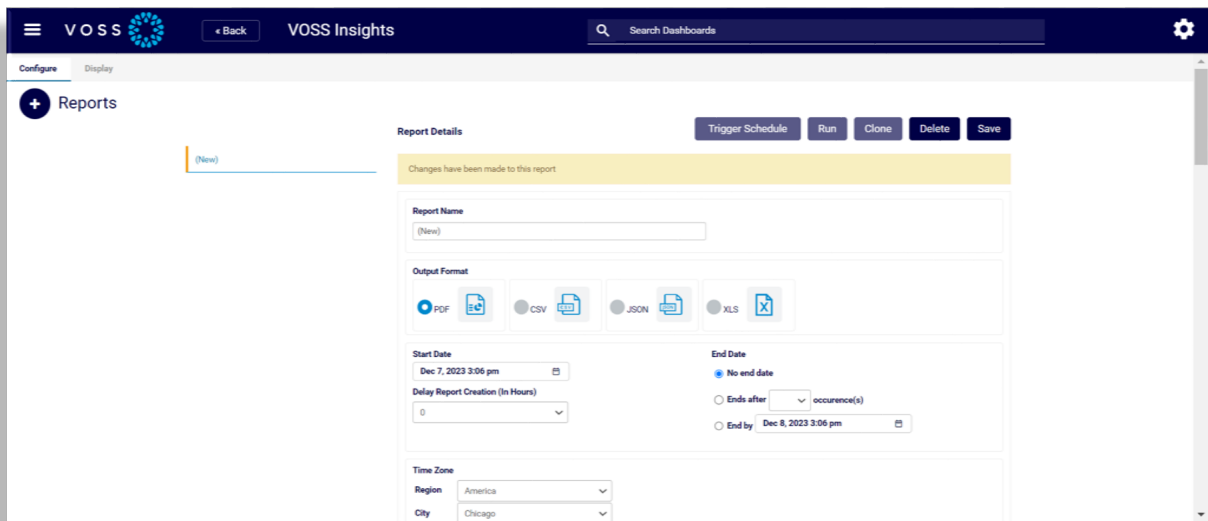
- Display

6.10.2. Configure Tab

On the Configure tab you can trigger a schedule, run a report, delete a report, or clone (copy) a report.

Note: Cloning allows you to create a copy that you can customize to add new recipients or a different time zone, for example.

On this tab you can also scheduling and arrange dashboards into reports.



The table describes options for working with reports:

Plus icon (+) Click the Plus icon (+) at **Reports** to add a new report.

Run To run a report manually, select the report, then click **Run**. In the **Print** dialog that displays, choose a date for the report, and click **Print** to run the query and generate the report. You can view the progress and details of the query as it runs, and when it's done, click **Download** to download the report so you can save it locally or to a network location.

Clone To clone a report, select the relevant report, then click **Clone**. This allows you to create a new report based on settings in the cloned report.

Trigger Schedule To manually trigger the schedule for a scheduled report, select the report, then click **Trigger Schedule**. For reports executed via a schedule, the system writes the report log details to the Sched database (to the *lxt_perf_data* table). Event data display in a Dashboard widget (*lxt_perf_data widget*), where you can view progress and print the details.

Related Topics

- [Introduction to Dashboards](#)
- [Access Controls](#)

6.10.3. Schedule and Arrange Dashboards into Reports

This procedure sets up reports.

Prerequisites:

- In **Access Controls**, add users who may receive emailed reports, along with their email address. See [Access Controls](#)
- For emailed reports, if you need to set up an alternative IP address that will allow recipients to access the Dashboard to view reports in the Dashboard system via an IP address in the email notification sent to them:
 - Go to **System Configuration > Configuration**.
 - On the **Sendmail** tab, in the optional **sendmail_from_host** field, add an IP address to use as the URL for all emails that the system generates.
 See [Configuration](#)

To schedule and arrange dashboards into reports:

1. Go to **System Configuration > Scheduled Reports**.
2. On the **Configure** tab, click the Plus icon **+** at **Reports** to add a new report.
3. In the **Report Name** field, give your new report a custom name.
4. Choose the output format. Options are PDF, CSV, JSON, or XLS.

Note: Outputting to Excel workbooks (.xls) creates a new tab for each widget inside a single Excel workbook file.

Configuration options on the page depend on the output format you choose. For example, only the PDF output format allows you to define widget layout per page.

5. At **Start Date** and **End Date**, select a start date, and report end date options.
6. At **Time Zone**, choose a time zone region and city.

Note: The system uses a city library that represents most zone locations. If your city is unavailable, choose an option matching your required time zone.

7. At **Report Interval**, choose the period to query data for the report. For example, **Last 12 hours**.
8. At **Repeats**, choose how often you want to repeat the running of this report. Options are: Never, Daily, Weekly, Monthly.
9. At **Descriptions Placement**, choose whether to display widget descriptions below the chart(s).

10. At **Widget Layout Per Page**, select the number of widgets to print on a page
11. At **Users**, click the Plus icon (+) to add recipients (one or more), then select the users who should receive the report.

Note: Non-admin users can also add other users to reports.

12. At **Destination**, choose whether to:
 - only display the report on the GUI: **Display only**, i.e. no destination
 - send the report via **Email**
 - send the report via **SFTP**

Note: Reports can be sent via SFTP to a host destination.

13. Under **File name option**, if the **Override default File name** checkbox is selected, report filename options are available to include the username, date and time (HH_mm_ss) with the name (separated by an underscore _).

File name option

Override default File name

File name

File name includes User name

File name includes date

File name includes time

- The date format is obtained from the User Settings: (MMM-D-YY or D-MMM-YY)

14. At **Transform**, choose formatting options.

For the output format you chose (PDF, CSV, JSON, or XLS), define whether to transform epoch to formatted time, and if your selected file output format is CSV, you can also define whether to remove backend formatting in the generated CSV file.

Note: If you've chosen the option to remove backend formatting (CSV output only), then all data in the CSV (each cell) will have minimum formatting applied. This speeds up file generation for reports, and when you wish to download a CSV file (via a dashboard widget). This option is thus useful for large files.

Transform

Transform Epoch to formatted time

No backend formatting - useful for large CSV generation

15. At **Dashboards**, drag the dashboards you want to include in the report, to the **Selected Dashboards** field.
16. At **Summary Page**, use the text editor to design a summary page (including images) that will be placed at the top of the report.

17. Click **Save**.

Note: Now you can manually run the report, or you can click **Trigger Schedule** to generate the report at the predefined schedule value. If you've chosen to email the report, the report is emailed to the recipient you specified in **Users** on the **Reports** page. Email recipients click the link in the email to open the report in the format you specified, and at the specified IP address - either the default, or a value you provided.

The screenshot displays a configuration page for a report. The main form includes the following sections:

- Report Name:** A text input field containing "(New)".
- Output Format:** Radio buttons for PDF, CSV, JSON, and XLS.
- Start Date:** A date picker set to "Sep 19, 2022 10:51 am".
- End Date:** Radio buttons for "No end date", "Ends after" (with a dropdown for "occurrence(s)"), and "End by" (set to "Sep 20, 2022 10:51 am").
- Delay Report Creation (In Hours):** A dropdown menu set to "0".
- Time Zone:** Region set to "America" and City set to "Chicago".
- Report Interval:** A dropdown menu set to "Last 24 hours".
- Report Date Range:** A checkbox for "Use Date range as time frame to query data." which is unchecked.
- Repeats:** A dropdown menu set to "Never".
- Descriptions Placement:** A checkbox for "Place widget descriptions below chart" which is unchecked.

Overlaid on the main form are two smaller panels:

- Widget Layout Per Page:** A selection of grid layouts (1, 2 horizontal, 2 vertical, 4, 6 vertical, 8 vertical).
- Users:** A table with columns for User ID, Name, Email, and Customer. One user is listed: "admin" with Name "Administrator".
- Dashboards:** A list of dashboard categories including 1.VDEMO, Avaya, Cisco, Cisco CME Dashboards, Cisco TMS, Cisco TMS Dashboards, Cisco UCM SIP Trunk Reports, Cisco Voice Gateways, Concept, CUCM and HCS, and Deep Flow Inspection. A "Selected Dashboards" section is also visible.

6.11. Data Sources

The Data Sources page allows you to define multiple data sources to extract data on which to analyze and report. Several options are provided for connecting to external data sources.

Note: To access Data Sources, click the **System Configuration** icon, then select **Data Sources**.

Insights can extract data from any SQL data source as well as all VOSS systems. The **Data Sources** page displays all of the data sources from which the system is currently configured to extract.

To add a new data source:

1. Click **New Data Source**, then fill out a name for the new data source.
2. Select a data source type from the drop-down, then fill out details relevant to the selected data source, for example, Microsoft SQL Server, Ndx, or any of the other available data source types.
3. Fill out required credentials.
4. Save.

This source will now be available to extract data and define resources.

The screenshot displays the VOSS Insights interface for configuring a new data source. The top navigation bar includes the VOSS logo, a 'Back' button, and the text 'VOSS Insights'. The main content area is titled 'Data Sources' and features a dropdown menu showing '10.13.37.87' and a 'New Data Source' button. Below this, the 'Name' field contains '10.13.37.87'. The 'Data Source Type' dropdown is set to 'Remote Arbitrator Postgres Database'. The 'Host' field is '10.13.37.87' and the 'Port' field is '5432'. At the bottom, there are 'Delete' and 'Save' buttons. On the right side, there are instructions: 'Data Source: Select a data source to edit or click New Data Source.', 'Name: Enter a name for this data source.', and 'Data Source Type: Select the data source type and fill in the fields below.'

6.12. Access Controls

6.12.1. Overview

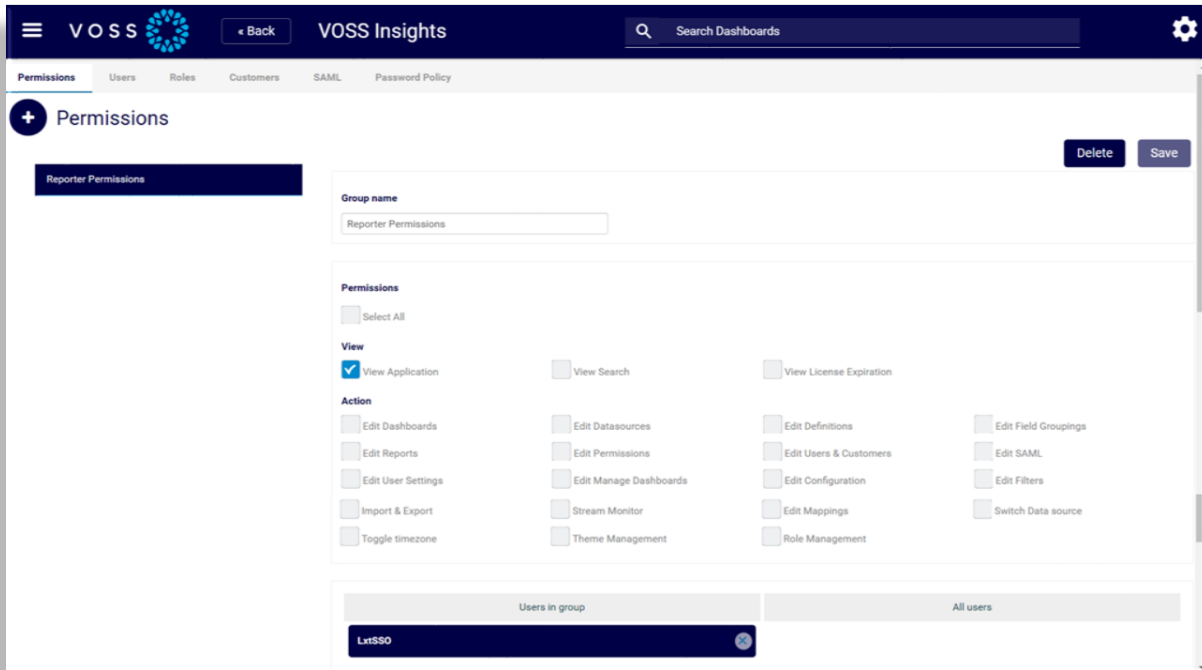
The Insights Dashboard system Access Controls page allows you to set up and configure the following:

- Set up multi-tenant customers and users

Note: You can set up multiple tenants to have their own, read-only only access to dashboards, and to receive their own reports.

- Configure role-based access to the dashboards
- Configure system permissions
- Add or configure users and customers
- Configure SAML settings
- Configure user log in credentials and system password policy

Note: Only the system super user (admin account) may view and edit the password policy.



To launch Access Controls, click the toolbar **System Configuration** (Cog) icon , then select **Access Controls**.

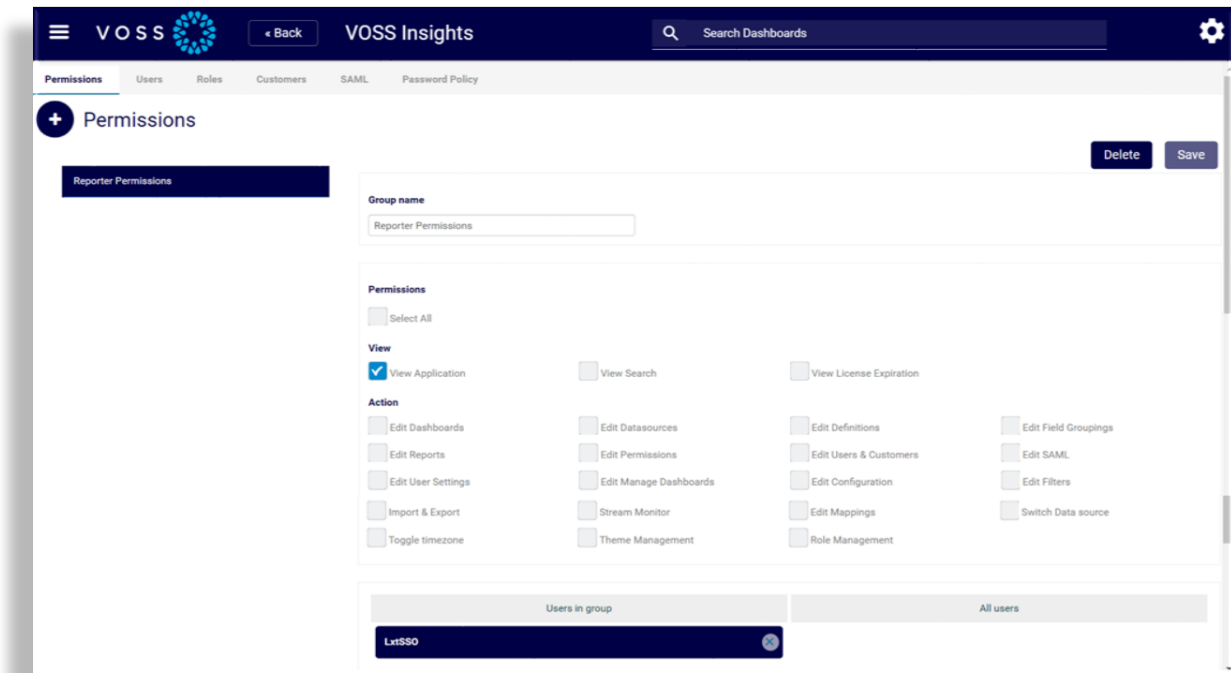
6.12.2. Access Controls Editor

You can select the following tabs in the Access Controls editor:

- [Permissions Tab](#)
- [Users Tab](#)
- [Roles Tab](#)
- [Customers Tab](#)
- [SAML Tab](#)
- [Password Policy Tab](#)

Permissions Tab

This tab adds and configures permission groups.



The **Reporter Permissions** group is a default permissions group, and is assigned by default to the **Default** role.

All new users added to the system are automatically assigned to the **Reporter Permissions** permissions group, which provides **View Application** rights to the system.

You can add new permissions groups, and for each permission group, you can choose permissions, and add or remove users.

Note: A user can be in one or more permission groups, but only the most restrictive one is used.

- The **Users in group** and **All users** fields display the names of users added to the system.
- The **View** and **Action** checkboxes define the permissions that can be assigned to a selected permission group.
- To create a new permission group, click the Plus (+) icon at **Permissions**, define a group name, choose permissions, add users to the group, and save your changes. Users in this group will have access to the system based on permissions configured for their permission group.

Note: All permission groups should have at least the **View Application** permission.

Related Topics

- [Add and Configure Permission Groups](#)

Users Tab

This tab adds, edits, and deletes users.

Username	Display Name	Email	Super User	Force Password Change	No Timeout
admin	Administrator	jacksmith@mycorp.com	✓	—	✓
samj	samj	noreply@mycorp.com	—	—	✓
david	david	david@mycorp.com	—	—	—
Demo-1	Demo-1	demo@mycorp.com	—	—	—
Lois	Lois	test	—	—	—
petert	petert	petert@mycorp.com	—	—	—
lxtsso	LxtSSO	jackharper@mycorp.com	—	—	—

There are two default users upon installation:

admin	A system superuser. The admin can perform all functions in the system. Set these credentials and only share them with your administrator.
lxtsso	A single sign-on credential, used only when the system is integrated to another platform, such as an IT Operations platform.

All new users are automatically created with a default role (called **Default**), and the **Reporter Permissions** permission group, which gives at least the **View Application** permission. Provided the default role is enabled and has dashboards associated to it, new users can log in to the system and will have access to the predefined collection of dashboards you associated to the default user role (typically dashboards you want all users to have access to). This simplifies the onboarding process.

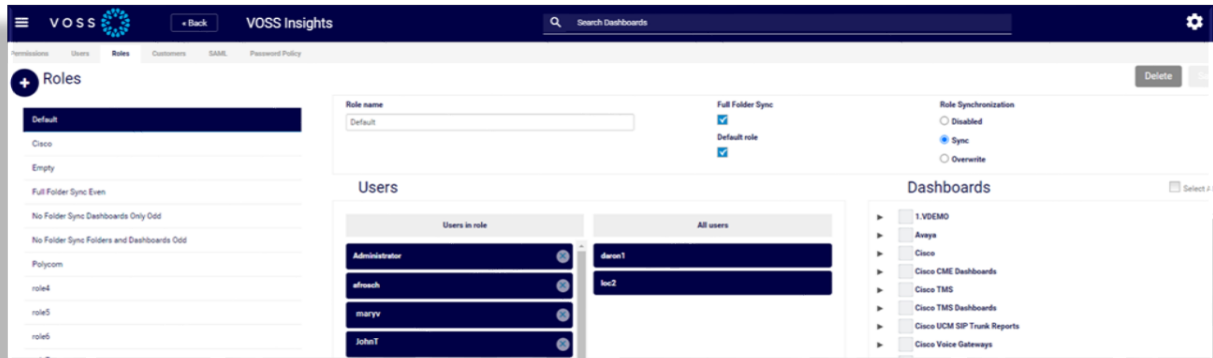
Related Topics

- [Assign Dashboards to Users via User Roles](#)
- [Add New User with Default Role and Dashboards](#)
- [View a User's Roles, Permissions, and Dashboards](#)

Roles Tab

This tab adds and edits role-based access to the dashboards.

Note: You can assign dashboards to specific roles. Users can be part of one or many roles. If the role is *enabled* (see Role Synchronization settings), any user with that role will have all the dashboards assigned to that role. Roles tie together permission groups and dashboard collections.



The table describes the fields on the Roles tab in the Access Control Editor:

Field	Description
Roles	<p>Click the Plus icon (+) to add a new role. Select a role then add or remove users associated with the role.</p> <p>The system ships with a role called <i>Default</i>. All new users are automatically associated with the <i>Default</i> role. It is recommended that you assign a selection of dashboards to the <i>Default</i> role. These are dashboards that you want all new users to have access to as soon as they're added to the system.</p> <p>You can create additional roles based on the requirements of your organization, then add or remove users as required, and choose the dashboards to assign to users based on their roles (users can have more than one role).</p>
Users	Associate and remove users from a selected role.
Dashboards	Choose dashboards to be associated with a selected role. These dashboards will be available to users assigned to the role when saving your changes.
Role name	A customizable name for the role. The system ships with a default role (called <i>Default</i>).
Full Folder Sync	<p>Defines that when syncing dashboards to user roles, the system syncs the entire folder where dashboards are selected for the role.</p> <p>If Full Folder Sync and Overwrite is selected, when an admin user adds another dashboard to the folder, that dashboard is available to the user the next time the user logs in.</p>
Default role	<p>Defines that the selected role is the default for the system. Any new users added to the system are assigned to this role, and will have access to any dashboards associated with this role. Additionally, new users are automatically assigned <i>Reporter Permissions</i> (permissions group), which gives them view access to the system.</p>
Role Synchronization	<p>Options for how a selected role is synced and dashboards made available or removed for users associated with the role:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disabled - The role is disabled. Any dashboards assigned to this role won't be synced to users added to this role. • Sync - When a user with this role logs in, they will have access to any dashboards associated with the role. Sync occurs when a user logs in. If a user is logged in when dashboards associated with their role is changed, they will see the change the next time they log in. This option deletes all dashboards currently assigned to users with the role, and copies over the current dashboard selection for the role. Manually assigned dashboards and roles are replaced in this automatic sync. • Overwrite - The existing dashboard to role association is overwritten when the next role sync occurs. <p>If Full Folder Sync and Overwrite is selected, when an admin user adds another dashboard to the folder, that dashboard is available to the user the next time the user logs in.</p>

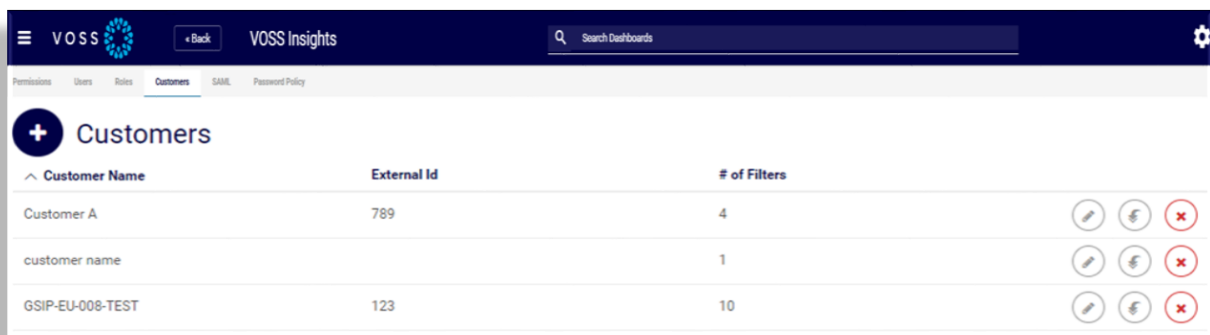
Related Topics










- [Add and Configure Roles](#)
- [Assign Dashboards to Users via User Roles](#)
- [Add New User with Default Role and Dashboards](#)
- [View a User's Roles, Permissions, and Dashboards](#)

Customers Tab

This tab adds, edits, clones, and deletes customers.

Customers can be actual companies (if you are an MSP), or they can be departments/individuals (if you are an enterprise).



Customer Name	External Id	# of Filters	
Customer A	789	4	  
customer name		1	  
GSIP-EU-008-TEST	123	10	  

Related Topics

- [Add and Configure a Customer](#)

SAML Tab

This tab configures SAML settings, which are used to enable single sign-on across security domains.

You can choose to enable SAML along with the specific signature algorithm and various attributes. This function often requires close interaction between the customer and the VOSS engineer.

Note: Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) is an open standard for exchanging authentication and authorization data between parties, in particular, between an identity provider and a service provider. As its name implies, SAML is an XML-based markup language for security assertions (statements that service providers use to make access-control decisions).

VOSS Insights supports single sign on (SSO) for authentication via the SAML v2.0 standard for SSO. When SAML is enabled for your system, the **Sign Out** menu option (accessible via the **admin** menu) is not required or available as the Insights system does not initiate the termination in this case.

SAML is enabled/disabled on the SAML tab of the Access Control Editor on Insights Dashboard. To bypass SAML authentication, you can set `nosaml=true` in the URL.

VOSS Insights

Search Dashboards

Permissions Users Roles Customers **SAML** Password Policy

SAML 2.0 Settings

Save

Enable SAML

Show All Customers' Data

SAML Signature Algorithm
sha1

Attribute Mappings

Email (Optional):

Username (Optional):

First Name (Optional):

Last Name (Optional):

Identity Provider Metadata XML
* Required
Paste your metadata XML here

Password Policy Tab

This tab configures the system password policy, allowing the system administrator (super user with admin role) to enforce an application user password policy across all local users.

VOSS Insights

Search Dashboards

Permissions Users Roles Customers SAML **Password Policy**

Minimum Length 5

Minimum Uppercase 0 A-Z

Minimum Lowercase 0 a-z

Minimum Numeric 0 0-9

Minimum Special 0 !@#%&*'()[]

Password Lifespan 0 days

Maximum Login Attempts 10

Save

Related Topics

- [Configure Password Policy](#)

6.12.3. Add and Configure Roles

This procedure adds and configures a new user role.

Note: Roles are used to give users access to a collection of dashboards. The system ships with a default role called **Default**. This role must be enabled, and you will need to select the dashboards that all users should have access to by default. All new users are assigned the **Default** role, and will have immediate access to the dashboards associated with this role when they first log in. This simplifies the onboarding process for new users.

1. Log in to the Dashboard application as admin user.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. Select the **Roles** tab.
4. Click the Plus icon (+) at **Roles**, then configure the new role:
 - At **Role name**, fill out a name for the role.
 - At **Users**, move relevant users from **All users** to **Users in role**.
 - Choose whether this is a default role.
 - Choose whether to enable full folder sync.
 - Choose role synchronization options.
 - Choose dashboards to associate with this role.
5. Click **Save**.

Provided the role is enabled and you have selected one or more dashboards for this role, any users with this role will have access to these dashboards the next time they log in.

Note:

- To edit a role, select the role on the **Roles** tab, update the role, and save.
 - To delete a role, select the role on the **Roles** tab, click **Delete**.
-

Related Topics

- [Roles Tab](#)

6.12.4. Add and Configure Permission Groups

Permission groups are a way to give users specific permissions in the system.

Note: The system ships with a default permissions group called **Reporter Permissions** and a default user role called **Default**. New users are automatically assigned the **Default** role, and the **Reporter Permissions** permission group. **Reporter Permissions** automatically assigns the **View Application** permission to new users. A default collection of dashboards must be added to the **Default** role, and this role must be enabled (via the **Roles** tab in the Access Control Editor). These are dashboards that you want all new users to have access to as soon as they sign in to the system, and is a quick way of onboarding new users.

1. Log in to the Dashboard application as admin user.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. Select the **Permissions** tab.
4. Click the Plus icon (+) at **Permissions**, then configure the new permission group:
 - Fill out a name for the permission group.
 - Choose permissions.

Note: All permission groups should have at least the **View Application** permission.

- Add users to the permission group.
- Click **Save**.

Users in this permission group will have access to the system based on permissions configured for their permission group.

Related Topics

- [Permissions Tab](#)

6.12.5. Configure Password Policy

This procedure configures the password policy for local users.

1. Log in to the Dashboard application as admin user.

Note: Only a user with the admin role (super user) can view and configure the password policy.

2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.

3. Select the **Password Policy** tab.
4. Configure the password policy settings, including:
 - minimum length of password
 - minimum uppercase letters to be included in the password
 - minimum lowercase letters to be included in the password
 - minimum numeric characters to be included in the password
 - minimum special characters to be included in the password
 - password lifespan (number of days before password will need to be changed)
 - maximum login attempts
5. Click **Save**.

Related Topics

- [Password Policy Tab](#)

6.12.6. Assign Dashboards to Users via User Roles

This procedure automatically assigns a collection of dashboards to users via their user role.

Pre-requisites

- Add the user. See [Add New User with Default Role and Dashboards](#)
- Add the role.

Associate dashboards and users to a role

1. Log in to the Dashboard application.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. Select the **Roles** tab.
4. Select the role.
5. In the **Users** fields, move the relevant users from the **All users** field to the **Users in role** field, or remove users from the **Users in role** field to the **All users** field.
6. At **Dashboards**, select the relevant dashboards. Select an entire dashboard folder tree, or select a dashboard folder and select or deselect dashboards, as required.
7. Choose options for the sync:
 - Select **Full Folder Sync** if you want to refresh the users's dashboard whenever changes are made to the selected dashboard folders.
 - Select **Default role** if you want this role (and the associated dashboards) to be assigned to any user with this role.
 - Choose a **Role Synchronization** option:

- Select **Disabled** if you don't want this role to sync dashboards to users with this role.
- Select **Sync** to remove dashboards previously assigned to users with this role, and to replace manually assigned dashboards with dashboards associated to this role. When the user next logs in, they will have access to these dashboards.
- Select **Overwrite** to replace existing instances of this dashboard with the dashboards associated with the role.

Note: If you have both **Full Folder Sync** and **Overwrite** selected, if the admin adds another dashboard to a dashboard folder, the user has access to the new dashboard the next time they log in.

8. Repeat this procedure to configure additional roles, if required.
9. Click **Save**.

The sync runs based on the settings you defined per role. The next time the user logs in, they will have access to the dashboards associated with their roles (one or more).

6.12.7. Add New User with Default Role and Dashboards

This procedure adds a new user so they have the dashboards they require for onboarding purposes.

Note: New users are automatically assigned the **Default** role, which should contain a default collection of dashboards that you want every user to have access to. This role is also assigned the **Reporter Permissions** permissions group, which provides at least **View Application** (read) access to the system. When a new user logs in the first time, they will have access to the default collection of dashboards. This makes it easier to onboard new users. The **Default** role must be enabled for your system, and you will need to associate the default collection of dashboards to the **Default** role (via the **Roles** tab in the Access Control Editor). The **Default Role** does not ship with dashboards already assigned to it.

1. Log in to the Dashboard application as admin user.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. Select the **Users** tab.
4. Click the Plus icon (+) at **Users** to add a new user.
5. Fill out details for the new user:
 - Add a username, display name, and email address.

Note: The username is used to log in to the system. The display name is the name that displays at the top right on the GUI.

- Define whether to force the user to change their password when they first log in.
- Define whether the user's session can continue without a timeout.
- Choose the customer where this user will be assigned.
- Optionally, select additional roles for this user.

Note: All new users are automatically assigned the **Default** role.

- Optionally, select additional permission groups for the new user.

Note: All new users are automatically assigned to the **Reporter Permissions** group via the **Default** role. This permission group provides **View Application** (read) access to the system.

- Optionally, select additional permissions for the user.
- Fill out a password for the user.

6. Save your changes, then click out of the screen to refresh it.

7. View the new user listed on the **Users** tab. Use the icons to the right of the username to manage the user:

- To edit a user account, click the **Edit** icon (pencil).
- To clone (copy) a user account, click the Clone icon (down arrow).
- To delete a user account, click the **Delete** icon (X).

Note: The user can now log in to the system with their username and **Default** role. On log in, the user has access to the dashboards associated with the **Default** role, plus any dashboards assigned via additional roles you may have configured for this user.

Related Topics

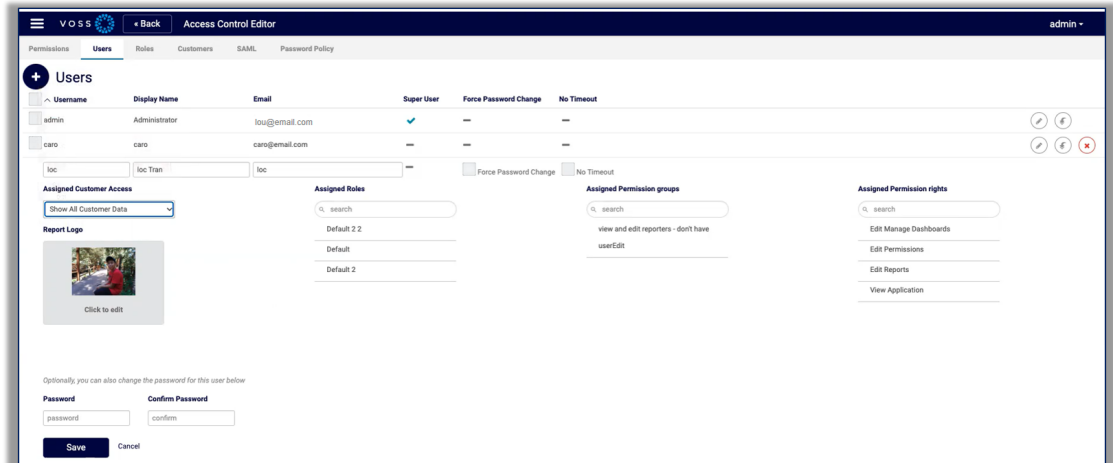
- [Users Tab](#)

6.12.8. View a User's Roles, Permissions, and Dashboards

This procedure displays a user's account, their permissions, roles, and the dashboards associated with their role.

1. Log in to the Dashboard.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. To view or update a user's account:
 - Select the **User** tab.
 - Locate the relevant user, then click the Edit icon (pencil) for this user.
 - View the user's settings, including their assigned roles, permission groups, and permission rights.

Note: The following settings are editable: username, display name, email, whether to force a password change, whether timeout applies for a user's session, the assigned customer access (that is, display data only for a selected customer, or all customers, or no customers), the report logo, and the password.



4. To view the dashboards this user has, select the **Roles** tab, then:
 - Select a role.
 - At **Users in role**, inspect whether the user is assigned to the role.
 - Once you locate a user in a role, inspect the dashboards selected in the **Dashboards** tree structure for that role. These are the dashboards the user has access to.

Note: All new users are assigned the **Default** role and the collection of dashboards associated with this role. A user can have one or more roles, and will have access to the dashboards selected for each role.

5. To view a user's permissions, select the **Permissions** tab, then:
 - Select a permission group.
 - At **Users in group**, inspect whether the user is in the permission group.
 - Once you locate a user in a permission group, inspect the permissions selected for the group.

Note: All new users are assigned the **Reporter Permissions** permissions group in the **Default** role. All permission groups must have at least the **View Application** permission. A user can be in one or more permission groups.

6.12.9. Add and Configure a Customer

This procedure displays, edits, clones, and deletes an existing customer, and adds a new customer.

1. Log in to the Dashboard.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. Select the **Customers** tab. Existing customers are listed on the page.
4. Choose an option:
 - To add a customer, click the Plus (+) icon at **Customers**.

- In **Display Name** field, fill out a name for the customer.
- Click **Edit Filters**, then configure filters:

Note: Filters allow you to define the data (tenanted) that only this customer will see.

The screenshot shows the 'Access Control Editor' for 'Customer B'. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'V OSS', a 'Back' button, the title 'Access Control Editor', and a user profile 'admin'. Below the navigation bar, the main content area is titled 'Filters for Customer B'. It features a 'Resource' dropdown menu currently set to 'Arbitrator_alerts' and a 'Filters' field containing two selected filter definitions: 'AD_NAME' and 'AD_ID'. Below the filters, there is a 'Definitions' section with a search bar labeled 'search for definitions'. Underneath, there are several categories of definitions: 'Text Fields', 'Integer Fields', 'Epoch Date Fields', and 'Calculation Fields'. The 'Integer Fields' category is expanded, showing a list of integer field definitions: 'ACK_LEVEL', 'AD_ID', 'ASC_ID', 'EXTERNAL_QUEUE_INTERVAL', 'IRP_ID', 'IRS_ID', and 'PCOUNTER'. At the top right of the main content area, there are 'Cancel' and 'Update' buttons.

- * At **Resource**, select the resource that applies to the customer.
 - * At **Definitions**, select the specific definition that is unique to that customer. Drag and drop that definition to the **Filters** field. You can select multiple filter definitions.
 - * Click **Update** to return to the **Customer** tab in the **Access Control Editor** (or click **Back** to cancel).
- Click **Save** to create the new customer.
- To create a clone of a customer, select the Clone icon (down arrow) at the relevant customer (the one you want to clone).
You can create a clone (copy) of an existing customer, then modify the clone to create a new customer based on the settings in the clone. Save the new customer.
 - To edit a customer, click the Edit icon (pencil). Update the customer, then save.
 - To delete a customer, click the Delete icon (X) for that customer.

6.12.10. Change your Password, Display Name, and Report Logo

This procedure allows a system user with minimum permissions to change their own password, their display name, email address, and the report logo.

Note: By default, all new system users are assigned the **Default** role, with **Reporter Permissions**. This role and permissions group allows the minimum **View Application** permission, but also allows non-admin users to change their own password, their display name, email address, and report logo, via the **Access Controls** menu (accessible via the Main Menu).

Admin users (superuser account) change their password via the Profile menu (click on the profile, then select **Edit Account**.)

To update your profile

1. Log in to the Dashboard.
2. Click the System Configuration icon (Cog), then select **Access Control** to open the **Access Control Editor**.
3. On the **Users** tab, click the **Edit** icon (pencil).
4. Update your profile.

You can change your own password, your display name, your email address, and the report logo.

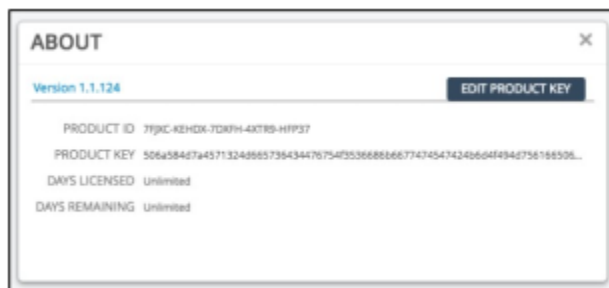
5. Click **Save**.

Related Topics

- [Edit Account](#)

6.13. About

Click the **Admin** drop-down menu and select the **About** option. This will pull up a window that displays the current product key and license details.



6.14. Help

Click the **System Configuration** (Cog icon) to display the drop-down menu, then select **Help** to open the online system help.

6.15. Edit Account

Click the **System Configuration** (Cog icon) to display the drop-down menu, then select **Edit Account** to open the **Edit Profile** dialog, where the Dashboard admin user (superuser) can change their password.

Fill out your old password, and then your new password. Confirm your new password, then click **Save**.

Note: By default, all new system users are assigned the **Default** role, with **Reporter Permissions**. This role and permissions group allows the minimum **View Application** permission, but also allows users with minimum permissions to change their own password, display name, email address, and report logo, via the **Access Controls** menu (accessible via the Main Menu).

The screenshot shows the VOSS Provider Summary Dashboard with an 'EDIT PROFILE' dialog box open. The dashboard header includes the VOSS logo and 'Provider Summary Dashboard'. The breadcrumb trail is '1.VDEMO / 6. VOSS Analytics'. The left sidebar shows navigation options like '1. Subscribers | Services | Entitlement', '2. Phones | Dev', 'MsGraph', 'Webex Teams', and 'Customer Summary Dash'. A table in the dashboard displays subscriber counts: 'Subscribers' (273,283) and 'Subscribers with No Services' (187,761). The 'EDIT PROFILE' dialog box has a close button (X) in the top right. It contains the following fields: 'EMAIL' (admin@mycorp.com), 'OLD PASSWORD' (masked with dots), 'NEW PASSWORD' (masked with dots), and 'CONFIRM PASSWORD' (masked with dots). A 'SAVE' button is located at the bottom right of the dialog box.

6.16. Sign Out

To log out of the system, click the **System Configuration** icon (Cog) to display the drop-down menu, then select **Sign Out**.

Note: This option is not available when SAML is configured for your system as VOSS Insights does not support sign out when SAML is enabled. See [SAML Tab](#). To bypass SAML authentication, you can set `nosaml=true` in the URL.

7. Dashboard Maintenance

7.1. Backup and Restore the Dashboard

7.1.1. Step 1: Backup

To configure the Dashboard backup, see [Archive](#)

Next steps

- Restore

7.1.2. Step 2: Restore

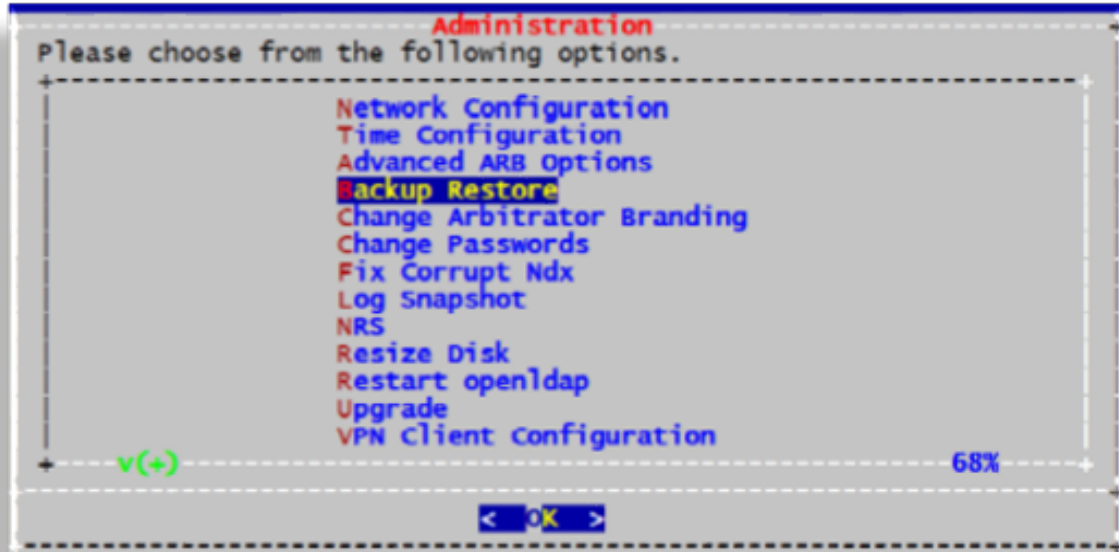
This procedure restores a backup of the Insights Dashboard.

Pre-requisites:

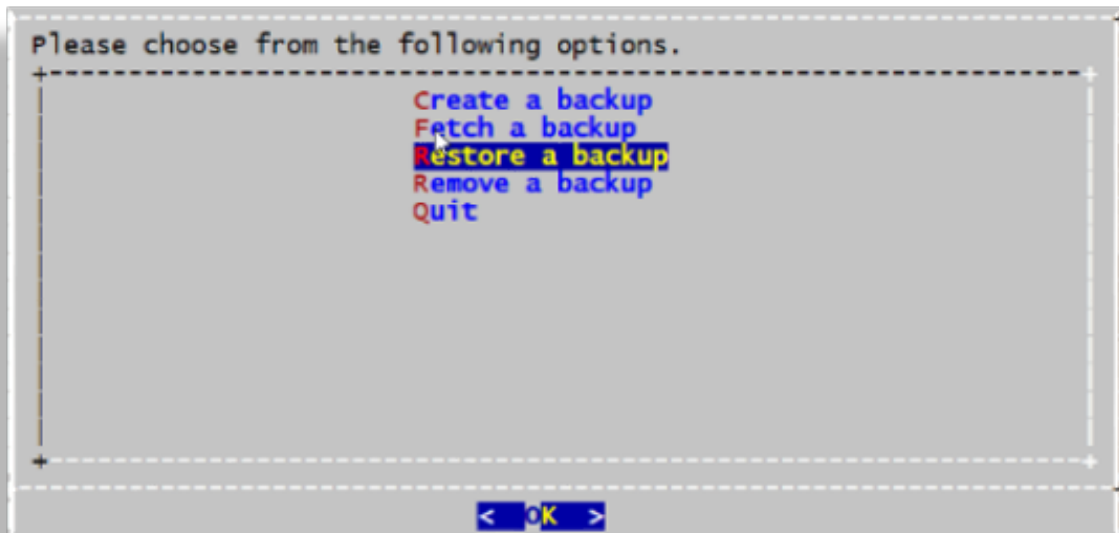
- Backup (see see: [Archive](#))

To restore the Dashboard application from a backup:

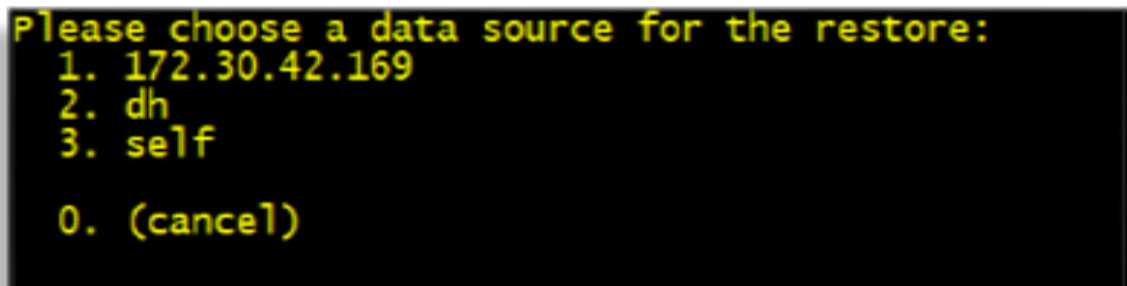
1. Log in to CLI as an admin.
2. Go to **Backup Restore** and click **OK**.



3. Navigate to **Restore a backup**.



4. Select the data source of the backup. This will be either `self` - which is stored locally, or a remote location. The example below has `dh` as an sftp server.



5. Select the data types to restore.

```
self
Please choose a data type to restore:
1. All
2. Avaya
3. CISCO
4. Config
5. DEM
6. Identity
7. NDX
8. Pexip
9. Polycom
10. Themes
11. UHE
12. VDF
13. Webex
14. Zoom
15. DBDATA_ONLY
0. (cancel)
```

6. Select the number of months to restore (0 to 60 or all).

```
self All
self All
How many months of data to restore? (0..60, all)
(no number means cancel)
█
```

7. Confirm the restore.

```
self All 0
Requested data and configurations will be restored.
Existing data and configurations may be replaced/overwritten.
Are you sure you wish to restore the data (y/n)?
```

8. View the message that displays when restore is complete.